

## MONIELLON. Knight of the Oracle, Son to the trie Mirror of Painces,

The Most Renowned

## PERSICLES. King CLASSYRIA.

SHEWING

His Strange Birth, Unfortunate Love, Perilous Adventures in Arms; and how he came to the Knowledge of his Royal PARENTS.

Interlaced with Variety of

Pleasant and Delightful Discourse.

Licens'b and Enter's according to Order.

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### MONTELION



Knight of the Oracle.



Want of Patients, which Robbinson index to foresting the Verme that belongs to the general terms of Morreling and (which is worfe). Peruse of Robert School this tempore fluos. I surple not this, gente Robert, and Stolically and (done Indicates & sofare, but rather Possess a Preliation, how indifferently) I can endure the drover transfer Reports of the Environs. Is for your voice angential that went. I decount it the Santancy where have not reported droven for the Robert School where the shief Greis and whereby feelle Inventions afternoon; the Colois this supported my Endemours; yes, I rection it all my Bang, allow Hience, and allow Good.

Being, When Billanes and allow Good.

And therefore with a favourable Smile, not long fines, you entertained Parlimus and Parlimenos, by elder Off-firing, with for chearful an differ: Now exit your Looks on my Montelion; whole Forwardness to min the lame, you shall perceive nonbing Inferiour to the Promises of the former; alchough by Birth and Course of Time the Tunger. He cannot acquisit you with the Wonders of Chiwatry, with admirable Alls, and doubly Deeds, supported always with a Fairy Suffrage, as was Uliffees in his ten France Venture, by the Aid of Pallim, Tour well-wishing decretaine, and kind Conceit of him, is all the Resompence I ask for my Travel: As I wish no more, so I trust you will no less grant thus, and make my Endeavours Prosperous: dony that, and leave me so Unfortunate, as Hopeless for every of any good Success, as you have been bountiful in groung the unit, so my felf will not be my surrely any near the other, that both seems, and in both, may not only any mean your laying Content, which I hope you as contractly wish but also invise my lasting Content, which I hope you as contractly will.

Your Well-wiffer,

Emanuel Foord

# FAMOUS HIS TORY MONTELION, Knight of the Oracle.

#### C # s e. 1.

How Perficies was created King of Affyria, and crewelled into Perfia, to the Marriage of his Seller Pieta, to the Emperour's Son Delocatus: How he is now enumbered of Confliction, and returned into Affyria.

Nancient king named fine. Ruled the Land of Affirm in great Prace, as well fortunate by the Love withis Subsects, and other ours are Bleffings, as with two fair Children, a son and a Daughter, that after his Death, should increed in he Empire. And it reason Age was now so much grown used him, he found himself wearied and anable to exercise the Care that belonged to the Government of so mighty a Nation; also be beloiding in his Son more than ordinary Gravity, and so sorward a Mind to Vertue, as that he might well commit a Matter of such weight to his Care; he determined to give himself to Rest, (as well agreed with his Age) and therefore could all the Peers of the Land to be allembled. This done, and all let in Parliament, the old King untered his Mind, which was, to Establish his Son Perfeles, in the Kindom. The Peers having perfect knowledge of his Vertues, gave their whole Coasients; and so Perfeles was within sew Days Growned King. Pine having effected this according to his Mind, yet could not be at quiet till he had appointed a Match for his Daughter, besitting her Estate; to further which good Intent, it fortuned that De-

a's Beauty, came into the at left obtained her Good-wil affured of her in the Prefence cause certain Conditions wer ther, the Solemnities of the was performed; and from the ct: which Delorano, with grewith the Confent of his Father Persia, attended by a Number

the Conditions ratified, and the do Delarma Honour. After the Days arrived in the Kingdom or were most honourably entert and the Conditions ratified.

The Solemnization of the Warracte Days; for the Emperour of Personal performed with great Pomps, and Neighbouring Kings as of Acc. A Perform Kinghts made preparation to a great Royalty. Perfole being in the Capitals were likely to be at the Veide Octoments against that Day a crimin Tryal of his Valour at the Tale the King of Arabic, National States. Estate arrived with them, and the Grandwick therein to contain them, To recite a Entertainments. Greatings, States, 66 The Solemnization of the A Entertainments, Greetings to a work with them, would be to be fuch Royal Entertainments as belief a multitude of the Shows and

way made the Ere of a currous and the Marriage beam path and the States fet to behold the Lift was a Perfian Duke, named a Man goodly proportioned; the Perfian Knights, who were pass that came to make Layal pathses of the party of the part verse Party the foremote of ed in Richness according to the Danie

and by long fuit Confeat, being Peers is but be-be Klog his Pa-cired until that pet. Per fiele, the first into as well to fee men, as also to they within few manerour Torfilles

red for certain o have the fame ed many of his the fate. The Brist troom is the troop what we must rich be the Latt in gillant Ladies mef, there was lages; and fuch alght every

ts ended entred the punted, and the rest of tall Stranof so mighty a Country as Affria; whose sight led the Beholders to an Admiration of his evident Perfections: After him followed Norlus, Prince of Natolia, and after him a number of most gallant Knights so richly adorned, as would have perswaded a cowardly Miscreant to have become Valiant; whose particular

Descriptions I omit.

As Perfieles was Chief of the adverse Part, and Duke Ofimus of the Persians, so they two began the Encounter, breaking of their Staves with exceeding great Valour; but Osimus, intending to win the chiefest Honour, for that he was esteemed the best Knight in Persia, had provided Staves of tough Wood, which would not frart with an easie Encounter, one of which he took and ran the fourth time at Perficles; who, unprovided for fuch an unexpected Affault, was overturned, and his Steed tumbling, fell upon him; that with the Fall, for a time, he remained without Sense. The Emperour of Persia, and the rest, being much afraid that he was flain, came running from the Scaffold to take himup, carrying him forth of the Lifts to be unarmed; amongst the rest his Sifter Piera, used her utmost Endeavour to recover him; with whom likewife was a gallant Company of Ladies to affift her, but chiefly the Empress of Persia, and her youngest Daughten Confrantia, as more regarding him by reason he was Brother to Piera, and most of all lamented his Mishap.

Perficies, finding himself somewhat recovered, at the first opening of his Eyes, fixed them on Constanta, which by reason he was not fully revived, sood still fixed upon the first Object, as it were with affectionate Earnestness, which caused an exceeding

Blush to rise in her Cheeks.

But now feeing fuch a Number about him, he was amazed and half affiamed of his Foyl, faid, I befeech you, leave me to my felf, and fee the reft of the Turnament, for I have no harm: with that he ftarted upon his Feet, and fetching a deep Sigh, departed; they were all much glad at his Safety, and so leaving him to be attended by two Knights, they departed to the Scaffolds, and again took their Places to behold the reft of the Turnament.

Perfices was exceedingly vexed, that he had received such a Difgrace, and in the Presence of such an honourable Assemble; most of all, for that he understood Ofmus's Intent; and presently buckling on one of his Knight's Armour, mounting himself, entred the Lift again; by which time the Tilt was almost ended,

and the Persian Knight bare away the Prize: But Persicles, then unknown, flood ready at the Race's end for the next Encounter. against whom the Persian Knight ran, but so far to his Disgrace, that he tumbled with his Heels upwards; with that every one began to wonder who it should be, and the People gave an exceeding Shout: then another Persian met him, whose Fortune was much like the former; for, his Steed flymbling, with the force of the Encounter, they both fell down. A Knight of Persia, who that Day had won great Honour by his Valour, feeing that, would needs be the next to meet him, thinking to Revenge his Country Mens Difgrace; but at the first Race, they could not perform it, for they passed by without any other Odds, but breaking their Staves most gallantly; and running again, the Persian's Fortune was so bad, that he was overthrown. time the Day was ended, and the Judges ready to depart; but Ofmus entreated that he might break one Staff with the Stranger. which they granted. Perficles well knew him, resolutely determining to give or take the Foyl: both of them met with such Terrour, that the Earth seemed to shake; and Osimus, notwithfanding his great Strength, was by Perficles overthrown, to fave his Honour and requite his Discourtese; with that the People gave fuch Shouts, as made all the Palace to ring with the found: Then Perficles discovered himself, which made every one to rejoyce and wonder at his Valour.

Perficles being unarmed, accompanied the Emperour of Perfia, the King of Natolia, and the rest; having that Day won such -Honour, as made him more highly effeemed; and coming to falute his Sifter Piera, he suddenly espied Constantia; thinking he had before feen that fweet Countenance, but he could not remember where, which cast him into such a deep Study, that he almost forgot himself. After he had saluted the rest, he came to Conftantia, to whom he faid, Fair Lady, either I have beheld your Beauty and that fweet Countenance in some other Country, or in some Vision, for my Mind perswadeth me, that I should perfectly know you; for I am fure, this is not the first times! have feen you, which makes me thus bold, to demand of whence you are, if it be not offensive unto you. Sir, (replied Conffanria) it may be I am but an imperfect Shadow of her you so perfeetly remember, for until this Day, I never faw you; which maketh me suppose, you do but take Occasion of course to commend me, that deserve no such matter; neither shall it offend

me, nor I deny to shew my Birth, being Daughter to the Emperour of Persia, but for many Years brought up in Arabia. Pardon my Boldness, quoth Persicles for I would not offend you; neither do I think you a Shadow, but a persed Subastace; and not to resemble any but your self; for there can be no Beauty that excels yours, which mine Eyes before this time have beheld: or else Nature it self hath imprinted in my Heart, an essential Instinct of Devotion thereto, which perswades me to this Boldness; therefore I humbly desire you not to misconceive me, nor esteem me of so rude a Disposition, as to speak otherwise than my Heart thinks; and to account of me as one that earnessly desires to be better acquainted with you, and will endeavour to make amends for my Offence given, offering my self, and all that is mine to be at your Disposition; which said, he left off further speech, for he saw others attend to hear what he said.

At Night Confiantia being in her paivate Chamber, called to remembrance Perficles's Speeches, marvelling why he should say that he had seen her before, which she knew could not be; but remembring how earnestly he beheld her that Day, when he was scarce revived from his Trance, she thought that might breed such a Perswasson in him, which was so indeed; withal, she called to mind his Comelines, Valour, Estate and Courtesse, which she had before ne ed: all which Remembrances, made her so much forget all other thoughts, that a great part of the Night was overpast; and after she had revived her Senses, she felt such an Alteration, that all the Night she could not rest, delighting in nothing more than to remember him. The like did Persicles, for her Beauty and other outward Graces had so pierced his Heart, that he was enthralled to her Love, and so resolved

to win it.

Early the next Morning he got up, seeking all occasions to speak with her again, but was disappointed all the Forenoon, for she by reason of her little rest in the Night, kept her Chamber, and after Dinner, accompanied the Queen her Mother, and other Ladies, whereby he was that Day disappointed: The next Morning likewise he arose, studying how to come to her speech; for his Affection was so great, as no thought contented him so well as her remembrance: but before he could bring to pass what he most desired, there arrived Messengers from Association, certifying him that his father was dead, and that their antient Enemy the King of Armenia, had entred the Land, and destroyed many

of his Subjects; defiring him in all hafte to return, for in his Abfence, the Affyrians feemed like mad Men without Courage.

Perfects hearing this unexpected News, was exceedingly aftonished, both with Delire to fave his Country, and also to profecute his Love; the one perswading him to stay, the other to hasten his departure; the one being as dear to him as his Life, the other as dear as Life, Country and all; for without obtaining of that, he thought he could not live, being so much perplexed, that he could not resolve what to do. At last the special Regard of his overcame his Heart, and reviv'd him with a manly Courage to Revenge, so that he commanded all things to be prepared for his sudden Departure; and going to his Chamber he got Pen and link, and writ as followeth:

#### To the most Fair Constantia.

Most Beloved Constantia,

Though my Country's Preservation occasioneth my sudden Depar-ture, yet my Love to your Perfection, importuneth me to solicite your gentle Ears with thefe rude Lines: I cannot, with any colourable Phrases, hadow a perfect Meaning, nor with painted Eloquence decipher my true Love: but in the truest fort manifest my constant Affection to your Verenes, which unless you grace with some Favour, will be my endless Torments; I have long defired to make the same manifest auto you, but I was disappointed, and my unexpested Departure bath now shut me from your Presence, whereby I shall live in continual Care: Notwithstanding I humbly befeech you, in my unwilling Absence, to esteem me your faithful and true devoted Servant, and one that hath vowed himself ever to be yours, whose Welfare confiseeth in your Courtesie; the Hope whereof shall preserve my Life until my Recurn, which my constant Love will cause me to baften; desiring you, though I be absent, not to forget me, nor for my listle Deferts to reject me, but let me be so much bound to your Vertues. as to conceive well of me; fo hall my Joys be lengthened, my unhappy Life preserved, and my Good-will and constant Loyalty highly rewarded. So, with Sorrow, I take my Leave;

Yours inseparably, Perficles.

Having writ this Letter, he found out his Sister Piera, to whom he said, Dear Sister, the Sorrows that cause my Departure come to suddenly, as that I cannot stand long to confer with you; therefore that I build upon the Assurance of your Love, Secrete and Assistance, I will unfold to you the Secrets of my Heart, and

that which none but your left shall know. So it is, that Confiantia's Beauty hath enamoured my Eyes, and I remain so much enthralled thereto, that unless she pity me, I am but cast way: I desire your Assistance therein, whereby you may preserve my Life. I have writ this Letter unto her, which I desire you to deliver, and withal to use such Speeches in my behalf, as shall seem best in your Wisdom; for I assure you, unless at my return, which shall be shortly, I find her favourable, my Sorrows will shorten my Days: then, good Sister, shew your Love to me in this. Piera promised her utmost Assistance, and so, with many Tears on each side, they parted.

The News of his Departure was foon spread through the whole Court, and came to Constantia's hearing, who left her Chamber, thinking to have a sight of him, which some Sparks of Love, being kindled in her tender Breast, provoked her unto. After all Farewels were past, he espeed her in Company with other Ladies, to whom he came, and among the rest of them all, only took his Leave of her with a sweet Kiss, breathing forth a bitter Sigh at the Parting, which every one noted; some taking the same is Disdain, and others marvelling that he regarded her above them all, wich made the Blood rise in Constantia's Cheeks, and the Water swell in her Eyes.

CHAP. II.

How Helion Frince of Arabia, crost the Love between Perficles and Constantia: Of a Battle fought between Perficles and the King of Armenia, and how he discovered himself to Constantia.

Is Departure caused a Sadness throughout the Court, for indeed he was the Beauty thereof, so excellent was his Person, and so commendable his Qualities. Piera betaking her self to her Chamber, lamented his Absence with private Tears, until Deloratus sound her out, and caused her, with comfortable speeches, to give over that Grief. The King of Natolia likewise with most of his Nobles and Knights that came to the Solemnization of the Wedding, were departed, except Prince Helion, son to the King of Arabia, the Occasion of whose Stay, was to erave Constantia in Marriage, assuring himself of her Love, by reason of the Familiarity that had been betwixt them in his Father's Court, which indeed by her former Kindness he might be in some assurance of, though not by any Promise she had made

him; which motion he made to the Emperour of Persia, who effeeming so honourably of him, regarding his Birth, and most of all desiring to be allied to the Arabian King, gave his Confent; which was fully concluded and agreed upon, before it

came to Constantia's knowledge.

Prince Helion having this Affurance, with a merry Heart fought out Constantia, intending to reveal the same to her, and according to his wonted kind of Familiarity began greet her: in whom he found such an Alteration, that he wondred thereat; saying, My dear Constantia, this unexpected Unkindness in you, whom I esteem as my most chosen Friend, maketh me admire, whereas I had thought to have enjoyed your Love without Interruption: Upon Considence of your Courtesse, I have moved your Father's Consent to our Marriage, who hath yielded thereto; then I befeech you, darken not both yours and my Joys with these misty Clouds of Care, which will fill my Heart with Sorrow; but rather encrease your Kindness both to mine and your Comfort.

Configuria's Countenance bewrayed the angry Motions of her Heart, caused by his Speeches, that she had much ado to refrain from shedding Tears; yet, with a Colour as red as Scarlet, she gave him this Answer: Prince Helion, if that be true which you tell me, I cannot chuse but wonder at your Folly, that would without assurance of my Love, make such a Motion; think you my Assections are to be limited according to your Disposition? For my part, I disclaim such Interest, and renounce such Affections, for I never intend any such matter, nor ever did you demand the same; Then, my Lord, be you satisfied with this, for

I never did, nor will give my Confent.

Helion heating this Answer, was nipt on the Head, being struck with such Grief, that he could not tell what to say; but at last replyed, Constantia, I confess I have done you Wrong in adventuring so far without Consent; but yet, for that I have not thereby dishonoured your Name, or otherwise injured you, I humbly crave Pardon, desiring you to ratise that which I have by your former Courtesse, assured my self of; and let not my Over-boldness alienate any part of your Good-will; for you know that my Affections have remained inviolably constant many Years, and I have attended your liking with such Fervency, as you may be resolutely assured of my Truth. Then I beseech you, be not displeased with me, but according to your wonted-Kindness, accept me in your Favour. My Lord, (replyed she)

I cannot deny but that your Good-will hath exceeded my Deferts, for which I thank you; and withal, that I have always esteemed you, which likewife I would have done still, but now that Opinion is altered; neither can I be induced to conceive well of him that would do me such manifest Injury as you have done; therefore pray be contented with that Favour you have had, for my Affections are otherwise imployed, and my Heart utterly disagreeing I to the Motion you have made. With that the espyed Piers in the Garden coming towards her, to whom she went down, saluting her most kindly. Piera though now to have delivered her Brother's Letter, but by reason there was divers in the Company, the could not then perform it; after a while they left each of ther; Piera returning to her Chamber, and Constantia to a secret place in the Garden, where the uttered these Meditations: What contrarious Disquites are these that possess the Center of my Heart? What Inconveniences am I like to run into? How shall I avoid Blame for the one, and reap Content by the other? How unkindly hath Prince Helion used me! to make this mention to my Father, whose Disposition must not be crost without hazard of much Disquiet? My Kindness to whom hath caused this overfond Conceit of himself, and brought me into much Trouble: I could have loved him before I came to the fight of Perficles, whose Gifts are so far exceeding his, that whereas my Heart loved him, the Thought of that Love is now most grievous; wherein I may do my self great Wrong, for in hope of his Affection, I refuse Helion's Love, which may deprive me of both, purchase my Father's heavy Displeasure, and my own perpetual Discontent. Revolving a Chaos of these and such like confused Cogitations, which overcame her Senses with their Ambignity. with a heavy and discontented Vein she went to her Chamber, thinking there to consider of every Particular at full; where the found Piera all alone staying her coming in, who foon espyed that Constantia had wept, whereupon she took occasion to say as followeth: My beloved Sifter, I am forry to fee you in this heavy and fad Vein, alwayes finding you either fad or weeping; which maketh me wonder, and defire to know the Caufe, as one willing in any fort to counsel you, and comfort you with my uttermost Assistance: I have of purpose entred your Chamber to have some Conference in private with you, being a Messenger fent to you by my Brother Perficles, who I know loveth you dearly; who by me humbly commendeth himself unto you, being

ing forry that his fudden Departure was fuch, that he could not before his going, do you that Service you deferve, withat defired me to deliver you this Letter. Confrantia, without Reply, received the Letter, and read the same; which when she had done, the faid, Dear Sifter, I thank you for taking this pains to come to me, and not rather to have fent for me, that reft at your Command: And also, I thank that worthy King Perficles, that he will vouchfafe me that undeferved Favour, as to esteem well of my Unworthiness, to whom I am bound in all honourable Respects: But how unfit am I to entertain Love, your felf would judge, if you knew my Estate: which, upon assurance of your Seerefie, I will unfold: Prince Helion, vainly prefuming he was affured of my Favour, hath asked my Father's Confent to a Marriage betwixt him and me, which he hath granted unto; But the Heavens can testifie, it is disagreeing to my Heart, and altogether without my Confent, which he shall never attain, what Danger soever I incurr thereby; which if Perfiches did understand would foon alter his Mind; therefore it is best for his Quiet, not to place his Affections on me fo unworthy, but fet me alone to endure the Affliction that is like to enfue.

I know (quoth Piera) that my Brother's Love is fo constant that nothing can alter the same which he related to me at large; which makes me testifie the Assurance thereof, which would you but accept of, or give me some comfortable Hopes in his absence. I should think my felf bound to you for ever, and to have done him a great Pleasure ; for nothing but the happy Tydings of your Favour can comfort him. The Emperour will not compel you to marry Helion, when he understandeth that you are otherwife bent, for that were Cruelty; and I think Helion himself beareth not fo dishonourable a Mind, as to feek your Love by Constraint, for that were Inhumanity: But would you yield to like of my Brother's Love, who in every way is as good as the Prince of Arabia, the knowledge thereof would foon make him return to ask your Father's Confent, which may peradventure fland as well affected to him, as to Prince Helion. Ah me! (faid Confiancia) Sifter, I need not doubt to reveal my Secrets to you. that I know, for Perficiers fake will conceal them: I confess without furthur Circumstances, that I love that noble King Perficies, which is the Cause of this Disquiet; nordid my Fancy ever yield the least Conceit of liking Helion's Love, which I took to be rather grounded upon common Familiarity than Bretence of Mar-

riage :

riage: therefore now that you affored of that which you request. I beleech you not to conceive amils of my rash Cofession, nor esteem my Love light, because of so short continuance, for it is immoveable; but rather comfort my poor disquieted Heart with your Counfel how to avoid these Inconveniences; and if that worthy Knight be to affected towards me; as your Speeches and this Letter affirm, I would wish his return might be speedy, otherwise my Sorrows will be endless; for I know my Father's Nature to be fuch, that whatfoever he will have, must be performed, though Equity would per wade the contrary. Grieve not fo much (quoth Piera) with premeditated Conceit of Fear, which peradventure will never come to pass. I will presently fend Letters to my Brother, who shall carry such News, as will comforthis Heart, and cause his speedy return: In the mean time I will make Delorates acquainted with Helion's Practice, and Perficles's Love, who shall perswade all that may be, not to confent to Marry you against your will? Be then of good comfort. and in affurance of Perficler's Loyalty, let no Fear disquiet your Senses, or impair your Health, for Things now at the worst may have a good End : These Speeches ended, they departed.

All this while Helion was meditating how to haften the Marriage: but most of all to find the cause of Constantia's Discontent, which he thought was aggravated against him, by some good Conceit which the had lately entertained of some other than himfelf, which made him Profecute the fame with more fervency, dealing so effectually with the Emperor, that he swore Constantia should be ruled by him, and thereupon the next Day fent for her, to whom he faid: Daughter, I think it is not anknown to you, that I have promised you in Marriage to Prince Helion, one that is every way worthy to Match with you, both for nobleness of Birth, vertuous Qualities, and comeliness of Person: withal, I am given to understand, that you like not my Choife, nor efteem my Command, which of you neglect, you shall not only displease me, but lose my Favour for ever; for as you are mine, I purpose to dispose of you, but if you refuse my Counsel, refuse me too, for I will not regard a disobedient Child; The manifold Reasons I could alledge, that perswade me to the Confirmation of this Contract, are of such Weight; as I might feem careless of your Welfare, and your felf envious of your own good, to depy them: Therefore let me know your Answer.

Constancia well knew that if she denied, he would be offended, and his froward Nature was so much disposed to Wrath, that before she could speak, she shook for fear; yet resolving to hazard the worst, humbling her self upon her Knees she made this Answer. My reverend Duty to you, most loving Father, perswadeth my consent to falsil your Command, though my Love binds me to the contrary, that I stand perplexed between two Extreams; the one fearing to offend you, the other to procure my everlasting Discontent; for in refusing to do according to your will, I shall incurr your Indignation, and in performing the same, my everlasting Sorrow, for as yet, my Heart could never yield to Love that worthy Prince, who is far too worthy to be Matcht with me; most humbly befeeching you to consider, that forced Love never breeds Content, but Disquiet, which with Helion, will be my Portion, therefore I beseech you, revoke

your Determination.

Isit even fo? (quoth he) shall my Command be Countervailed by your previlh Conceit? Is this the regard you gave to my good Will? Are you Wifer than I? or are you willing to Difplease me? shall my will stand at your Direction? Is this the Duty you owe to your Father? Or fear you no more to offend me? Have I so carefully brought you up, and tenderly regarded you for this? Henceforth never come in my Sight, for I will not esteem thee as a Child, but as a Bastard; and withal, I vow. that if thou dost not yield to Marry him, use him kindly, and apply thy Devotions to his liking, I will use thee in such a fort, that all Perfia shall lament thy Case. Having given her this bitter Reproof, he departed, leaving her Weeping, the fountain of her Eyes dry, wringing her Hands, and like one in a dead Trance. overcome with Grief, cast upon the Earth. The first that entered the Room was Helion, who feeing her in that Agony, took her by the Hand to have raised her from the Ground; but she refusing his help, uttered these Speeches. Until this time I always esteemed honourably of you, but now my good opinion is altered, for that you feek only my Torment: My Father hath given me charge to Marry with you, which I must, against my Heart, fulfil, but be affored never to possess my Love, for that I have bequeathed to another, only my outwad Parts may be yours. but my inward Affections shall continually esteem you as the only occasioner of my endless Miseries; with that the arose from the ground and departed, leaving him there as one aftonished.

Piera

Piera made Confrancea's Estate known to Deloratus; who fo far as he durft, perswaded her Father not to constrain her to Marry the Prince: but fuch Wilfulness passified him, that the more they entreated him, the more contrarious he was, and therefore appointed the Day for the Marriage to be within two Months. and defiring the King of Arabia's Confent, he fent Ambaffadours

to that Effect.

Piera hearing this, prefencty fent Mellengers into Affria, to certifie Perficles of all that had happened; and withal, writ a Letter which contained the whole sum of Constantia's Consent to his Love; who withal Deligence haftened until they arrived there being prefently conducted into his Prefence : After he had most kindly embraced them, he demanded how Piera did, and what Message they had brought from her? Whereupon they delivered the Letters they had brought; which when he had read. he Commanded the Knights to give the Messengers honourable Entertainment, and departed to his Tent: one way so much comforted, and another way so deeply troubled, that he sat

down in a Study, not knowing what to refolve upon.

When he had a long space meditated, with what contrarities his Fortunes were croft, the danger his Country was in, howlikely he was to lose Canstantia, and how difficult to attempt her Pallion, and many other; at last he thought his Life should be nothing without her Love; and therefore he fully resolved time to attain it, but it feemed unpossible, which way to accomplish the fame. For first the Armenians War hazarded his Kingdom, whom he could not fuddenly expel : Next to attempt to win her by force, that could not be, for the Perfian was to mighty, Lastly, delay might breed a greater Mischief than all the rest; then calling unto him two of his chiefest No-bles, the one named Parenue, a wife Coulellor, the other Thrurem, a noble Warrior, he uttered his mind to them, faying, I have fent for you, as the Men I must respect and trust, being determined to commit to your Charge the Government of my Kingdom, for that weighty Bulinels, and fuch as concerns my ever-Velfare, must for a Scalon withdraw me: And for that lasting I am folly affored of your Loyalty, I will use no Exhortation to perswade you thereto, but order the same in this fort: Thrurerefembling me much, both in Proportion and Countenance, shall in my absence take my Room; whom the People will assuredly take to be my left and so governthem with more ease, and

you Parenus, by your Wildom, order all things according thereto. Thus you know my Mind, which I doubt not but you will accomplish in every Respect according to my Delire. They first intreated him not to depart, but when they saw nothing could prevail, they swore they would faithfully Execute what he had given them in Charge: and likewise told them, that he would depart within three Days, which he deferred so long, by reason the second Day the Armenians and Assyrians should meet; having ended his Conference with them, he returned to the Meffengers that came from Pagla, sending Letters to Piera, which gave her knowledge that he would be there suddenly.

The prefixed Day for the Battle was now come, and both Armies met, betwixt whom there was a terrible fight, and many thoulands on both fides Slain: The Armenians greedy of their Enemies overthrow, followed them fo eagerly, that they began to found a Retreat: Perfices feeing that, left the Place of his Government, and with his Lance ready couched, met an Armenian Duke so full, that he pierced the fame quite through his Body, then drawing his Sword, with the fame the flew the next, and after him, wounded others; that within a white he need such Slaughter amongst them, that they avoided the Place of his Sight, and thought themselves belt that were surface of him. Thus valorously did be Parsie them; till he was unawares in the midst of their Army, which Advantage the King of Armenia. espeed, and thinking his lase within his Power, range him with a lance, pointed with Steel, but it mist him, and Parsiels seea Lance, pointed with Steel, but it mist him; and Corfictes fee-ing him, met so full with the pummeLof his Sword against his Breast, that had not his Sword yielded, he had broke his Back; with that the Armenians affailed him round about with fuca unequal Odds, being a multitude to one, that fometimes they
were thruit to near upon him in the Throng, that they swayed
him up and down, those that came next him died by the Sword, their dead Bodies falling down between his Steed's Legs, which made him lay about with fach Fury, that he foon made them give way. In the mean time, whill the most part of the Battle were bent to destroy him, the Assyria had made such a slaughter amongst the out-wings of the Army, that most of them were flain, and the reft fled, Thrurem fearing Perfiches's Harm, for that he missed him, with his Followers, foon found him out, and by that Means rescued him from the

ing scarse able to with hold himself from stambling o're the dead Carcasses of those whom he had slain, Thrusens soon got him remounted, and then both of them pursued their Enemies so sercely, that they began to sly; and had not the Day then ended; they had all been destroyed, which caused Persicles to sound a Retreat, and betake him to his Tent, having that Day done such Deeds at Arms, as made both his own Subjects; and the Armenia's admire him:

Farly the next Morning word was brought him, that his E-nemies were all fled, and not any of them to be found in the Camp, having left all their Riches behind them; which much rejoyced Perfects to hear, for that they should be no hindrance to his Journey, and commanded his Souldiers to take the Spoil, and bury the Dead; and because he had received never a mortal Wound, he determined the next Day to depart, which he acquainted Parenus and Thruress withal, requesting them not to

discover his Absence till his return.

Having ordered every thing according to his Mind, the next Morning he departed, attiring himself like a Palmer, with a fraff in his Hand, which difguife shadowed him from Knowledge. that he past his own Court-gates undiscerned, which affured him. that if his own Subjects and Servants knew him not, muchlefs would Strangers, that he passed without fear of being discovered. In this fort did he Travel, thinking it no Pennance to take Pains to find out his Love, until he arrived in Persia, yet not. knowing which way to accomplish his Intent, or come to the Speech either of Piera or Confiamia, for he was a Stranger, being denyed to enter the Court-gates, where he stayed attending his good Fortune some three Days; but as far from hopes then, as at his first coming, that he was so tormented in his Thoughts that he could not tell what to do. The next Day he heard that the King should go forth a Hunting, which made him presently suppose (for that the Park was so near the Court) the Ladies likewise would fee the Pastime, hoping by some means or other to give one of them Knowledge of his Arrival; then he writ a Letter. the Contents thereof were thefe.

#### To Constantia, or Piera.

THESE I write to either of you, my Forume being doubtful to whom I

from deliver this: The Palmer shat delivered this Letter, is Persicles,

sicies, that desireth to speak with one of you; for he saith, you are both as dear to him as his own Soul. Attending a happy Hour, Lend, Persicles.

The next Day, according to his Hopes, the Ring and Queen. Deloratus, Piera, Helion, and Constantia, and many others came forth, whom Persieles soon espyed, and well noting Constantias's Countenance, perceived the same to be darkned, as if she had been fully possessed with Discontent; who coming near him, (for he stood so as they must pass by him) casting her Eyes upon him, beheld him foearnestly, that she almost forgot her felf, feeling her Heart to throb with unwonted Motion, that the let fall her rich Scarf, most curiously Embroydered; which occasion Perficles from efficed, as waiting for fuch an Opportunity, took up the Scarf, and with a great Reverence gave it her, conveying the Letter closely therein, that the foon efpyed the fame, wherewith her Heart began to pant; and viewing the Superscription, found it directed to her, or Piera, that closely she put the same in her Bosom, lest Helion or any else should espy it till the could find Opportunity to read it. By this time the Game was rouzed, and all but the alone followed the Pastime with Earnestness; which she beholding, withdrew her felf with one of her Ladies, and read the Letter, the which affected her Heart with lov and Fear; that fometimes her Heart leap'd with the one, and her Eves stood ready to over-flow with Tears with the other; prefently following the Company until the overtook Piera, to whom the faid, Sifter, did not you behold the Palmer that flood in the Way as we came by the Palace-wall? Yes, (quoth the) And do not you know him? faid Conframia? It is your Brothen Perficles.

With that she smiled, saying, How can that be, or what maketh you to think so? With that she pulled out the Letter, and bad her read it; which when she had done, she said, Constantia he is worthy to be kindly used, having travelled so far on Foot to see us. Yea, (quoth Constantia how can we come to speak with him? Or how may we give him that Welcome his Worthiness deserveth, that for my unworthy self, hath undertaken to hazard his Royal Person in Travel? Let me alone, (quoth Piera) and the better to avoid Suspicion, use Helion somewhat more kindly than heretofore you have done, that his Mind may be void of Jealousse, for I perceive when you come in any Place or Company, he hath a vigitant Everyer was And

And calling to her a Damsel named Dela, one that was prive to all her secret Counsels, to whom she said; Go thy way, and find out the Palmer that thou sawest as we came, for it is Persicles, conduct him into the Camber, where let him stay till I return; and if any one ask thee what he is, tell them he is of Assiria, and bringeth me News from the King, my Brother.

Dela hasted and soon found him out, reverently saluting him, and called him by his Name, which made him marvel that she knew him, until she delivered her Message, which he was ready to fulfil, as the only thing he desired: And having brought him into the Court which she did without Contradiction, she returned to certise her Mistris thereof whom she met with Constantia, and some sew before the rest returning to the Court being desirous to see Persicles, who now entered the Palace, were soon espeed him, which affected of his Heart with such Content as it seemed to ravish his Senses

Conflantia was possessed likewise with such contrarious Passions, sometimes of Fear, Joy, Bashsulness, Desire, and modest Love, that her Heart seemed to dissolve, and all the Arteries of her Body wrought with internal and strange Motions: By this time they were ascended the Stairs, and Persieles ready to meet him, who first saluted Piera, (as reserving the best for the last) which he personned superficially, in the respect of the Behaviour he used to Constantia, whose Modesty made her blush, whilst he becreaved her of a sweet Kiss, who, with as mild a Countenance, as

if Modesty her self had been there, she bad welcome.

Most divine Lady, quoth he, I cannot express my thankfulness by outward Means, for that my Heart wisheth, and intendeth more good to you, than my Tongue can utter, being so far bound to you (in respect of my stander and small Deferts) for your effecting well of me, that I shall never be able to discharge the Debt: And although they have little cause, by reason of the small proof you have heard of my Fidelity, to yield me Love, yet if my faithful Vow may satisfie you, and my plighted Promise of continual Constancy assure you, shall find me both constant in Love to you, faithful to deal honourably with you, and Loyal, not intending to do any thing that shall be disagreeable to your Will.

My Lord, (faid Confrance) in full Assurance of your good Meaning, my Heart willingly affecting you more then any other, without further delay, I yield my felf up your to Disposition, desiring you not to misconceive me? And though I am unworthy of such ac-

count as you make of me, my Possession being linked to so many Inconveniences; yet since it is your deare to have it so. Fam ready to be ruled according to your Directions.

Piera then faid, Let further Conference for this time cease, because I hear of the King's Return; and for this Night I will provide for my Brother's Security, with whom I will confer about

this Bufinels, until you may conveniently meet again.

This faid, Perficies took his Leave of Constancia, with many ceremonious Farewels, each Party interchanging their Hearts, fuch perfect Love was between them. Farites went to a fecret Chamber to meditate; Piera to accompany her Husband, and Constantia with an outward merry, (though inwardly heavy) Heart to welcome Helion.

CHAP. III.

How Constantia disquised her self, and deported the Emperour's Courts with Persicles.

WIthin this place stay'd Perfieles, to long without Means how to accomplish his define, which was to convey away Confantia, that the prefixed Day for the performance of the Martiage approached near, which drove them to their utmost shifts,

that now or never it was to be done.

Constantia coming to Piera's Chamber, with an heavy Heart, and watry Eyes, demanded whether they had yet determined how she should escape? but hearing them make no Answer, said thus: My Lord, since the sear you have I should be discovered, and so dishonoured, maketh you wavilling to have me stazard my self: The time of my pretended Wedding now draweth nigh, which I most althor, because I Love none but your self: provide but for your own Departure out of the Gourt, without being discovered, and stay for me in the Evening under the Mirtls-tree by the Palacewall, and thither will I assuredly come to you; and by what Means, as yet I know not.

Perficies was glad to hear her Speeches, but he was much troubled in Mind, that his minfortune was fuch, that could not carry her from thence, without the her felt double hazard her escape alone: Nevertheless, seeing her forwardness, which was an infallible token of her contancy; with many thanks and farewells, until their happy meeting again, they parted, with such careful Hearts, and outward signs of Sorrow as was sufficient

to have made the hardest Heart of any remoricles Beholder to

Perfices from departed, and without desturbance (for in that Habit he was not known) and from got to the Mirtle-tree, whereunder he lat down, and attered many Invocations for his Love's fortunate Escape; that she alone should endure this Hazad, but what the strength did follow should be born by him.

fortunate Escape; that she alone should endure this Hazad, but whatsover Extremity did follow, should be born by him.

Constants being in her Chamber with Dela, many thoughts possessed her Fancy, and fundry Devises were soon invented, and as soon out of content, that many she bethought her of, but none of them seemed currant. At last, looking out of a Window, she espeed a Country Damier enter the outer Court of the Palace, with a Parker on her court on the Palace, with a Basket on her Arm, wherein were Grapes, which the came of purpole to prefent unto Constantia for their Fairness, being a Gift worthy of Acceptation. The Porter knowing her mind, fent her to the Princes's Chamber with a Gentleman. Configuria seeing that the came to her, caused her to come in received her Present most graciously: The Gentleman being departed, Dela, by Conference's appointment, led the Maid into a fecret Chamber's telling her, that it was her Miftres's Pleasure fo much to grace her, that she should attend on her, and not return to her father's House. The Daniel being glad of that Preference, gave her many Thanks: Dela then caused her to put off her own Apparel, and put on Constantia's; which done, he less here put off her own Apparel, and put on Confiantia's; which done, the left her, and carried her housely Weeds to Confiantia, which the prefently put on, difrobling has felf of her rich Ornaments, and caltinguable all other Care, but only how to attain her Love; And the Evening being come. (the time of her everlafting Weal, or Wo) the took the Damiel's Basket on her Arm; and first, with many Farewels to Dela; Commendations to Piera, and heavy Sight to leave her Panents, not knowing what Misfortine might betal her, with Water standing in her Eyes, which to her utmost power she refrained, did go down the Stairs, and thence into the Court, behaving her felf so decently, that none that met her, had any thought but that she had been a perfect Country Damiel; and so she passed until she came to the Porter, who knowing of her owning in, denyed not to let her out. Confinite having rassed this far without Suspect, thought not to be long in going to the appointed Place, but Fear and Hope hastening her from the Sumetimes ran, and sometimes went, and thea

had got a fight of the Tree, where, uniter the thinks he seed her Love; who afar off beheld her, but in that Hable sneed her and; to whom the approached for high, there are, noting her well knew her, and imbraced her in her Arms, feying. My destrift Love, A thoufand times retione, and more defined of me than all the Riches in the ware. For ever finit this Day be bleft and the Hour of this out happy meeting accounted so thinks; feel and the Hour of this out happy, and capy their most defired Content; and let this Tree, whereforever growing, be efficiented above all others, for that it was the appointed Place of our Meeting; Let the Evening blace most pleasant time for Covers meeting; and let all thole be fortunate in their Meetings, whole Hearts in bour true Love. My Dear (quoth he) I cannot express the Joy my Heart conceives at your Persons for my take; being likewife as forry that I have no place of Sentrity to carry you unto; for in this Place we must not tay long; therefore let us depart the nearest way to Affirm, and Fortune, that hath showed her felf to gentle, may favour he with more happy Soccess.

My Lord (quoth Confunta) now that I have attained your Pretence, I have found the Harbor I expected, where my Heart shall reft; what hereafter you shall intend. I will be so well constructed with, as your felf; thesetore direct your steps what war you please, I will be a you Generally.

For fatts his Heart was glid to be keep so chearful, that folding his Arms in here, the Night being new amproached, they walked along. She by the way discouring on the manner of her Estape.

To relate the Conference between their continues to be the most, here the most, here the most interestines are so tedious, but the most, have at the continues are so to the manner of here. ot a fight of the Tree, who

To relate the Conference between them were tho tedious, but the most past of the Might they come and structiling to fall as Conference's debter have would court her powho, though det accustomed to fuch taious, yet estimate the fame for change fully, as it had been a Wouldes to behold; but at infrarring in a folicary Place, where feldom any frequence dive Shepherds are Night being far french and Conference weren, they feated themselves down upon a Bank and their places being flow forces.

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Can be seen to the was out of Hope to attain in those solitary Wasts: and riving up to rear the Elace well, and which way next to traval, he cipyed a shephend's Cottage hard by, to which he and Configurat went, and knocking at the Door, the Shepherd's Wife eather touth, who cipyang such anilooked for Guell's sharted back, Bring, What would you have?

Mothers (laid Parietes) by Wite and I (for so he shought best to call her, to avoid Suspition) travelling towards Alfgree by misforture, Vessenday-night, lost our way, and having wandered up and down all this Night, that we are both weary, especially up Wise, who hash not been used to such Unrest; Our desire is to relt are selves, and get as Food, if it may be, in this place; which Einduces if you will afford us, we will pay you for the Charge we put you to, and within relt thankful.

The Shepherdets noting them well, thought them other than their Habit declared, with shoon his kind Words so much prevailed, that the desired them so come in, telling them that all her Hopele resiled at them Disposition; so they both entered, and willingly sat down to rest themselves: But Perfects asking the old Woman what bleat she had; the told him, the shad none at all; but if it pleased him, the would be ready to fetch any thing the world should have young them in the doule slone; in whose abstence Perfects desired Confiants not to be oftended with him, for saying the was his Wife? For (laid he) should hame young Sifter, or otherwise, it would breed in them some Salpition; withat, they hearing of your sifesipe, which may by some means or other come to their knowledge, will the soone suspent to he ruled by him in any thing, whose sear to be dislovered darined the same. In which place we will an attack to speak of sission.

#### Chat. IV.

Of a mercy Test than bejoi Helion, Prince of Arabia.

el, and carry her force Meet for her Supper, but to closely, none might fee her go out, or in, which Dass performed, telling her where the thould lie, lett her, altering her Garme

refling her where the thould be, tert her, altering her Garments and Attires in such fort, that the knew her not again. The Meid being alone, was soon tempted to take these dainty Mears, for that the was very hungry, thinking her less most happy to be exalted, and daintify fed; and feeing her fost most happy to be exalted, and daintify fed; and feeing her fost most, her hely being this and being at home not used to fit up late, drawing the Contains close about her; the was no fooner laid, but fell asseep.

Helionall that Evening, marvelled he could not see Confimilial butnot seeing Precis, was satisfied, thinking they had been together. When Supper was ended, he determined to see her, and went to Pier's Chamber, thinking to find her there; who told him that she was not there that Afternoon: From thence he went to her Lodgings and finding the Door shut, which being but latch's, he open'd it, and shut it softly again; and, with stealing Steps passed through the first Room unto the next, where he saw a Light burning through the Hangings, which he softly litted sindeand looking into the Chamber, shw no body, but Confimilia's Apparet there, and drawing nigh the Bed, perceived that he was asserbly, and standing by her, as being looth to awake her yet unwilling to leave her, he uttered these Meditations unwilling to leave her, he attered thele Meditations:

Sweet Fortune hath appointed this happy flour in favour of my true Love, that both with Contrancy long attended my Love but n'er was grand with any Firtle of her Favour; which opportunity if I over-flip, it may be I had never attain the like portunity if I over-flip, it may be I had never attain the like. If I hould attempt to aware her, could the be offended? If I mould farther ask her Coulent to possess her Love, could the take it in all part? No, the knows my Love is Loval, and therefore will not be offended. But this feareth me most, I never as yet had any Favour at her hand; She, for ought I see regarded me not, but instead of my Love, repers me with Scorn; wet in that I may be descived: Periodventure the hath used me los to make tryal of me; and also done this to try whether I want like a Coward, for fear of Displeasure, leave the Scaling of the work. Thus taking the Damiel by the Hand, who stept to foundly, that he could hardly awake her, falls, Constants, be not offended with me, it is your faiture tracks easier, that it takes to

ing you to grant me this Favour, both to probable with facturing and let me flay to be your Guardian, which he very boldly he kift the Damiel twice or thrice. The Market he heating his Speeches, was fo amazed, that flie could not fresh; modering many things in her doubtful Brain what he floud be, and some the Princer's had appointed her in that, place; but he my managuinted with the Fathions of the Court, the thought it had been the Couftom there (as the land heard her Father report) for everyone to have a Lover, lay fill, and faid nothing a which animated Helson to finch Confidence, that fathing the Book of extinguishing the Light; and putting off his Apparch, to topt into the Book, and little asking Pardouweth minny humble speeches, are asting with what Confidence, that father all his word in the fortest of the Confidence, that for you have a love of the land how furthally heatnessed for even to love her in the Confidence, whom he bereft of her Virginity, to both their Confidence, and he topoloing file had got a ride and kind Lovert.

Which he had thayed with her follows as to appear, he told her that now, he had they could do, that the Bay began to appear, he told her that now, he had they could do, that he he follows a to a ride and kind Lovert.

Which he had theyed with her follows as to appear, he told her that now, he had theyed langer than he would have done; and took man full roffeliots of her brock the sent, that he who spir her felf the his profelious of her brock the sent, that he who spir her felf the he had the Midd live; and he fundelf the midd from a self-her with many Farces la, the Damiel's Byos formwhat declar with the Sport, laid her down again and flep from a self-her file he had her formwhat it with the profelious of her brock the sent, that he who spir her felf the his profelious of her brock the sent, that he who spir her file he had her of the way again and flep to and the head of the sent of the way and the could have been profess to the file of a managed by the height of the his flesh he wind for any and the could hi boldly he kift the Damfel twice or Guardian s

the Damies made aniwer beneat more more than the Market had not put on this Apparel to desiry, apparel to the Damies inhead of Gosfamia, and been his because the Damies inhead of Gosfamia, and been his because the property of the Damies desired to tell him whether Gosfamia to the Damies had been to do that fland after if the because here means: Soot thou (quoth he) thought not be forest if it is a break pool of the Damies inhabiting healest argan her kneed, sold him all that he kneed; whether he does the particle to the first particle to the fland of the Damies inhabiting healest argan her kneed, sold him all that he kneed; whether he does the them particle to the Gosfamia was less by desired into he could not had the Damies in the health had be been and the Damies in the health had been to find the Damies in the health had been to find the Damies in the health had been to find the Damies in the health had been to find the Damies in the former by I bear to her, will be not to the sold be particle to the former by I bear to her, will be not one and the fetting the country in the former by I bear to her, will be not the sold beyond to prove the State from any, for it is something to the sold here at the State from any, for it is something to the sold here are the State from any, for it is something to the sold here are the sold in figures. The government of the sold here are the sold in the sold here are the sold in the sold here are the sold here. The sold here are the sold here. The sold here are the sold here are the sold here are the sold here are the sold here. The sold here are the sold here are the sold here are the sold here are the s

floud be provided to be a few of the Coart-gates. The emonly in differential fort curred out of the Coart-gates. The Emperour at that there is a great Rage, betaking himfelf to his folitary Chamber, to findy which was the best way to find his Daughter.

Helion pittying the Damfel, being now more in Love with her than ever he was with Gonfacen, called unto him one of his most trustiest Servants, willing him in fecret fort to follow the Maid, and to give her a Purse of Gold, and tell her who sent it, and to conduct her home to her Father's House, that he may know where to find her; which done, he presently went to the Emperour, desiring him specially to send forth Messengers to find Constants, who thinking he had requested him thereunto with his former Pretence of Love, caused awenty of his Knights privately to be brought before him, to whom he declared his Intent, which was, That (without making any privy thereunto) they should that Night depart several Ways in search for his Daughter, the Lady Confacts.

All things being complete according to his Mind, and the Knights having taken their Oaths of Fidelity and Scorefie, and departed, the Emparour reflet, calming his Disquist with formerry a Countenance, as some supposed but that he had remitted all in regard of Countenance, which was so couldn't discountery, before any Qualiforness used as the Knights were disputed after a whore suche Country, before any Qualiforness used as the Anispect

Home Server, Siring of the 1000 overtook the Dimfel, delivering her the Catality and had fant, which the received with many thanks welling her like with that she find fent, his to attend her hope which the reality place of being her Parents Difficulties for her in the long with his which has not at first fight but afterwards was brinked by Admy who learning her Name.

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the Shortent Wife centrathe best wight defing the her Country Falsion; whereon-

in talk with the old Women, until at olight the old Shepherd and his Son came home, who wondred to fee fuch Guelts at his Houle, and fuch Chear as the Fire; who was wont to up with a House, and such Chear as the fire; who was wont to sup with a Crab put into sowre Whig; and calling ande his Wife, before they would enter, demanded what shey were? Hindhard, (quoth she) they came hither in the Morning, defiring me to let them have but House-room; so losing their way, they have wandted about all Night, and so are very weary; they are the kindest People that ever I say; good Husband, bid them Welcome. The good old Man waxed so kind by his Wife's Entreaty, that he came in, telling them they were most heartily Welcome, and that all he had was at thele Command.

Perfects gave them many Thanks, being much comforted with their Kindness, which he found differences to Elumons of Rustick People. Supper-time caded, the old Woman called her Blusband aside, to know where they should lie: Marry, (quoth he) in our own Bed, and we for this time will make some other provision; therefore make the same ready in the best fort you possible can.

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possible can.

Which find, the old Woman went about the same; and the old Man coming to them, find, because I know you not, I cannot tell what Tule to give mito you but less than born of Noble Blood I am fure you are not. I am norty my Wealth affordeth me no better Entertainment to welcome too withall, but such as our homely Cottage yielden, final be at your Disposition; desiring you to accept of our Good-will, instead of better Performance. My Wise is making test a goor Bed, which though homely; yes it is cleanly, we asymp as choice but only that destring you to accept it as the best instance of your own Lodging, therefore we will rather fit up, than disturb you.

Not so, said the old Woman, I have all my Lafe time been brought up to Sandians. An amount of your was a large to which I am ture you cannot it, an amount how a property and the conduct them to the Chamber, which he had dressed so finely with green Rushes, and more recovery, that it was not pleasant, though

The second of the second secon

Configures, seeing them gone, began to blush, to think she must be Perficies's Bed-fellow; which he perceiving, folding her in his Arms, said, Now Configures, you must be a Wife before you are married; which Name you cannot refuse, having given your Consent thereto already: I must of force be your Bed-fellow, unless you would have me lye on the green Rushes; therefore I pray you tell me, whether you are willing to favour me so much or no?

Constantia, betwixt a shamefac'd Bashfulness, and a modest Defire, stood mute, not knowing whether to consent or deny: Sometimes thinking her Denial might disquiet him; and to yield might make him suspect her of Lightness; so that between Fear and Hope, she continued silent, as if she had been over-

come with a deep Study.

Perficles smiling thereat, said, My dear Love, I know with what Motives your Mind is now agitated: If you think it will impair your Honour to be my Bed-fellow, I will rather lose my Life than perswade you thereto; but if you vouchsafe to let me lie by you in most vertuous sort, I protest it shall be no Dishonour to you, nor your Virgin-parity shall not be spotted in the least thought of any unlawful Attempt; wherein if you will trust me, you shall find that I will use you both as beseemeth your Estate, agrees with your Honour, and the vertuous Meaning of a true Friend.

My Lord, (faid Confiance) do not think me fo immodest as to distrust you, or so curious to think it will impair my Name to be your Bed-fellow; only I wish that the Rites of Marriage

were performed, then I were at your Disposition.

Lady, (faid he) what needeth such strict Performance of those outward Ceremonies, which maketh not the Marriage? but those are truly Married, that with united Hearts have plighted Promise of perpetual friendship, electing one another by true Love, and not outward Ceremony; for where true Love is not, there can be no perfect Marriage, though the outward Ceremony be never so devontly performed: therefore, if my Opinion can prevail with yon, we being without means to nie the outward Ceremony, may confirm as true and constant a Contrast between our selves, as though it were established by the Rites of the Church. This also makes me to use these Reasons, fince the Means of the Performance of that being wanting, we may nevertheless procure our Happiness; for who are more happy than those that

live in perfect Love, though never to milerable? For my part, I efteem your Company above all joy, and the Fruition of your Love more dear to me, than a thousand Lives without the same: Then, I beleech you, let my Entreaties so much prevail, that I may with your free Confent possels your Love, for I vow never to Love, or chuse any other than your self.

Confiantia hearing his Speeches, and many other Reasons that he alledged, made this Answer: My Lord, relying upon your Vertues, true Love, and honourable Meaning, I yield to your Request, giving my Consent to be your Wife for ever, desiring you to dispose of me according to your Mind; for you shall find me always obedient to your Command. There Speeches ended with many kind Embraces, they addressed themselves to their Bridal-bed, which refembled such a Bed indeed; for the old Woman had deck'd the Bed with her best Liunen, and other Furniture, fluck the same round about with sweet Roses, strewed the Chamber with green Rushes, filled the Windows with green Boughs and Flowers, to thick in every Place, giving such a fweet Savour, that it might well be termed a shepherd's Para-

The two Lovers being in Bed, nied such Behaviour as Lovers do, thinking themselves fortunate, the Place pleasant, their Meeting happy, and their Love sweet, enjoying their Love without Controll, Love without Luft, and Pleasure without Pride; he thinking his Joys without compare, and he thinking none to be compared with hers; and the Birds without, finging their Ditties instead of Musick, and the sweet Philomela hard by the Wall with a merry Note, rejoyced at their Pleasure.

Thus did they pass over this Night with exceeding Content, and next Day in Communication with the Shepherd, who committed both the Flocks to the Government of his Son, for that timiest would flay to bear them Company, to whom he bare such an inward Love, wrought in him by a natural Motion, that he

an inward Love, wrought in him by a natural Motion, that he did think himself happy to do them any Pleasure.

They stayed three Days with the Snepherd, being pass fear to be discovered, for they heard not of any Enquiry that was made after them: At last one of the Knights that the Emperour of Regia had privily sent forth in their Scarch, chanced to come into the Plains where the Shepherd's Som was keeping by Sheep, to whom he faid, Shepherd, didst thousant see a Damiel lately pass this way? Not 1 panswered he is Why? what Damiel

is it you look for? The Knight either by his Conntenance, or Stuttering in his Answer, supposing it might be he had seen her, faid. It is a Friend of mine, that I esteem dearly, me promised me I should hear of her hereabout, but my Fortune hath not been so good. I cannot tell (said the Boy) it may be my father can tell you who dwelleth hard by conder Thicket.

tell you, who dwelleth hard by wonder Thicket.

The Knight hearing that, left him, and rode to the Shepherd's House, where he alighting, entred without calling, and found the Shepherd, his Wife, Persicles and Constantia, all together, and presently knowing her, said, Lady Constantia, the Emperour, your Father, makes great Lamentation for you at the Court. With that they knew they were betrayed; and she, what with Fear and Grief, fell down in a Trance, whom, with much ado, they recovered. My Friend, (quoth Persicles) thou art either very unmannerly, or thy Authority is great, that thou intrudes thy self into our Company; Dost thou know this is Constantia? Then where is thy Recerence to her? Were it not for disquieting the Lady that is already diffempered with thy Presence, thou shouldstand cold Entertainment.

The Knight being much grieved to fee Conframia thus disquieted, said, I am forry my Presence hath troubled her, which was against my Mind, for be it far from my Thoughts to disturb her. The Emperour of Persia missing her, hath sent out divers besides my self to seek her, with Commandment to bring her back to the Court, and amongst the rest, you see it is fallen to my Lot to person it; yet such Regard I do bear unto her, that I will not do any thing disagreeing to her honourable Mind. Constantia hearing his Speeches, said, What is your Name? My Name (said he) is Pisor. Art thou of Asyria, (quoth Persicles) and one of the Knights belonging to Ricra? I am, said he. Then I fear not, said Persicles, but thou bearest a Knightly Mind; and wilt rather conceal this Lady's being here, than betray her, by carrying her back; if not for hers, yet for Persicles's thy King, whom she loves, and thou shouldst obey.

If it were (quoth he) to venture my Life for my Prince, I would most willingly do it; and if the Lady loveth him, and for that both left the Court, I will hazard my Life in her Defeace, and my utmost Power, procure her Heart's Defire. Then know (quoth he) that Pirsicles heareth thy kind Speeches, and hath not failed in his Opinion of thy Vertues; for I am he, tho thus disguized; with that Pisor knew him, and humbled himself with great Reverence on his Knee.

Perficles rifing up, embraced him, telling him that he came in a most fortunate Hour to do him good. Configura with this, was comforted again, and forgot her former Passion and Fear. The old Shepherd and his Wife were half amazed, until Perficles faid, Father, be not any way disquieted with my Knowledge, for though I am King of Affirm, I am thy Gueft, and will requite thy Kindness liberally, deliring thee not to discover me to any; for if thou shouldest, it would hezard this Lady's Life, and mine, that are now in thy Hands. They both vowed on their Knees, nothing should make them to Dilloyal. Then he faid to Pifor, Of old Experience I know then levest me; therefore I question not thy Fidelity, or doubt that thou wilt undertake any thing to pleasure me; therefore I would have thee with all speed to posit into Affyria, to Parenus and Thrureus, whom I left my Substitutes, and to them make my Estate known, telling them my Defire is, That they come to me in this place with a fufficient number of Horse-men to gaurd me and the Princels home; but let none know their Intent; (which I take to be the belt course for our Safety) for if we should seek other Means by Travel, Conframia is not able to endure it, which also might be a means to difcover us, fo many being abroad in her Search. Pifor prefently obeyed him, and taking his leave, departed on his journey, leaving them in the Shepherd's Cottage.

CHAP. VI.

How Helion was in love with Selia, and bearing of his Father. Stekness, obtained leave to depart: And of the Desolution that was in Assyria, by the Treason of Duke Oretus.

Helien remembring the Pleasure he had with his Country Love, defired much to see her again; with whom he was more deeply in love than ever he was with Constantia, for the Love he hare to her, was turned to Hatred; and the Cause of his importunity to the Emperour to have her found, was with a malicious Disposition of Revenge, not of any honourable inclination, being of such a variable and unconstant Nature, that the least Occasion altering his wavering Mind, either to Love or Hatred, which was unfit for so great a Man as he derived himself from

Now having passed many Days, colouring his Pretence under the Shadow of feigned Sorrow, he longed to visit his Love Selia, therefore finding a fit time for his Intent, he, with his Man Al-

and found her cloathed again in her Country Weeds, who elpying him, with a modelt Blum came to meet him, whom he imbraced in his Arms, asking her how the fared? My Lord, (faid the) your Hand-maid rejoyceth to fee your worthy Person in this homely Cottage, whose Heart can attain no Quiet. but in your remembrance. By this time her Parents was come in, who feeing the Prince, did him humble Reverence; he also saluting them with great Courtese; and when he had stayed there most part of the Day, in private Conference with his Love, he departed; the next Day repairing thither again, which he did likewise for many Days after.

In the end he grew to fuch Extremity of Paffion, that he told Selia he would marry her, and withal, made her Parents acquainted therewith, who willingly gave their Confents thereto: and by this means he enjoyed her company at all times, according to his defire. In this fort did he vifit her many Days, doting exceedingly on his Country Selia, thinking no Lady in the Court comparable unto her; and also diffembling exceeding Grief for Constantia, that the Emperour highly commended his Constancy. esteeming him the more for not altering his Mind. Within few Days News was brought to the Persian Court, that the King of Arabia was very fick; which caused Helion to defire the Emperour of Persia's Consent to his Departure; which he granted, having first received his faithful Oath to marry Conframia, which he Iwore to perform at his Return.

Most of the Knights that went in the Search of Constantia, are returned, not one of them bringing News of her; which put the Emperour into fuch a Rage, that he feemed quite bereft of Senfe, cauling them to make more open Enquiry, and to promife great

Rewards to those that could tell any Tydings of her.

By this time Pifor had been Affyria, and again returned to the Shepherd's House, whom Perficles welcomed, and glad that he was fo foon returned: But Pifor's Countenance fignified ill News. which Perficles foon perceived; and being unwilling Conftantia should hear ought that might breed in her any Discontent, walked aside with him into the Thicket of a Wood hard by the House: where Pifor said, My Lord, I have a Tragick Discourse to reveal, that maketh my Heart melt to think thereof, which I would it had not been my ill fortune to have brought you News of: At my coming into Affyria, I past many Miles before I found an Affirm to converte withal: For the Towns and Villages, which

before were compleat with flore of transbiants, were now an furned with Fire, and note bouilt flording done, but was sported, and the Paople from their Dwelling don away; which caused me to make the more halle, hoping that all was not destroyed and coming more near the Court, in my way, i found the Bodies of the Assyrians lying dead, and strewed me to Earth, as if some Battel had been lately lought in that we had to be farther I past, the more the Diamber encreased, which I believed so long that I was perswaded those that destroyed them, were not far off; but yet went so far before me; that I could not overtake them, for the Bodies of some were not yet cold, and others lay strugling to over-master Death; wherewith I was so amazed, that I set source my Horse's sides, and rode with all the halte I could, until at last I espect a mighty Army of Soldiers right before me upon the Mount of Silo, whose Multitude seemed to be innumerable; near unto which I was no sooner come, but I especial and fyrian grievously wounded, to whom I drew nigh, and soon knew him to be Parense, and discovering my self to him, desired him to tell me what reason had brought him to that dangerous Estate, with that he knowing me; said,

Pifor, fach Milery is befallen to us Affyrians, that we shall be a Reproach and Scandal to all the World: which I would repeat; but before I can make an end, Death will stop my Speech; there-

fore tell me how my Lady Piera fareth.

Prosperity. Irajoyce thereat, (quothine) though I have other-wise everlasting Canile to forrow: For our Sovereign Lord the King, after he had put the Armenians to flight, was very deficuous, upon some Occasion (as yet unknown) to leave the Court, in his Absence committing the Government thereat to my unhappy Self, and the noble Knight Thenevy, which he performed with great Quiet, until Duke Orson, one that was never time unto the State, hearing of the King's Departure, which we could by no means conceal, raised a false Report, that we had murdered the King; which Rumour moved the common People to such Disquiet, that they began to until which he perceiving, aiming thereby to win the Crown, gathered a great Company of them together, with Pretence of Revenge against us; which when we heard of, with all speed we could possible, we mustered up Men for our Defence; but so eager were the Multitudes to our De-

firmition, together with Oreim's Periwasions, that before we were any way able to resist them, they set upon us, and shed a great deal of their own Country-mens Blood that stood in our Defence, and constrained us to draw nack our Forces within the City.

The King of Armens hearing of this Rebellion, with great speed, brought a mighty Army into this Land, destroying all that came in his way, burning both Towns and Cities, and destroying the common People with an exceeding great Slanghter. Oreus hearing this, was struck with such a Terror, that he fled, leaving his Confederate Rebels to be destroyed by the Enemy, which caused us by a Fleraid to demand. Whether they would submit themselves to usor not? or by their Treason to see their Country's Ruin? With that they yielded, and we gathered all out Forces together, to resist the Enemy, with whom we fought three great Battels, and in the same, loss above thirty thousand Assyrians, being driven to Flight. This Day again, gathering a head to resist them, and being too few in number, in respect of their Strength and Multitude, you see how our Bodies Iye mangled upon the Earth, my self, I think, the last that liveth to tell this News, for the noble There is a stready slain, whose Deeds of Valour would contain a great Volume; which News, when our King hears, it will, no doubt, cut of his vertuous Life with Sorrow; my greatest Grief being, that I cannot hear of his Safety before my Death.

My Lord, (faid I) our Gracious King is living, and in good Health in Parlia, who fent me unto your Honour, and Thruerus with a Mellage; which I need not now unfold. Yes, good Pifor, (faid he) let me hear my Lord's Mellage, that I may thereby know, whether I was Itill in his Favour or no; with that I told him the Cause of my coming, which when he had heard, such a Passion of Discontent overcame his vital Spirits, that with many bitter Groans, he gave up the Ghost. When I saw there was no way for his Recovery, I departed, to encuire what Slaughter the Enemy made, who by that time the Day was ended, had vanquished the Asyrian Forces, and took the City, and most of the Nobility Prisoners: I stayed four Days, hiding me secretly, to bring you certain News, which is this: The King of Asyria, composited the Noblemen to Iwear Assignance to Palion his closest Son, whom he hath Crowned King of Asyria, and left a might when so this Defended. When I understood this, I returned the your Majesty thereof.

CHAP. VII.

How Perficles hearing this News by Pliot, departed into a folitary Place, which caused the information beganning between him and Con-stantia, who, in great Sorrow, wandring to seek him, was found by Helion, and carried into Arabia. Of the Sorrows Perficles endired for her Absence. How Pifor became Francisk.

DErficles his Heart was overcome with fuch Sorrow, to hear Pifor's heavy News, that he had much ado to contain himfelf from extream Madnels, that he minded a while to withdraw himself to utter his Complaints in those solitary Walks; but seeing Pifar follow him, desired him to return to the Shepherd's House, and in no case to acquaint Constants with the Missortunes; but if the asked for him, he hould tell her he would come presently. Risor being departed, he sought for the most unfrequented place in the Wood, wandring long in that Discontent, but could find none agreeable to his mind; not knowing where he went, or where he intended, his Senies being dulled with that paffionate Vexation; continuing to long therein, that he spent longer time in seeking out a place of Rest, that he was aware of, which turned to his greatest Unrest, as afterwards it sell out; for Constantia, marvelling that he stayed so long, and noting Pifor's darkned Countenance, supposed some ill News to be the Cause; and finding occasion sit, thought to find her Love in the midst of his Dumps, and with her aimable Presence to comfort him; so stead ing from the Cottage into the Wood, where Pifor told her that he had left him, she wandred up and down a great while, not find-ing him, which made her wonder. Sometimes calling him, but not by his own name, lest any should hear her: And finding that means to prevail nothing, she began to enter into many doubt-ful Thoughts, sometimes calling his Loyalty in question, then a-gain reproving her Pancy for entering into Sulpition of him; then thinking some ill News was happened in office, which might drive him into a care est Desparation, fearing that some of the Person Knights had met him, and finding some likelihood of Suspition in him, had carryed him to the King her Father. These Meditations possest her Mind fo long, and wrought such Terror in her Fancies, that the feared like one that had been polleft with the Truth that it was fo.

Thus did they both continue the most part of the Day she seek

ing him, and he, oppress with Care not remembring that it was time to return home; yet both of them directing their Steps a contraty way, that they met not, but wandred one from the other; at last he remembred where he was, how long he had been absent, and what Care she would take for his Absence, which caused him, with as much speed to haste back, as with Earnestness he had wandred up and down; which before he could attain, it grew towards Night.

Pifor likewise marvelling at his long Stay, and her sudden Departure, fearing some Ill might betide him, and some extraordinary Care oppress her, left the Cottage to find him; and if he could meet her, to direct her to the place where he left him.

When Perficles found them both absent, he marvelled thereat, enquiring of the old Woman when they departed; who told him that Constantia went out first, and he after her; which made him think that she missing him so long, might go seek him, and Pifor followed her, thinking to direct her, lest the should wander aftray (as she might well do) in those unfrequented Places. But when he had a long time continued in those Dumps, and saw neither of them returned, he began to enter into many Missoubts, such as proceed from the unquiet Motions of distemper'd Cogitations, being fearful to depart from thence again, lest he might so miss them.

Pifor being entred the Wood, came to the place where he had left Perficies, but could neither find him there, nor Confiantia, which made him wander up and down so long, that he was weary. At last he came to a shady place, and laying himself down to rest, he cast up his Eyes, and espyed most beautiful Fruit upon a Tree hanging right over his Head; the sight thereof pleased him so well, that plucking some of the same, he found the Taste pleasant; which caused him to eat many of them, which made him presently fall into a deadly Sleep. The Name of the Fruit is called Pylos, the Nature whereof is, to procure those that take it, first to sleep for the space of four and twenty Hours, and after to become Frantick for the space of three Months, which hindred Pifor from returning.

When Revicles had stayed so long, expecting their coming, until it began to be dark, he again went out, telling the Shepherd that he was going to seek them: cruel Fortune directing his steps unto the place where Bifar lay sleeping, whom when he beheld, but neither by calling nor any other means, could awaken him; a

deadly Fear possessed his Fancy, that some surious Beast had flain him, and either devoured Conference, or pursued her, slying from him; which caused him, like a mad Man, to draw forth Pisar's Sword, running up and down to seek that which was not there to be found.

Confiamis by this time was wandred to far in learch for Perficles, that the could by no means tell which way to go back again, but was confirmined all that Night to wander up and down with hope to have returned; but contrary to her thoughts went another way, her Fear and Gare causing to make the more speed, that being weary with Travel, coming to the Out-side of the Wood, she sat down upon the Bank, and after she had bewalled her miscrable Estate, and wearied her Senses with Sorrow, as she had

her Body with Travel, fell afleep.

Now it fell out that Helion the Day before had taken his Leave of the Emperour of Persia, to travel into Arabia, and that Night lay at Selia's Father's, causing her to be attired in rich Ornaments. that Morning carried her into Arabia, intending there to make her his Bride, and by Misfortune passed by the place where Con-Rantia lay fast asleep: Some of his Followers from espyed her, and shewed her to Helion; Selia likewise seeing her, presently told Helion, that her Apparel was either the same which Constantia's Gentlewoman took from her in the Persian Court, or so like it. the could not tell one from the other. Helion rode to her, and awaked her; by her former Disposition and her Countenance. which was still in his remembrance, he perfectly knew her; and the at the first fight knew him; which amazed her Senses with deadly Fear. To whom he faid, My dear Confantia, what hath caused you thus discourteously to reject my Love, and leave the Persian Court to endure this hard Fortune, so much disagreeing to your Estate? yet at length, I beseech you to accept of my Love. and go with me into Arabia.

Leave of your dissembling Speeches (quoth Constantia) and let me alone; for I had rather all my life lye on this cold Earth, than live at ease with you. With that she would have less him, but he commanded his Servants by force to take her into the Coach, and carry her along with him into Arabia, not letting

any know what she was, but Selia.

When Constantia saw that of force she must needs go, she uttered such Complaints, and made such forrowful Exclamations, that those that guarded her, thought she would have sales made

though they neither knew her, nor her Cause of Sorrow; yet, in

their Hearts, they pitied her.

Whom we will leave fully possest with the uttermost Extremity of Anguith, onwards towards Arabia, the place the most of all hated, to speak of Perfect, who, in a mad Fury, having ran up and down a long time in the Wood, returned again to the Shepherd's House, to see if Constantia were not yet come; but there he found only the Shepherd and his Wife in great Care, waiting his Return; who espying the Sword in his Hand, and his Face and Hands in many places bloody; which was with the Scratches he had received in the dark Wood, were ready to fly from him for Fear; but he mildy demanded if Constantia were come back? Who told him they faw her not. Alas! (quoth he) poor Lady, I fear the is devoured by fome merciles Beaft; for I found Pifer lying dead in the Wood, which affrighted me with fuch Fear of her Mishap, that I know not what to do, nor which way to go in her Search.

My Lord (faid the Shepherd) I can affure you, there doth no wild Beaft haunt this Wood, for then could not my Flocks feed in quiet, of which I have not loft one Lamb by any Cafualty; but rather I think my Lady missing you all the Day, is gone to far into the Wood, that the cannot return, nor you find her; whom I do not doubt but to find in the Morning; neither is he dead. but believe hath tafted some of our unlucky Fruit, called Pyloss that hath cast him into a dead Sleep, and after that he will be

Frantick for a space.

Perficles was much comforted with the Shepherd's Speeches; yet notwithstanding left him, and all that Night wandred up and down the Wood to find her, but he spent his Labour in vain, neither that Night, nor the next Day finding her; which drave him so far beyond the compass of Natural Continency, that if he had remained long in that Perplexity, it would have cut off his Life. When he saw himself void of all Hopes, without Means how to find her, and Affurance that the was not within the Wood, he fat himfelf down upon the Earth, uttering thefe Laments: How forfunate had I been, had I never fet foot on Perfian Soil ? Then had I been still King of Affyria, and Constantia at quiet in her Father's Court: Whereas now, both I, but especially her felf, is fallen into extream Mifery : Had it only fallen to my share, to have endured a thousand Misfortunes, I could with Patience have endured them, only this tormenteth me; that my Misfortune hath brought

brought her from Weal to Wo, from Quiet to Discontent, from Pleasure to Pain, from Happiness, to Misery, and from Life to Death. I cannot tell how to prevent these swils; to sit here and utter sad Words availeth me not; to bewait her Estate, helpeth me not; nor to destroy myself will benefit her: Should I sit here for ever, I should never find her; and to seek her out of this place, is to spend my Labour without hope of any Comfort; for I fear she is dead, and then may I sooner meet her Ghost in this place, than her Body in another: Well, since neither Comfort nor Counsel is left to further my Hopes, I will for ever dwell in this unfortunate Place, and fill the same with my Laments; neither shall my Body rest in Bed, nor my Stomach taste of other Food, than wild Fruit, until I find my Love, or know the Place of her abode.

Thus he lived in those Woods many Days and Years, making every Tree a Monument of Constantia's unfortunate Loss, though he was often perswaded by Pisor, who afteawards travelled most part of those Countries in Search of her, but could never hear of her. The Emperour her Father also had given over all Care, as supposing her to be dead; greatly lamenting the Missortunes of Persules, and marvelling at his Absence, believing that he was murthered, according to the Accusations made by Orennagainst Parenus and Thrureus; whom we will leave for a while, to speak

of the Misfortunes that befel Confrancia.

CHAP. VIN.

How Selia was married to Helion; and of the Miseries Constantia endured by her Jealousie: How Constantia was delivered of a goodly Boy, whose Life was preserved by the Policy of Palia; and how Selia wexed therear.

Helion was no fooner come to Arabia but he was informed of his Father's Death, which for a time he lamented of common Use, not of Pitty or Affection; in the mean time causing Confiamia to be kept in an old Monastery, under the Government of an antient Lady, who lived not only by the Gifts that the King bestowed upon her for many bad Actions, but also of many Gentlemen that haunted the Company of the King's Concubines by stealth: In this very place did he leave Constantia, neither her Keeper, nor any other knowing what she was, who by this time was resolved to endure all Advertices; many Days giving herself to Quiet: Helion, by reason of his diffembling Mourning, he came not at her.

But the time being come, that he was Crowned King, he married Selia, causing confamia, as one of her Hand-maids to attend her, which he did cut of a malicious Intent only to vex her; but she was well content to do any thing to be rid of his hateful Love, whom she abhorred from the very depth of her Soul. But when he saw she endured the same with such Patience, he again caused her to be kept closely in the Monastery, giving order, that none

but Palia should come at her.

Thus did she continue until she began to feel herself with Child by Persieles, which drove her to the uttermost exigent of Care, how to preserve the Infant's Life; sometimes thinking to make her Estate known to Palia; but having sufficient tryal of her wicked Disposition, durst not trust her, lest she should reveal the same to the King. Selia also at that time was great with Child by Helion, both Conceiving at one Instant, one in the Persian Court, the other in the Shepherd's Cottage. Selia made Helion acquainted therewith, desiring that she might be delivered in some private Place, that the Ladies of the Court might not know thereof, for

it would be to her a great Scandal.

Helion well knowing the Nature of the People, and in what detestable fort they held Adultery in their Queen, thought no place so fit as the Monastery wherein Constants was, whither she was soon conveyed; report being giving out by the King's Command, That she was, for the preservation of her Health, departed into the Country. The Queen being come into the Monastery, asked for Constants, who was presently brought before her; whom Selia now began to hate mortally, being jealous of her, supposing that her Husband still leved her, whom she used so distants with many undecent Speeches, which she took most patiently, with brinish Tears, lamenting her Missortunes; and so surely did she behave herself to all that attended on her, that they began to missiske her.

Palia feeing the Pride of the Queen, and in what distainful fort the used her, accusing her to be privy to the King's feeret Love to Confermia, and using her so basely, and with fuch evil Terms, began to hate her; which Confermia perceived by some doubtful words she gave out against her; whereupon finding a fit opportunity, whem she was vexed with her Unkindness, she came to Parlia, and said, I perceive the Queen useth you unkindly, regarding to use none well, though they give her no cause at all; she likewise missistent man, that perceip in my Life offended her, but

have been the greatest Cause of ber Good; I would gladly intreat your Aid, and withal, reveal many things unto you, that you yet know not, if I were affured of your Secretic, which I am the more fearful to reveal, because they are Matters of great importance; but notwithstanding, if you will vouchfare your Assistance to pity my most milerable Estate, you would do a Deed of evelasting Merit.

Palia, hearing her Speeches, said, if I may likewise without fear make my Mind known unto you, be you assured that I do so mortally hate her, that rewards my good Service with such Distain, that I will not leave any thing unattempted to vex and torment her: Therefore if any Oath may assure you of my Secresse, having no other means at this instant to give you proof thereof; I vow by all the Gods, that I never intend to reveal what you disclose to me, but will most faithfully endeavour to pleasure you

to my utmost power.

Then know (quoth Confloria) that I am Daughter to the Emperour of Persa, fometimes brought up in this Court, and your Queen but the Daughter of a Country Swain in Perfia, that being exalted to Dignity, though basely Born, behaveth her felf thus proudly. I fearing my Father would have married me to Helion against my Will, having betrothed my felf to the King of Affinia. with whom I stole from the Court, in this Apparel of Selia's, that is now your Queen; much Enquiry was made for me, but they could never find me; for I lived with my Lord in this Difguise in a Shepherd's House, until one Day I million him, feraved so far from the House, that I could not return, so by Misfortune was found by Helion; and thus I am you fee brought into this Country either to my Death, or a worfer End : I am also big with Child. and within fort space look to be delivered; my earnest Defire is. That you would use some means to preserve my Babe from Death, which no doubt it is like to endure by her Malice and his Crnelty

Palia hearing this, did comfort her with many chearful words, thereby to work fome Revenge against the Queen, pitying the Distress of Confuncia, of whose Vertues she had before some knowledge. With this Promise did Conjuncia somewhat comfort herefelf, hoping, that in the end she should estape from that Bondage, being daily cherished by old Palia, who behaved berief towards Salia with such Duty and Obedience, that not with landing her often Upbraidings, the still kept her self in most place of Credit

about her.

Now, the time was come that the Queen was delivered of a goodly Boy, and Confiantia the next Night of another, none being privy thereto but Palia; who handling the matter with fueh Cunning, that the conveyed Confiantia's Child to Selia, and hers to Confiantia, making her acquainted with her Intent therein; and the next Night told Helion, that the Damfel in her Custody was delivered of a Boy. Helion hearing that, willed her to keep the same secret upon pain of Death, and not to reveal it to the Queen; vowing e're many Days to destroy it; giving order to have his own Son named Petrus: and coming to his Queen, told her, it were best to be nursed in the Country; who was contented to be ruled by him. Then calling Palia to him, he told her that she must provide a Nurse for his Son; who having before complotted what she intended, said, she knew a Kinswoman of hers, that was lately brought to bed some twenty miles off, to whom she would convey the Infant.

Helion was glad of her Promise, appointing her all things necesfary for her departure the next Morning. Late in the Night, when Palia was fure none could see her, she went to Constantia, and told her what she intended, withal, asking her Counsel, what

the should do.

Ah me, faid she, I know not in this extremity what to resolve upon, searing never to see my Son again; and if thou goest, I lose my greatest Comfort. Then taking the Child in her Arms, and bestowing many dear Kisses thereon, she said, Palia, I pray thee let me know what thou intendest to do with it? Lady (quoth she) after I am departed this Court, I will not crase travelling till I arrive in Afria, where I do not doubt but to find Persicles, unto whom I will declare your Missortunes. But if I find him not there, I will traveliate Persis to the place where you lost him, where I shall affuredly find him; so that he knowing your Estate, may seek to release you. And wilt thou do this for me, said Constants, that am never like to make thee Amends? I will (quoth Palia) and with such Faithfulness executemy Charge, as shall procure you Comfort. Many Speeches past between them before they parted, but yet in the end, she was constrained to leave her almost dead with Grief, but afterwards somewhat come forted with the good Hopes she had of her faithful Dealing; of two Evils, thinking it the best to commit the Babe to her Courses, who by all likelihood intended well thereto. Early the next morning she departed, having an Body in her company, with the take she could, travelling towards Asyria.

Helion now began to meditate on Confamia's Misfortune, and who should be the Pather of the Child; and whereas before he determined to shut her up in a Cloyster, until she would yield to his Defire, he now refolved to revenge the Difdain she had shewed him for refusing his Love: And finding occasion when none could interrupt his Speeches, being alone with her, he faid unto her in this manner : Disdainful and Unworthy Lady, did you efreem to basely of my Love, in my Contempt to chuse some base born Pealant, to policis that which I lo long fought with devoted Affection; and refuting my honourable Proffer, to chuse rather to become another's Harlot? Who would ever have thought fo comely a Person, shadowed with so fair a Pretext, had inwardly nourished such ignoble Affections? Do not you think that the Emperour, your Father, will rejoyce to hear, that his fair Daughter (which may well be termed incontinency) hath so vilely stained her Princely Blood, and defamed her Royal Stock, with fo infamous a Fact, or rather dye with Grief? Therefore to prevent fo great a Mischief as will come by his Death, I will be the Man to keep this Action from his Knowledge; and in his behalf work such Punishment, as shall be agreeable unto so great an Offence : Yet let me know the Cause of thy Contempt against me, and who is the Father of thy Baltard? which if thou refuse to do by gentle Means. I will by Force compel thee thereto.

Constantia with patience heard out his Speeches; and then did make him this Answer: Helion, I can well bear your opprobrious Words, neither do I care how scandalous they are; for the Father of my Infant is as good as thy felf, and one that I love far more than thy felf, who censureth me according to the Quality of thy own Disposition. The reason why I left my Father's Court, was to avoid your importunate Suit, which was very unpleasing to me, in respect of the honourable Love I imbraced. Therefore beware that you abuse not me; for though the Emperour, my Father, will not revenge my Wrongs, yet there is a Hing as Mighty as he, claimeth my Possession, and will not suffer me to

be wronged.

What, is a King the Father of that Bestard? faid he. No. thou shalt never perswade me to that, for it looketh more liker

a Fool than a King.

Yes, said the, and yet a King as wife as thy felf, and that e're long thou shall know; for the Father thereof is private to all thy Actions, although thou thinkest me intely tept; and if then doll

pear the Deed. And for me, ale me well, for the Father of this latin't loves thee well, and yet thou will be thy own Deltruction. in ceking his Death.

Helion understood not the meaning, marvelling who it should be the meant; that he faid, I think thou art mad, or counterfeited tome Deceit by the Ambiguity of thy Speeches: For how can the rather of that Brat love? or what cause have I to repent me of any thing I hould do to it? which the rather shall suffer my Wrath because of thy Dirisions; therefore resolve me, or be af-

fured of my everlasting Hatred.
I neither (quoth me) regard thee, nor thy Hate, utterly denying to fulfil thy Request in any respect; yet if thou hadd not demanded it, I should peradventure have told thee; Do the worst you can, I care not, for Milery it felf hath made me reloive to endure the greatest Extremity; and know, that I do the more diflike the Babe, beganfe it is fo like thee, that haft not the leaft Spark of Honour or Honesty: Ask me no more Questions, for I will not answer thee; esteeming my self more fortunate in thy Hatred, than in thy Lave; for the one is nothing but the diftempered Motion of a cowardly Disposition, and the other the unconstant Falshood of a shallow Wit.

Helion was much vexed to fee how lightly the efteemed him, and was ready to tear his Hair; he went raging and fwearing from her, meditating which way how to work his Revenge. Selia noting his Diftemper by his pale Countenance, asked him what had disputeted him? to whom he gave no Answer at all, casting a fcornful Look toward her; which the took in fuch fulpitious fort, that the presently supposed he did it in foorn of her, and being puffed up with Jealousie, could not refrain from Tears, and at

last the uttered these Speeches:

My Lord, I now perceive the Love you protested to bear to me, is altered; and I, like a poor Cast-away, am like to live in Mifery: O that I had lived still in my contented Estate, then should I not have been subject to these Misfortunes : Conflation. whom you told me you loved not, it is the hath stolen away your Affections, and on her you dote, dispising me; wherein you show the Unconstancy of your Disposition; besides, she hath made known what I was, which makes me be scorned by the Ladies of the Court to that the Misery I am like to endure, is intollerable. ny fuch Alteration in me; for I vow to love none but your left? The Cause of my Vexation is, now to revenge my self on her that even now hath abused me with opprobalous Terms; the is brought to hed of a Bastard, begotten of a base born Peasant, which shall not five long to vex me: I wish I had left her in Persis to have been devoured by wild Beasts, rather than by pitying her, to work my self this Disquiet. Should I send word to her Father, the Emperour, he would compet me to marry her, or este he would make War against me. Or if I should seek her Death, it would by some Means or other come to-his Ear, and then he would seek Revenge against me, so that I know not what way to be sid of her.

The Queen hearing him fay she had a Bastard, presently began to suspect it to be his, and would then have uttered it, but Fear, and premeditated Hope of Revenge against Confiantia, stoped her, thinking siris to learn the truth, before she would offend him; perceiving his unconstant Disposition to be such, that the least thing altered his Love, deferring her self tell her Mouth was ended, by which means Constantia rested void of Disturbance. The stame of Jealousie burned so in Selia's Breast, that as soon as she had for saken the Monastery, and had a while with great Kindness behaved her self to all the Lords and Ladies in most Estimation, thereby to infimuate into their good Opinion, she came to Constantia, sawning upon her with an affable Countenance, using many courteous Speeches towards her, with intent to sift out the Truth of her Suspition.

Helion hearing that she was in the Monastery, fearing that she would have done some Violence to Constantia, followed her: Schia seeing him there, was half astonished, thinking that he had not known thereof, and now suspected of a truth that he came to vi-fit Constantia of Love, and not to seek her, again burst forth into Tears: Whereupon he took occasion to say thus, Selia, I perceive Suspition is the Cause of your Disquiet; therefore, to shew what little Cause you have to use me so, do but say what I shall do to

this dishonourable Lady, and it shall be performed.

Confiants then began to fear some Mischief was near her, which might easily have been seen by the oft changing of her Countenance: Whereupon she made this Reply, Helion, if the Queen knew how much I disdain thee, such Motions of Disquet would not trouble her; for I contem the Dispositions, which are ready to alter with every blast of Wind. Or, Selia, dot then this

my Heart will knoop to his base Lust, or become Concubing to so degenerate a Wretch as thy Husband is? No, I will rather lee my Body torn in pieces, and suffer the cruellest Milery in the World: He threatnern me with turrible Speeches, but his Coward's Heart is not of Courage to execute his detelled Will. Therefore thou art of a heavy Disposition, and comest to encourage him to do Milcheif; do the worlf you can both, for I fear you not, but would gladly be rid of this milerable Life.

And rid thou shalt foon be, (faid Selia) notwithstanding thy Diffimulation, thinking with diffainful Speeches to colour thy Wickedness. I am indeed come to be revenged on thee, that Ten my lotent, and first shall that Bastard feel the fuart of my lay, the held it by the Heels ready to deprive it of Life, till He-

tion with-held her : :

Then Conftantia faid, Nay, let her murther it, and the will be the first that will repent it; but first view it well, and see if it resembles not the Father that standeth by : I assure thee it is

his, and that thou shalt foon know.
Out upon thee (said ne) I defie thee, with that she viewed it well, and perceived that it relembled him perfectly, whereupon the cast the Child upon the ground, saying, Did you bring me hither to do me this sintollerable Wrong? Shall I suffer my self to be thus used and live to endure perpetual Discontent? The Peers of this Land shall understand the Wrong I fustain, and none esse;

my own Hands thall work Revenge.

Configures then faid. Selia, take up the Infant, and cherifi it, for it is thy own; my Child, by this time, is conveyed far enough from thy Power by Palia; who pitying my Diffress, and foorning to be implect to thy base Pride, hath changed the one for the other, leaving yours with me, and carrying mine to the King of Affyria, who is the father thereof; who I doubt not will foun revenge the Wrong that is done to me: Neither do thou jealoufly fulped me for that degenerate King, thy Husband for the that is Daughter to the Emperour of Perfia, Toometh to be the Corrival: if I had dealt unfaithfully with him, then he night worthing have maded this Punishment upon me: But his own Continues and to the King of Allyria.

Both of them were amazed at her Speeches; the Queen in all

that lay forawling at her Feet almost dead,

Helion, after a long Rudy, knowest not, how neable the King of More is to tell from hence; being lately disposses of his Ctown by the Armenia, and by the Treatment his own Subjects, being hanfelf driven to live in Obscurity, Derestore this will I do, in satisfaction of my Mind against thee, thou shalt never depart from hence, but in this Cloyster end thy Life, untels the valuatest Knight in the World redeem thee; for flich a Guard will I let over thee, as shall be overcome by none.

As that he overcome by none.

Configure was no whit grieved to hear the Doom of her Imperforment, but only the sulper she had of his words of Persons overcame her Heart with such Fear that she fell down in a deadly
Irance, those that were about her, having much ado to recover
her; wherenpon they left her, Helion giving command, that most diligent Search thould be made for Palle, through the whole

Country of Arabia.

Mow Helion built an Enchang to her Constantia in a and how he was imprisoned therein himself in mes lla

I wowd (being refolved to work the most cruelles Revenge that might be on the Lady Gorffants) called all the commingers Workmen of his Land before him, asking their Advice about building of a Caftle of invincible Strength, which they promifed to perform; and thus they began to work their, Situating the fame upon a vocky Hill of great Largeness, that was encompassed with a deep Lake, and encompassing the Gircuit of the Ground with a deep Lake, and encompassing the Gircuit of the Ground with a Mall framed of the hardest Marble, of fach Smoothness, and Height, that it was not to be alcended sover the Lake was framed a Bridge of exceeding Beauty, placing at the Entrence two-borningstions, between them setting a Gate of Brais, curiously wrought with carved Images of Lyons, being the Arms of Advisory of the middle, they placed a Draw-bridge drawn apparatus Deavises, that one Man was able to draw up the same with speed that the farther end of the Bridge, was builted most customs wrought Gate, garnished with Stones of strange and sondy Colones at the entrance, thereto was another Gardest Brais far arceding rit: In the midst, above the to

Golden Lyons of great bigness; within this Porch rt, encompassed round with Turrets, Walls and Ithin the Compats whereof and Army of Soldiped. The next Entrance, was three Gates the other two, over which they built a Towand Workmanship, framed of Adamant, cut t into the Forms of leveral Beafts, Trees, Herbs, , no Beauty whereof would have held the Beholder in Admiration: On the top was built four Pinacles on a Quadrant, whose glittering Vanes and carved Work shined against the Sun, as if the fame had been framed of beaten Gold: within the Tower was a Court, encompailed round about with most ridl and stately Buildings, having several Doors into every Building of invincible Strength, framed all of one Proportion, guilded over with Gold; the Windows of an exceeding Largeness and Beauty, suported by two Lyons of carved Alabatter, guilded over with Gold; on the top, next to the Eves, two Cherubs standing in the Form of Angels, of carved Gold, suporting the Picture of a beautiful Lady; the Windows discovering the Righness of the Chambers within: In the midst of this Gourt, was framed a clear Fonatain, with divers freams of Water foringing from the fame curiously carved and guilded over with Gold; the Brightness glittering with such Resection of the Sun-beams round about, that at the first enterance it would have dazled the Beholders Eyes. At the further end of this Court, was a Hall of exceeding Largeness, supported within with Pillars of Jeat, beset with Stones of fund. Colours; the Skreen being framed of the most curious Work as carved Wood, the Boof of Stone, whereon were curious Work of carved Wood, the Boof of Stone, whereon were coloured out the Colours of all kind of Fruits; the Walls hung with rich Hangings of Arras, containing the History of the Wars of Troy; In the midst of this Hall was fall ned two Pillars, whereunto were chained two Lyons of huge Bigness, and great Strength, denying all further entrance; the further end of the Hall was without any Wall at all, supported by Pillars of the same Jeat, lying open in a Garden of great Largeness, which at the first en-trance into the Hall was gloriously discerned, in which were made Walls, Arbors, Borders of Flowers, and the Form of all things ent out in Merbs and Flowers, to delight the Eye, and please the Small s and all things to curiously wrought, as was brouge to beauty in the midft of this Garden food a Banquetcourte Foundation Supported by four Lyons of carved blew Stone, called Ayres; the Windows round about encompassed the same; through which the Light passed clearly without impediment: the Pillars, Calemans, and Proportions of such excellent Workmanship, that seemed to be altogether framed of Christal; on the top of this House, shood the Form of an Angel, framed of beaten Gold, pointing with his Finger towards the other Lodgings, of very rich Duilding, at the farther end of the Garden, the Description thereof is hereaf-

ter fet down. -

Helion having finished this Work, called unto him one Penthrafor, an antient Profesor of Negromancy, and with him alone went into the Palace, shewing him the same, and why he had built it, desiring his Counted and Aid to the Performance of his Will. Penthrasa being desirous to Practise his Art, which before hedurst not do, (for by the Laws of the Land, the same was puissed with Death) promised by his Art, to make the same so invincible, that it should never be overcome by Strength or Policy; advising the King to bring Confinerathither, and two Damiels to attend her, and attire her in rich Ornaments. When the King had performed this, and delivered her to Pembrafus, ma-king a Condition with him, that none but himself should be suffered to have enterance, he departed; leaving Confiantia to be entertained by Penthrofus, who led her into the Caffle, appointing her Damfels where they bould have all things necessary, telling her it would be many Years before the could be released : After he had placed her there, he began to cast about how to fortishe the same; and by his Art, he found that their lived in the Desart of Arabia, two mighty Gints, of huge Proposition, and of great Strength, whom he found out; casting such bewitched Charms upon them, that they presently followed him to the Castle, upon them, that they prefently followed him to the Cattle, (which he afterwards named Pembralu's Palate) he; by his Charms and Spells, bidding them to keep the first Enterance of the Bridge, and by his Sorceries guarding every Entrance in such strong fort, as it was impossible to be overcome. Having performed every thing according to his mind, he brought thither his Wife, named Ha, determining to spend the rest of his Life to be near: Whereupon he want to the Oracle of the Heperican Nymphs in the Defart, which he was enjoyed unto by a Vision he law in his sleep, to know what he should do a secretary those Charms Which he had fet upon the Ca Pentersius, because by the

wicked Action, and to disclose the Deltinies, Many a Knight fundry strange Countries shall hear of the Beauty of Constantia, and shall come to try their Adventures, to set her Liberty; but none shall perform it; neither will it be revealed that she is the Daughter of the Emperour of Persia, until she be released by the Valour of her own Son; and the Manner, and Means how, is as yet hidden, and unrevealed, until which time, Ita will live; and by our Directions govern the Castle until the Enchantments be ended. He receiving this Answer, returned home, and within few Days dyed.

Thus was Constantia enclosed, enjoying all the Delights her Heart could defire; but nothing could comfort her, but the rememberance of her Lord Persules, for whose Absence she lived in

continual Grief.

Helion kept that which he had done concerning Constantia, from the knowledge of Selia, determining never to see her again; within short time after, such Discord began between he and she, that the whole Court was in an Uprore, and he sound such Disquiet with her, that then he began to hate her, abandon her company, and to dote on the Remembrance of Constantia; repenting him of the Exil he had done her, and resolved again to set her at Liberty, or else to obtain of Penthrasu, to live for ever in the Castle, and by extraordinary means to obtain her Love; and upon a time he vode thither, and determining to see her; where when he came, he sound the Gate, at the intrance of the Bridge, saft shut, and nothing but a Horn banging thereat, saftened to a Chain, which he winded, and presently one of the Giants came to the Door; with whole light he shood afrighted, till he asked him what he would have? I would, said he, speak with Penthrasus.

The Giant bid him come in, and shutting said the Entrance brought him before Ita, who presently knowing him, said, I understand the Canse of your coming, which thou shalt never obtain, for which distoyal Thought, and other ignoble Deeds, thou shalt never depart from hence, until the Lady, which thou didst cause to be enclosed here, be set her at Liberty; with that, not suffering him to answer, she caused him to be bound, and carried into a dark Dungeon, where he was hardly dieted, and works breathed.

De having him in her cultody, knew that none olde was privy to Conferme a being there, caused shafe Verfes, to be written in better at Gold, and distance then over the outcamest Gate, and

by the lame, Configure ? Picture, whereon the cast luch a Sp that all that beheld it, were in love with her. The Veries w thefe:

Within this Castle is inclosed the Daughter of a King. Whose Beauty caused a Todytor's Fall. that did her from her Country bring.
Here must be hide until a Knight
by Forcedotte fet her free;
And by his Valeur end the Date
of croocked Deftiny. The World shall fame him for thus Deed, and great shall be his Name; Her lasting Love be shall injoy, that rids her our of Pain.

When the had written thele Verfer, so'd plac'd them under the Picture, the withdrew her felf into the Callie, flaying the coming of the next Knight for the Adventure.

CHAP. X. How Palia feeking for food, was decoursed by a Lyon: And how the In-fant was found by a Lady, who electified birn, and afterwards named

him Montelion.

Et us now return to speak of Falia, and what happened to the Infant: After the had travelled out of Arabia resolving. saithfully to do what she had undertaken, and had attained to
Affrice, she foon understood the News of the Armenians Victothere; Therefore the turned towards Revis, intending to fol-low Conflicts's directions to find him; but being wear multiplied to the turned towards Revis, intending to fol-low Conflicts's directions to find him; but being wear multiplied to the felf down apon a Mountain, franching transfer of definitions and definitions and definitions. ing in a vall deloiste Place, on the Top whereof grew a Tuft of Trees, that findowed are from the next of the Sun, where the

Not tur off there dwelt an antient Knight, named Citioners, who, with his Lady the fame Day had been a Hinting; and now the being weary of the Sport, with two Servants in her company, happened to alight at the very place where the Babe lay, who by that time was awaked, and miffing his Nurfe, began to cry. The Lady hearing the Noife, fearthing among the Trees, prefently found the Child; which the took in her Arms, commanding one of her Servants to take up a Bundle of Cloathe that ing one of her Servants to take up a Bundle of Cloaths that day by the same, and to wind his Horn, that Garbanes hearing if might come unto them; who according unto her Desire came, it might come unto them; who according unto her Desire came, asking her what was the matter. You have, said she, all this bay hunted after wild Beafs, and lost your Labour; but I Day hunted after wild Beafts, and loft your Labour; but I have found a rich Prize, yet by what Mistortune left in this place, I know not: With that they both viewed the Child, well noting his exceeding Beauty and Issuet Countenance with great loy carrying it home, naming it, Momelios: Finding in the Fardel many rich lewels, and a fair imbroyder a Scarf, where by they knew him to be of no mean Birth, educating him chearby they knew him to be of no mean Birth, educating him chearby they knew him to be of no mean Birth, educating him many fully; and after he was come to knowledge, teaching him many to commendable and vertuous Qualities. When he came to four teen Years of Age, Carhons taught him how to ride, and mannage a Horfe, often taking him forth a hunting with him, delighting much in his Forwardness, wherein he was fo apt, that he could not offer to teach him any thing, but he foon grew to be as perfect as himself. Whom we will leave to be educated to be as perfect as himself. Whom we will leave to be educated by Corbanes, and return to speak of Perficies, and what befel to him, after the Lois of Confrancia.

How Pifor, being recovered, perforated Perfictes to crave Aid of the Emperous of Perfia against his Enguer: and how he obtained the fame, and carried a mighty Host into Affyria, which was there O-verthrown.

Then Perfiele: had, in Heavinels and Sorrow, wandred up and down these Woods, the space of three Months, and the again coming to his Remembrance, upon a time they both the properties of the space of t

faw you stay so long, prawars to me, the went out of the Cottage to seek you, and I soon missing her, thought to overtake her and direct her to the Place where I best you: but by Missortune tasted of that ominous Fruit. Then, said he, she is assuredly devoured by wild Beafts, and I shall never the her again, my Mistor-tunes exceed the Bounds of common Mileries, would I had ended my Life, when I was wift born, then would not both Affiria and Persia have such Cause of Discontent.

My Lord, (quoth Pilor) I cannot be perswaded that she is dead, but by some Mistortune wandred out of Knowledge, or carried hence by some unexpected Means; therefore, I befeech you, bear her Lois with Patience, and in the end, I doubt not, but you will hear of her Safety. Thou givest me Words fall of Comfort, (faid he) but thou halt no ground for them; nor can I tell how by them to add any Hope to my wrestless Passions; for that the is lost, I am lure; or that I shall ever see her again I think it is impossible, being driven to so hard an exigent of Extremity, that I neither know what to do, nor whose Aid to implore. Thou seek another hath shut me out of my Kingdom, and in my Ablence won my Subjects Hearts from me. The Emperons of Perfis hearing of the Wrong I have done him, will be my Enemy, and then there is no Place of Refuge left for me, but in this Place, best besitting my Misery. - Yet, my Lord, (quoth Pifer) if I may be so bold as to counsel you, let us go to the Perfian Court, I, as I am, and you in that Diffuife; for none but your Sifter being privy to your Escape with Confiantia, you may, fafely, without Fear, go thither, both to confer with Piera, and to crave the Persians Assistance, to establish you in your Kingdom.

Persieles was unwilling to leave those Woods, where he was refolved to dwell for ever; but finding so hope thereby to recolelved to dwell for ever; but finding as hope thereby to recover her, and also being persuaded by Pfor, he condescended to go with him. When they approached near the Court, Pifor rode on before, and entring the same, he soon found Piera, declaring to her, the Misfortunes that was befallen to Perficles and Configuration; and that he was without the Court, Staying until he returned to know whether with Safety he might come to speak with her or no. Piera did then presently send for him by Pifor, who brought him into the Court, where he was welcomed by her with great Joy; with whom he continued some time in private Conference. She counselled him to discover himself the to Imperors Peria, and to crave his Aid against the Armenians, who would readily affift him; whereof the told him, he needed not to doubt, for that he had always been his Friend, and knew not of his E-liaps with the Princels, which none but her felf and Dela were

Whilst they continued in this Conference, Deloratus came in, and seeing one in such Habit with his Wife, did marvel who it should be: Itera espring him, less ther Brother, and went to her Husband, telling him who it was; wherewith he ran to Bersieles, and embraced him in his Arms, now perfectly remembring him, alroug Guter had much altered him. After many Speeches past, Deloratus, he, and Piera, went to the Emperour, who knowing him, welcomed him with exceeding Kindness. Persieles then unfolded his Missortunes, and delired his Assistance to revenge the Wrong the Armenians had done him; whereupon the Emperour gave Authority to Deloratus, to muster up Soldiers, and make Prevision for a speedy March.

This News was foor rumour'd in the Court, and many thoufand Knights prepared to and Payletes, whom they honoured for his valour and Courtene, purposing to spend their Lives in his Defence that of a sudden one part of the Country was up in Arms, and were conducted into Affrica, by Delorance, Perficles, Osimus, Pifor, and other Knights of great Valour; of whose Deeds in Chivalry we shall hereafter speak.

Perfekt had such it success, that after he had continued a long time in Affron, wet he is little prevailed, that he was compelled to fly back into Perfect to renew his Forces. These cruel Wars continued many years, the King of Armelia desending himself, and keeping full Follestion of his Crown, notwithstanding the Persians Forces. Deliments perceiving that the long Continuance of these Wars had wasted a great number of Soldiers, and fill the King was as far from Follestion of his Right, as at the first beginning, determined to give over, and therefore assembled together the cheifest Ruiers of the Host to know their Opinion, what further to remise on, who, with a general Consent, perswaded him once again to renew his forces, and if they did not prevail, never more to give the Orset.

how be received Knighthood at the Rail's Hand.

PErficies seeing Delorans ready to thrink from him, aghim-felf weared with that tedious War, went with full Resoluti-on either to end his Life, or ever after to abandon the Company on either to end his Life, or ever after to abandon the Company of all Men, and end his Days in Solitarinets. Delarate therefore fent Mellengers into Perfecto marker up new Forces, who in thort time returned Aniwer. That the Restan Camp was full-fourieure Thomand firong: Amongh the set it fortuned, Cockhaner (being in his Youth a Man of great Valent, and now being grown in Years, and of exceeding good Experience) determined not to give his Mind to Shath, being mann grieved to hear what a number of his Country Men were daily than, and therefore told his Lady what he intended; but he with Fears, and many Entreaties diffwaded him, but all country to prevail, his flear was fo fully fer thereon. Monetian new being grown to Man's Effact, hearing thereof, intreated Cathines (whom he effected to be his Father, and to called him) that he might go with him; but he would by no means content thereunto, the rather because his Lady mole earnestly entreated him, that if he are go, not to leave her Comforthels by taking Montehor with him; wherefore all his Entreaties prevailed nothing, but of needlity, he was enforall his Entreaties prevailed nothing, but of necessity he was enforced to fta

Cabbaics being departed. Monthless consists of fome Days office being to much graved in the thoughts to be left beh to Moone view of him the thought of Defire to much prevailed with a write good flore of Money some N , and when all thought be find the

By that time it was Day, he approached near the C nofs, wherein he flayed fome three Days, until he himfelf with Armour, which he caused a Workman exceeding good Lydian Steel; his Armour being forms of divers Trees, and Beats of penalt Gold

Device, a Naked Man amongst a Tutt of Trees: from the self. Having furnished himself in this fort, he left the City, and journed towards the Persian Camp in Assyria, where he was no fooner come, but he beheld both the Bat-tels joyned into a most terrible Fight, and a great number of Soldiers on both fides flain, lying covered and belineared with Blood, fome with their Swords grafped fast in their Hands threatning, and others with hedious Noise breathing forth their last Gasps and in the Camp be beheld fome flying, others perfuing; fonte francing fast in cruel Conflict, others with herce Terrour laying thole that were next them, some with hideous Noise animating their Fellow-foldiers, and others with Fear, crying, tive. There he beheld both Persians and Armemans interming led, each flaughtering other; wherewith he flood a while amazed, having nev'r before beheld fuch cruel Conflicts. At last he beheld a most gallant Man with his Sword drawn all covered with Blood, hurling up and down amongst the Armenians, performing admirable Deeds of Chivalry, till at last he was encompassed with such a multitude of his Enemies, that it was impossible for him to escape; which sight firred up in Mondian such sparks of Courage, and Desire to succour him, that his Heart urging him to escape some state of succour him, that his Heart urging here forwardness than his Steed could perform, and yet his Steed with furious Pace rupning as fwift as might be, ruthed in amongst the thickest of them : At first he pierced his Lance in amongst the thickest of them: At first he pierced his Laure through the Bodies of two that were opposite before him, and his Hotse with unstayed Course overtimes others, treading them under his rest, then drawing his Sword, whose sight dazeled the Beholders Eyes, till be darkned the same with their Blood, destroying such as mithstood his rastage, till he approached the Perhan Kinght, who without he Affistance had there ended his Life: But finding himself at more aborty by the friendly Assistance of this new come Gallant, resoubled his abated Courage, and joyning themselves both together, they performed such Deeds of Chivalry, as by their Valor, the through Multitude of e to get from

The Knight which Month enad referred was Perfecte, who feeling near that the new come Callant has preferred his feeling near that the the transfer hash meterved me, for the control of th

my Fortune; with that Montelion held up his Hand, to they he gave Confent. Perfects with all speed holted into the foremost of the Buttle, and Montelion followed after, making such way that those that stood to relist him dyed; where being come, they found Delorans, Osionas, Pisor, Contones, and many gallant, Knights in Combat, beset with Odds; but that Disadvantage was soon turned to Advantage by their approach, for the did re-Montelion personn such mighty Deeds of Arms, as made both the Persian and Armenian Holts admire who he was, and from

whence he came.

there memies more fiercely than they had done fince they began. Palian, the Ufurper of the Grown, feeing that, thinking to presvail as in times past he had done, called the chiefest Rulers to him, exhorting them to take Courage to relist the Enemies; upon which, with undannted Spirits, they followed the Battle with great Eagerness, that the Perlan Commanders were forced to fly to their Regiments to encourage them to fight. All this time Montelon and Perficies kept together, making thousands of the Armenians to pay their Lives for Tribute unto their Conquering Swords. Whilst they continued the Fight in the fore-front of the Battle, they fuddenly heard a Cry on the out-fide, which when Montelon heard (not regarding to be counseleded) he set Spurs to his Horse and rode thither, where he found Delorates among a great Throng of Armenians unhorsed, and fighting on foot, being grievously wounded, and against such Odds that he was ready to faint, amongst whom he rushed with such first than turning again towards Perficies, he espyad Colors unhorsed, when he knew by his Armour, and newly by force taken Prisons, but before they could convey him from thence, he began to cruel a Fight, that with the tols of many of their lives, he fet him at Liberty

The Armenium feeing their bellows thus daughtered, and the Enemy purious from to clothly, began to retire; and Falino well perceiving that is should tofe that Doy, therefore calling to him two Knights, one named Alikelos, and the other Ferror, he were the flowest Men in all his Armes, he has been the long with any and liver poor uses used in the liver have been the long with any and liver poor uses made there have been also been long with any and liver poor uses made there have been also bee

Soldiers, kept a-head together, and fronted that Battle where the King himself fought: Palies knowing him, with a Lance ready couched, ran at him, which lighted upon his Shield, and so burit in pieces, not once bruifing the well-tempered Steel : Then Althe sand the rest assailed him all at once, whom he resisted with such exceeding Valour, continuing a sharp Combat with them a long time; but at length the Odds proving too great, he was driven only to defend their swift Blows that they made at him; and then he began to wish for the frange Knight that had before fuccoured him, expecting nothing but Death.

By this time Montelion had referred Corbanes, and again got him Horse and Arms, which done, he lest him, and even at the very time the King wished for him, he came; and espying three Knights affailing him at once, he aimed his Sword's Point at Petron's Breast, who was next him, and running at him with all the force his Horse could possibly make, thrust him quite through his Body; and presently after, aiming the same at Palian, he ran it at him; and had he not avoided his Encounter, he had either flain or wounded him, but mifling him, he made at him with his Sword with fuch force, that in short space he gave him many wounds.

King Perficles having none but Alibefus to relift, did combat him brayely, who with the like Valour resisted him; but in the end, the Uforping King finding himfelf fo over-matched, would have often escaped, which Montelion perceiveing, gave him no respite

Now the Fight was most terrible to behold the Persians comforted by the only Valour of Montelion, running upon their Enemies with unreliffable Fury. The Armenians feeing one of their chiefest Champions Sain, and their General retire, were amazed; and rather ready to fly than fland; which animated their Foes with Courage to pursue them as long as the Day lasted. Montelion fall parfued Palian, in whose Resour many of his Knights interfered themselves, and dyed by his Sword; and notwithstanding though he withdrew himself, yet Montelion followed him so near, that he aften put him in danger of his Life, until he was to far past in amongst their Troops, that he was com-pelled with his Sword to make his way out, in whose retreat ma-

The Night drawing night, whillf the Armenians founded a Retime to consider what was best for him to at last determining to depart in secret, he espeed the King hard by him, who of purpose had watched him, doubting that which

he intended, who came unto him, and faid?

Sir Knight, The Kindnels I have found in you imboldneth me to defire your Company, and entreat you to accept of my lent to repose your self in; for that I suppose you are a Stranger, and it were inconvenient for you to journey after so great a Labour, having this Day defended me, that I count my self yours, and my Life preserved by your Valour; therefore deny me not, but let me requite your Kindnels. Moneton having heard Cothanes oftentimes commend the King for Valour and Courtese, and knowing how to behave himself as well to the Meanest as to the Greatest (being by Cothanes nobly educated, and of his own Inclination more apt to Conceive, than they were to Instruct) knowing him to be the King, said, Most honoured King, I am unfit to receive the Honour you proffer me, and my Deserts not worthy the Commendations you gave them; therefore I beseech you not to attribute to me more than is besitting my mean Estate, but rather License me to attend on you with all humble Duty, my Life and all my Endeavours being vowed to be spent in your Service, and my self ready at your Disposition. This said, they went together to the Camp, where they were welcomed with Shouts and Rejoycings of all the Persan Soldiers.

with Shorts and Rejoycings of all the Perlian Soldiers.

Delorates, having the Appland, came forth of his Tent to fee what was the Canfe thereof, and elpying the King and the firange Knight together, came unto them, and they both alighted to fainte him; but Delorate would by no means fuffer them to depart, but intreated them to lodge in his Tent that Night, which they did not deny: Then taking Montelion in kind fort between them, entered the Tent, where he unarmed himfelf. When they beheld his Youth, they wondred greately thereat, to be accompanied with fuch Valour; both Delorates and Aerfeles, using him with great Kindness. Prefently after the princial Commanders of the Camp aliamoted themselves together to their General's Tent, to receive Orders; amongst the rest was Cothanes, who at the arth enterance into the Tent, espeed his Son Maintelion (his Head being only unarmed) and by his Armour knew it was be that had so honourably preferved his his, he could not refrain from Rejoycing: Likewise Montelion lesing him, upon his Knee entreated him to partion by Boldness for coming to the Camp without his Consent.

he called a me was a me was a me unworthy, to be father of fuch a Son, who hath rather hewed himfelf the Son or fome Herofich a Son, who hath rather hewed himfelf the Son or fome Herofich a Son, who hath rather hewed himfelf the Son or fome Herofich a Son, who hath rather hewed himfelf the Son or fome Herofich King and occur in Morribately field more be darkened with the ignored rite of my son. I will declare to you all that know of him. Indeed he is not my son; but my judy use the ing one Day a numering, found him uses the Top of a Mount in Swadling cloaths, which was fuches threed he was not of mean farentage but of homograble Race his Nurfe, as I toppose, being districted for want of focal was wanted from him, whole Carcale and Gloaths we found not art off dedroyed by a Lyon; fince which time we have with laterinisely brought him up, coffice which time we have with laterinisely brought him up, coffice which time we have with laterinisely brought him up, coffice which time we have with laterinisely brought him up, to fleening him as our own son. This, my Lord, in bries, is the whole Sum of what know of him.

They all unity elled at his Words especially decades, who was from him of the deep Medication, that we at this be floor was from him of the Hand, faid. Although I know not want this for give you, set born you cannot be of lefs than noble allood, six dooks appear by the manifelt Tokens of your Herograd appears with us, who are mit the Care of that till hereafter, and kny with us, who are constorted with nour Preferee. My Lord, faid have to do you Ser-

They all maryelled at his Words, especially shortess, who was feruck into fuch a deep Middlestina that the attack he head like one Metamorphote. The kind does taken han by the Hand, faid; Although I have, not also faile to gave you. Yet born you cannot be of left than noble blood, as dock appear by the manifelt Tokens of your demand bit pointion; therefore renit the Care of that till herselfer, and fare whith us, who are not the Care of that till herselfer, and fare whith us, who are constorted with your bestere. By Lord, find he were my Constorted with your bestere. By Lord, find he were my Constorted with your bestere. By Lord, find he were my Constorted with your bestere. By Lord, find he were my Constorted with your bestere. By Lord, find he were my Constorted with your bestere lating devotes to your vice, would fremen the fame had in me, but only the inffinet of Nature, that hath effectually constated the fine into my Heart, therefore I humbly delive you to below on me the Honour of Knighthood, wherewith if he Dignifed by your vertoois Hands, I hall remain both with you, and endeasous so deleve the fame. Ferfels highly afterming him, and staddy embacing him, told him, he flouds that Night be in Bod. Sellow, and the next Day have his Defre. With many cases follows, the ended the Night, every fluter departing with consideration of the Watches.

to the first transfer the walked then the first train of the first train first train of the first train of t

Arly the next I aced in such fort, as if they expected a present Affault, which ing performed. Affault was with great Triumph brought to the Field, and by the King was invested with the Honour of nighthood, which when he received, the Soldiers gave an ex-

could not judge what the last Day's Discom for that in all the time of the control of the cont arnest Delire of Re counsel him, which way Knight's Aid among twice were in the midft of their for their for the high without the the City-Gates. to secretary to freprise them una-ted the secretary marched as as either to many life, iffsed

Certain Peril they should conti-they should conti-to should be heart-to Party of Horseav that the Armenin them and the City, which

The Accessor thinking to make a ludden Slaughter of them, and not at all inspecting their Readiness to receive them, with careless hafte approached the Camp, running upon their Eremies, whom they found in such orderly fort ready to receive them, that in short time they wished themselves again within the City. To recite every Particular of their Conside, with what Terror the Battle continued, would dull my Win

tion, therefore my centary that a least the admirable Beets of

Equity we have considering what a transport is the facility declared by his Uhitania to be made on a construction of the facility declared by his Uhitania to be made on the state of the facility of the facility of the facility of the made of the facility of the matter was a by force confirmed to hazard their dear Lie, which when he had dyed in sore blood, he met with Valum and of the first encounter has furely beref him of Life, had no his Floric by great master that facely beref him of Life, had no his Floric by great master that facely beref him of Life, had no his Floric by great master that facely beref him of Life, had no his Floric by great master that facely beref him of Life, had no his floric by great master that facely to the trades to death. A client Knight that was next at hand, released Faliam, and mounted him on his will force whereby he fall his own Life for Terral Plant with the force of the facely had been a facely by the facely that his own Life for Terral Plant with the force of the facely fall his own Life in the fall

While the parter we maintened in the Front by the cheif Communiers of soth the Armies, Montelion, with his resolute followers, whom nearts were interest with fuch Courage to be Guarded or to variant a coule, was gotten behind them, and team in a Maffacre, but Motern to me fudden was delivoured by his approach, whose Deeds of Valour amazed their Senies and absent their Courage with luch Terror, this like a part of the Armies of the approach of a deveuring Lyon with amazed bear from his Payes; even to the Alumina of Montelion, filling the approach of a deveuring that of Montelion, filling the approach of a deveuring that of Montelion, filling the approach of a deveuring the sound of Montelion, and the fearts of the sound of the Marie of Courage with the Notice thereof demands of Ming the policy and the meaning Material Colors then turned their many than the cause of Marie of Makelour and Only many Perficies, and the ref.

nd again flaying or sk. (Seing fill in his determining, him feld the Watch was kept. theyed, but he clipyed the through the Camp on Feet than or his own Company that feeing their Fellows a ly as he could, he personn therest. mics to thee ne) your Name long and have

him up, led him to his Feat, and calle tend upon him, and differing him, he ble King Perfieles

The next Day Wontellow canfed Matel

General, where he declared the Cana-the King was glid to been, that by the prevent the Intention of his Enemies commended Moneton for his Enemies; but most be an he discovered, it might have brought the whole Gamp into greaters; by this means every one growing into fuch Admit of his Valour, that they exceed but as

tudes forested him, being much delighted

I he britoner deliged the bing to appoint
committed that to Mantelow, a ho after he b
him, fent him tyanloulers to the Ext
trance, and declared the locatorium that nt his Ranform, but he te had honourably feather Feat, had not fome hope

him this Proffer: That although he might work Reth (whose Life was now at his Mercy) he should with-notion, with all his Soldiers, have free Liberty to de-

ith this McDige went to the City declaring the

The Hernald with this Mellage went to the City, declaring the canfe of his coming.

Palian hearing this Mellage, was puffed up with fuch Choler, that he returned this Answer:

That what he held was his Right by Conquest; and that he would hold; froming he should fend any Proffer to him that was well able to defend himself as little regarding his courteous Profest as its Malice; wishing him not to stay long, lest his Father's coming might instift a greater Punishment on him than he could close.

Perficies was greatly enraged with this his diffainful Replacement fearing indeed, that if the King's Forces were once come, it would be a great Caple to lengthen out the Wars; which he carwould be a great Caule to lengthen out the Wars, which he earneftly defired might have an end, that he might travel in fearch
of Combonies, for whom his Heart endured much Sorrow. Being
thus difference in his Thoughts, and defirous of cale of his reftlefs Passions, one Day, amongst many, that he passed over with
Pensiveness, he got him to a folitary Place, and there, in a sad
Silence, meditated upon his Misfortune.

Montelion being troubled with Remembrance of his unknown.
Estate, choic the same Place to utter his private Griefs, wherein
the King was already shrowded, and suddenly espying him, be-

the King was already invoked, and fuddenly etpying him, began to withdraw himself; but the King deliving him to stay, said,
Worthy Knight, I perceive some inward Care hath made, you
withdraw yourself from me; but impart your Discontent to me;
if nor, hear mine; for I have defined to declare mine to one on
whose Fidelity I might repose my self; and you are the Man I
have elected, having had infficient tryal of your Courtesse and
eriendship, that without doubting, I dare commit my self to
your Securities for your Aid may (as heretofore it hath) preserve

(quoth be) I count my felf only fortunate in your my Heart acknowledgeth everlaiting Duty to your hich bindeth me in all Reverence to become your Vaf-more ready to vanture my Life in your Service, than some a therefore, good my Lord, fear not to impose

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alt bieft and happy

I thank thee, good Friend that the King, unit of Foundation of the depth of ill Luck, being as you've depth of the of my Kingdon by the factor of the brief bifeonyle whereo

of my Kingdon by the factor of the brief bifeonile where Tyranny of the King of denor. The brief bifeonile where is this: My Factor of the brief bifeonile and Siller Parties this: My Factor of the brief bifeonile in the Polymer of the brief bifeonile in the brief bifeonile when the brief bifeonile bifeonile

Could not give its little Secrets we may Heart, departing sixty Fig., to selow I told the Secrets we may Heart, departing with her Promise of Ashistance. Whilst I went into Aprile with her Promise of Ashistance the Emerical States of the Secret of the Emerical States of the Secret of the Emerical Secret of the Secret of the

being more troubled therewise sites that reputed my of the control of the King of the control of the Covern the Covern of the Co

spent of my Kingdom control where, within a more fince I are Flabit of a Paimer into Forto, where, within a more fince I are forth means. It is an allowed fortone and the party in the Conference without so portion and a second and the party and Conference

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who keps our Councel, the was by assigned into again to lot form of my own kinishes, as attend me nome where he found form of my own kinishes, as attend to lot a state of the councel form of the councel for

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portant. I never have the trace. Palos he like wife weak that to feel us, and unbarrent white to feel us had unbarrent white to feel unhappy from that infilled a Sicephelic no. The for the space of four and twenty Hours: but you have relay most carried fearth we could never that her, and the a never family, but it is could recover this Evil done by my Poes, a would then found he was of my fatte in her Search. Having ended thate Speeches, has been the we fo much overcome with Griet, that he had much ado to with hold his Eyes from Texts.

Manuallor was oppical was no experient shanks, whole Heart tells more inward Enimpset than a Stanger's could have done, in filent salacis, feating to pertake of his Sorrows, but not able to mainlet him which way to retries them, that it is his by reason the nearney of the time around in the Respite, they were confirmined to depart.

Flow Montellon, by A Jir wige and American to and hold Palism Prijoner.

And the Palina Priferer:

A Intellegation that Night elected ont of his own Followers twenty Knights, fuch as he effective and valuent, telling them he had a Marter of gress Danger and Secrets to complet, which might be a means to effective the Knight in his Knighten, after by would faithfully account hum, where they all vowed to accomplish, and follows him, though the ware to one in Lestis. Arm you then (faid he) he Atmenian Armour, of which you have choife, and come to me at Madnight.

The Knights being all the according to the appointed time, he departed with them through he camp to be distylighten and there he knocked, but leave to but that the Porter small near him, who coming to the Battlement, demanded who at was: I am (quoth he) Alibejus and other Armenians, in these mayelf know by our Armour, and bring great here, therefore open the Gates. Ith by celay we are betrayed, for we are perfect. The Porter being saily to faccour them, prefettly inholited the Gates. Montelian was no fooner carred, but he he has the Borter, and enting the Locke, fell upon the Watch that lay deeping, which most but may be a fair than a distribution, specific life, and if the last most of them accours they award. One of them fabrithms are most of them as ally him, specific life, and if the last most of them before they award. One of them fabrithms had most of them as Alfythin, specificly life, and if the last most of the last the last the farm as Alfythin, specificly life, and if the last the farm as Alfythin, specific life, and if the last the farm as Alfythin, specific life, and if the last the farm as Alfythin, specific life, and if the last the farm as Alfythin, specific life, and if the last the farm as Alfythin, specific life, and if the last the farm as Alfythin specific life.

in fodore, quoth he, than I purchase they own Liberty. A Sword the Affyrandirected the Way, that he brought them even purchase by own Liberty was a sea on put the test to the Sword, the Assyrian directed from to be a seas and by so secret a Way, that he brought their evan within the courses of the Cafille to the very top where the Guard was. However, then said thus to his Followers. My Champion, let was Fear now possessy your Hearts, but by the Exploit was Homen's for ever; and by the Assyrian's Directions divided themselves into two Bands, the one to the foremost Emissives, and the other to a By-way. Months knocking at the Door, and one of the Guard opening the same presently he rulked in with his Sword drawn, killing the first, and all that came within his coupais. The Guardians were in amoral therewith, that they were consounded in their Sense, their Courses for was a time to consider, a sated, and their Hands with Fear and Frembling, not able to draw their Swords, and when they had drawn then knew not who to resist, for Montelow had his knights were to be shown in Armour, and so intermingled amongst them that they knew them not from thier own Fellows by which mans Montelow's Knights, who by a private Mark because another, made luch a Slaughter amongst them, that all the Floor did from with Blood: Some made means to shy out a the Back door, but as they stopped out they met Death, he that followed now knowing he that went before to be slaus, and any they all some shay way, they would one by one have had active all some shay way, they would one by one have had active all some shay way, they would one by one have had active all some shay way, they would one by one have had active all some shay way, they would one by one have had active all some shay way, they would one by one have had active all some shay way, they would one by one have had active all some shay way.

there was not one set alive.

This Plot was performed with luch Expension in the Nighttime, that the Rumon there is came and to the hearing of say,
Go that within a floor from and bittle lander. Atomicion interprized
Politic in his Bed, who become one to Armour befineared with
Blood, and his broad drawn, burting up, asked what he was a
Blood, and his broad drawn, burting up, asked what he was a
Blood, and his broad drawn, burting up, asked what he was a
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Blood, and his broad drawn, burting up, asked what he was a
Blood, and his broad drawn, burting up, asked what he was a
Blood, and his broad drawn burting up.

here is none near to Discreed of work sov

rich founded fo ske Man bereft of own Destruction. and Pifor with ple Death with red; oes his conquering contained van with d by heaps of Men of knowing whom

to offer this grown of the personne of the Tragedy.

The Councilors, but such as far in Seats of Justice, with all saids, wint to the Council property.

The Councilors, and such as far in Seats of Justice, with all saids, wint to the Council property was: where at their first entire, they found the pectacles of Horror, and Orest had broken entirely the Lawrence that property Knights (though but less) found had bands on them, flaying those that related, and making them that yielded with-

By the proposed on the first property of the p

Cate of the treat is considered to their Pavillions, and applicated to the second to write his Borders of the County, for the Approach of the king of America, which they all profed would be the king of the was now two Moreks

By the time the elyster with a force of three flower, the inhabitants of Affile to the last the force of the Affile to the first three three the sobjection of the Affile to the first of the Affile to the first of the Affile to the first of the first of

themselves and return to their own Hones, and defiroy all the Armenians that inhabited the fund of Africa, not infering Man Woman. Child to live

tude sent the plane of the last senter the process of the control of the control

Man, both the and all her Children dyel; and if they Rond a Woman with Child, or having any Children that he could not them an Allyrian was the Father of them, they had all of them

In the steam white all those that were it takers, were brongs forth. Appears by the sangest of his Nakkes People and Country appearant them to dive (I alway excepted) who safe in that they furfered a frametal Desiral and he not been a Kingg Son; being buy committed to lake Subady, where he was ho

ty the beauty of the beauty of definition of the second real states of

Monrelion honoured with fach

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Commendations as his Worthinels after the course of the Right they hould attributed that headers of the law takes bour, all Men growing into deep Amelian squareds have and with Rejoycings manifelt their Love.

CHAP. XVI

Of the King of Armenia's Arrival with a new druny; how Montelings for Palian at Liberty, and of a Peace that was concluded.

W Hereas certain of the Spyes had knowledge of the approach of the King of America, and brought News thereof to the Court, which threed up new Diccord amongst them, for their they began on all lides to arm themselves arrest. But that was soon stayed by the coming of Ambassadors from the King of

Armenia, who delivered their Meliage thus :

Perficies of Affirm the Mighty Rine of Armenia commands thee to deliver his son ration in latery, whom he understandes he thou half taken Priloser. Without he require the firtuition to be made of the Grown and Kingdom of Affirm, which by Right of antient inheritance is his anterval to will bring to pulify and invincible an Army against thee, thus half waste and consume this Land, not leaving Giry. Lown, or Houses; he will make the Inhibitants perpetual Bond-slaves, and he will cause thee to My, or abiding his soming, he will take the Captive, and lead thee into Armenia, where then half remain his Vasial. This is the Son of that he requireth, therefore let us have Answer a will not study, said Persither, what to say, but thus say to thim: His Son is my Prisoner, and I will detain him, as for his Threats. I sear them not, oftenly depring his safe Title to my

I will not fludy, faid Berlehn, what to fay, but thus fay to thim: His Son is my Prifoner, and I will detain him; as for his Threats, I fear them not, utterly deriving his faife Title to my Crown, which many Ablence he letzed upon not by Valour, but by Treachery; and tell him, that I demand Reflication for the Wrong he hath done me and my Country, which if he deny, nothing that make me satisfaction but his Son's Death. And tell him thus: Let him with his hafte return, left my Fury overtake time, and to the feet the Mifchief he intendent to me, for I mean to meet a more featily, and were fach Distriction among the Solders, as that emits these to feet his Lite for be-

replace tools to be Words with full furz, that the Ambal-

THE SELECTION OF FORTING A SELECTION OF THE SELECTION OF

rather Performance of his Demand, was to enraged, that he prefently commanded his Soldiers to march to the City, wowing to redeem his Son, or be taken Priloner himself.

to redeem its Son, or he taken Priloner himself.

Perfiches to had collected a mighty Band of Persians and Assyrians to meat him, that this was likely to prove the hottest Battle that ever was fought in that part of the World. In the mean time Palian was brought before Resides, who was feated upon his Kingly Throne in great Majesty, and then hid. What canst thou alledge to excuse thy self from Death, having rightly deserved the same? Thou knowest that it now resteth in my Power to set thee free, or put thee to Death; which the just Heavens have inflicted upon thee, as a due Panishment for thy Tyranay.

I am (queth Palian) a King as Absolute as thy less, therefore, I know then darest not put me to Death, which if then shouldst presume to attempt, know that my sather is hard at thy Elbow to revenge the same, whose Power thou can't not escape; therefore I desie thee, and dare thee to do the same, for I know thee to be of so cowardly a Disposition, that when thou dost once come within my Father's light, thou wilt runaway.

The People that stood by hearing this, cryed out, Hang him up; let him dye, let him dye; and it was long before the Mul-

The People that stood by hearing this, cryed out, Hang him up; let him dye, let him dye, and it was long before the Multitude would be appealed, but at length the King said. Traytor, darest thou utter these Words in my Present. Thou shalt afforcedly dye, all the World shall not redeem thee; and so commanded his Guard to hew him in pieces, whereupon they began to would him; but Montelion stepping between them, and humbling himself upon his Knee, thus said.

Most Noble King, vouchafe to hear me speak, and without Offence let me claim my Right. This Knight is my Prisoners and to put him to Death without my Confent, were so do me Wrong. Yet although! speak this, pardon me, I speak not acony thing to contradict your Will, but humbly delire your Majesty to grant me this Favour, that as I took him, so I may dispose of him.

The King with great half role from his Seat, and embraned Montains, faving. Were it my Kingdom, my Life, or any thing elfe that I steem more than both, that you required. I would for ever curre my Hears if I should deap it you for you have done me it mes found, and my Debt is to you fo great, that if

eparted : to wh peding Reward, nor fe

mont and arming timfelf rede diffeourtzouffy away, his front clears not fuffering him to give monition Unanks.

Being come to the Camp, he humbled himself to his Father, who embacing him find. My dear Son, Welcome. Then firsting up and down, fild, I thought that Baftard Berfieler, durft not detain thee, for it he had, his Life had paid thy Ranform and shall do yet for keeping thee to long: By ywere, this Night will I fire the City about his Ears, because I know the Coward large not come facility ages me.

dares not come farth to meet me.

Hearing his Father thus boalt, and knowing how unlikely he was to perform it, such a Passion of deep Consideration, canfed in him such a sodden Alteration, contrary to his former Disposition, and calling to remembrance how lately he was in danger of Death, the great Power Respect had about him, the late Slaughter he had made amongst his Soldiers, the Courteste of Morreton. smost of all his ingratitude sowards him that had given him his

ife thus faid

My Noble Father. Not the Fear of your Forces, nor Perfete's Cowardize (for a subject of Doom I had dy'd) let me at Liberty, but the Courteile of mobile Ruight who took me Prifoner; who when Perfete had appointed my Death, and the Executioner feizing on me challeng'd me to be his Prifoner, honourably armed me, and courteoutly let me go; therefore, I beleech you, withdraw your Forces, and offer no Wrong to Fa fields, who never offended you the Kingdom of America is in good as Affirm, and better, and it is better to enjoy that with Quiet, then both that and this with Dilcontent. If not for that, yet for this, I humbly interest.

fo inwardly cheaned that his Heart was re-ing monified, rather o to his son's Requelt, g vielding vielding Jeven Didow Bo for this time you hall over

Courtese Love, and carnest insection with many earnes Vowe for preferving ins Lafe, that Montelion would educate the fidden Alteration in than, that before was fo Rude and Discourteons, most lovingly embraced him: Then did be until the Canic of his coming with such Earnestness, entreating Montelion to joyn with him to conclude the Peace, that he promited him Assistance, so they went both until the Rang.

Palian delivered to Meliage with bumble Reverence and Proficies with as much entering excelled to, and so effectually was this wrought, that the Peace was accepted, and both Armies meeting in the Field, instead of blows embraced each other, and both the Kings saluted each other, first in thenge fort, but afterwards with more lamiliarity. After many Speeches on both sides, Perficies accusing him of Wrongs, and he full alledging the contrary, but Palian laboured earnestly to conclude the Peace, yet the Battle was like to joyn, and often times they both grew to great Rage, which by Montelion's and Palians persuations was concluded. Growing to this Conclusion, a Peace was ratified fee two Tears in which time Amballadors should be sent to the Emperous at Perfic, and the stang of Macadonia, to entreat their Royal Assistance to make an end of this Controversic.

a though he had become a strike the that then he hould extra value interall or lufe all; garding how much he had coubled Downers and the Per-who now defines to return some to their own Country; or most of all less siences rave in learch of his dear ablent, for whose fatety he ing solver of the control of the con taberty, whose Ablence nationly dispairing of er Ambanity could cause in her search, thinking

that he has by entreated his bathers have to but a live his better forms, yet hot with his world have fent after him to have fraid him but his Nobles per world have fent after him to have fraid him but his Nobles per world the Affyrian Court, declared to Mon-count the Canic of his leaving his Father's Court, which was with no other latent (he had) than to enjoy his company, and to do Persides Services which proposed a not frameny coloured Difficultiation, but from the spin of courts and his Father's Tyranny wrought in him, that he admired the one, and shipping the occupied had no cause to middule him for account to refuse his Familiarity.

Very series

of in fearch of Constantia the best in the Persian Court,

teri his D ther thane well (for

part with it intil er and his bundance of Foster-The the Empe-Tears : to attend them, the ront. States Piera, and a number tt to meet them : The red to entertain them neating of the t them fome two Mile in great Reverence, an the other three Ruights with Courteles - the Nobles embracing them, and at the Gate they law the Emperous with his Royal Affembly lesses their coming, unto whom Delarate kneeded, whill they will Tears welcomed his late Resupa; and whilfs he embraced Fore, the Emperous and Empress faluted Respects and when they had left to speak to Piece, they demanded of Delarate who those Ivange Knights were.

One of them, faid he, is our late reconciled Friend Palian, and the other is the most valuant. Knight Mostelies, that by his

als Valous hath, posterior our even consequence and see and working by contour seems on the family consequence and seems of the family con

who with Reversace state to the formula hands of the first behelf in a number of the first formula hands of the first fi

The Ling Being and the Rush and the Rush which way to travel in Research of the property of the Rush which way to travel in Research of the property of the travel of the second of the

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How Praxentia fene h Montelion, and

To Aire devices by an means he could to have Conference with the Prince's refusing Reft. Food, and Company, to find thereon; aftentimes enjoying her company, but had not the opportunity he expected, in fequal with beholding her Beauty and tying nimitely falter as the courses of tore, incline, no hope of Comfort, but on a Pay it thus relieve the televing Falte fem a Dimitely can old hady named Lange willing her to come and Speak with her; who preferres came and being alone, they had this conference:

Limit a fail the I have occasion of year Allefance in a matter of great Secretic, which I have refused to invest to any but your fell a for the good Opinion I have of your first you may do me

lan milore, but I fear lain pot be

vielas not his reil know he dares not tell to never confent thereto; it were it never fo mean; it ing my (elf delirous that ceire; but I lpent that is

you work fome mean Tell me hit Nan pass, I will byfor Beloite August 18

him.

It is the trunge find without impeaching my by, I shall not blush he once go from hence, spoken that word, she not; for not being one at the further onder he is, (fair and to acour.

the Garden, elpy-Montelion be or in a deep Study ompany, and entre Palian, not now in ed Palian lying or atting by him and Grove: Lan either, falution you't have a Ma Montellon , lie : here is (laid 8 this News cannot but be

ratefully accept I heartily the affiring you that I am eye

thereof, and contrary. In

him is a deep Meditation what to do to enjoy her now to do it without Difference to himself, and ine Montelian; but that he thought impossible, entering into Meditations

thele Meditations

How contrary is my Hap to all good Success, that maketh me hazard my Honour, to adventure such a Task as may bring me to perpetual infamy? How often both my Life been hazarded by Manchon's Hand and ye like a Francic Man for ske my Friends to follow him. Could any thing have failing out more miserable, than for me of dots an harmonal loveth another, and he the only Man that both at ways provented my good Fortune? Shall a then cherific this Lore, or root in out of my Heart, as a Poylon that will ance my food. For the King her Father will never yield his Consent, and which is worse she will not love me; I will therefore leave it of, and falve the Wound before it be past recovery, and rather abandon this Court, my Life, Country and Friends, than the for Love in another Man's Name.

Resolving many of these Cognitations, at last he cipyed Manchoo communities from the Grove, unto whom he spake in this manner.

Sir Knight, as I lay flumbring on this Book, my Scales were greatly troubled with your Remembrance, for to my thinking an old Lady taking me for you, told me that a Lady of great at a Lady of great Dignity did to to know how I date it be he lim to this lady bould by I know not

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CHAR XIX

How Palian in a District has Constront with Prescritia, who look him for Muntelson.

If this time? Now was gotten in his Chamber, being much be subbled in his Mind altering the very successful in Lavel and vert to sove, and attain her withdraw harding his Honour but his Affections has the supersoney and twice Sparks of a crue that was but newly knowled in his Burall, vanished, and in religious to try the attenual lifes although it were in an ellies?

Evening the war and the freeless best of Probable which we to require to the task and and the probable thin he would but fo ferretly desails to the good News the line that the probable when Door and Afrey's deposit to the Princels, and to take the writer Speeches and with you, which expoyed her result to the Princels, and to take the writer Speeches and with you, which expoyed her result as a surface of the young of the activities and to take the writer Speeches and with you, which expoyed her result as a surface of the young of the activities of the last and the activities and the last and the l

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certified the France what the lace describing whose leveling grown to a telled Resolution, and delirous to ease her a her Diffinet, gladly contented thereinto, thinking the time to

her Disquet, girdly comented thereinto, thinking the time too tedious. Company roubletome, and her supper unfavoury, to talte the Sweetnels of her stolen Affection. Pales at the time appointed went to Term, who had already provided his Difguile, wherewith translated himself, and took her Directions to find the entrance into her Causage.

Pales being entred the Garden found the Door faut, but Praceum having a fight of his out of her Window, came down her felt to open the fame. His Heart was to ravided with low of her Pretence, that he could not peak, but humbling similed upon his Knee, faid, Verteous Lady, I humbly believe you to pardon this my Boldness, which I would never have nedertaken, had not fome former Humanism and me the not fome former Hope wimsted me the

give my Heart to your Disposition, which shall account it self everlastingly happy to be imployed in your Service.

Good Knight, said she, had I not been thely affired of your Vertues. I should never have admitted you this favour; therefore I accept your Giff, and in exchange thereof will give you mine, so that you promise me to use it honourably.

Else said he, let me become the infamous Reproach of all the World, let my lays be turned into Service, in Health into Sickness, my Pleasure into Jain, and all that I wish to prove my Good, turn to everlasting Misery.

Your Protestations, sear Knight, upon she, are of sufficiency to overcome my yielding Feer that harboureth no Missoube of your disloyal Meaning, but is saily affured your Vertues cannot harbour Dislimulation, that it altogether different from Vertue: therefore trusting you more than my self. I admit you that Favour I never before granted, which is so receive you as my chosen Friend, trusting you will be as fathful as I delire, and will not reward my Favour with Disloyalty.

So taking him by the Hand, she led him up into her Chamber,

So taking him by the Hand, the led him up into her Chamber, where many Specches part between them, he with carrieflucing intracing her Content to love him; and the sinding him by many cashs and alows to be confirmt. He durit not utter many there has been and alows to be confirmt. He durit not utter many that he has been and alows to be confirmt. as, and though peradventure

the would are taken any think in the yethest to discover himself all make him shake no us profess but in his televition, so near as he could, framed himself as the flame of Mostelion, which pleafed her well, who although he were very affectionate her fell, yet he impaired his obtained Modelly, to Vertue and his Diffiguration is use Modelly, that by his Conference he was fully affired of his Love, and the of his Loyalty; being now constrained by tealor of the Loyalty and his to break on their Communication, see any their next Meeting to Lamble 3 Direction, parting with many convictors farewels a the fully contend to a lower has discontented, that he had attained that Factor in matter Mac. Name, which is he had attained as proper to him fall he bound have deemed himself mode happy being closured with their Contactors. He got to Lamble 3 Chamber, to whom he discovered his formate Succes, telling her, that in the Eventus he would come, to next, to know the Princell's Pleafers, and her Directors to peak with her another time.

## AP. XX

How Montolion was brown by Praxentia; bow he was prevented by Palian of speaking to live, who middle failed lay with her.

The Morning way the Princels for look her Reft, and though he dept but little that Night jet the was loth to be scaled of Smith. And meetiled her left, reasons a more than ordinary soyne Commentum to her Marid was more at eale) the attended the Empress in company of other Ladies: And it for fell not that Day, that the Empress with the Peers of the Land tealed with Periods. Assertion and the which fell out according to her Wills, that he may be but her beloved Knight with a prelimary view and he was no left glad than the, that he might her be own whom his Heart was fixed; and every one, faving Periods and sweeters, had their Hearts inclining to Diffeort, only the two rected lad, which was easily to be effect, and chiefly noted by Praises with one Concest, and Palian with another.

All Dinner-time (Accessed E.) is were fixed on Monchine and Palzar's on hers, bending down with a heart of types a which put her into many Cognistions; four-cross thinking he distance for look on her openly, who had been decreed to him in ferree; and then he thought it was fear to allower the Lore, a which egerfroher, her Cook of earless or, fomet in a with Griecategory Angel or extince with Fed., firms her Eye
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More los in the name with a pendin (Countenance). The large bean coded, the Emirer on view the Empare of entre to twing them their Secretion. Then have began to pendiqueted in the fact that their secretion. Then have began to pendiqueted in the fact left More has be a Countenance with Management to the influence in the large translation of the counter to the fact that the pendic and he have have a considerance of the counter for the influence of the counter to the counter for the influence of the counter translation to meet a sum with her white access, daily have pendic to ministry in the counter for the looked. The more helical things for that, the except to looked, the more helical things for that, the except to looked, the more helical things for that, the except the counter have the counter have the counter have which thought fine magint well impute to an income Rhate. The time of a return to large gower, and we can be not be accounted here. Which thought fine magint well impute to an income Rhate. The time of a counter have filled a figure of the counter have the income for the large gower. The time of the counter have given fill a figure of the counter have the counter ha

and to left we have some of an affired longer neither said he account it bitter to write of Government for the less in which we wint of Government for the less in which was call chough to the less in which we have a constant of the less in the le

Mollage from Palers for as foon as the Company of the property of the part of

Momelon had now taken since a View of their Beauty that he yielded to to a Thrill and according to his differential fland was pleaded with not hing my softenisely. In Alexico, to maintake upon his Misfortune, on an in-love, and his lichigeness to attain thereto; on Pales are evention as his unknown Effate, and an his sower fourness is teach of family being thousled with fixed the series with the could not referre upon any many fixed the series with perfect and referre upon any his fixed, and we represent the he could not referre upon any his fixed, and we represent the heart of the series we represent the heart of the series and the wanted heart. Hipper or Country he thought warms himself to speak to her, but he leaving a Demail would be his Remain and that would be worse than Death.

Thus is an lied in Mind, he betook himself, he his reft, fease

Thus troubled in Mind, he belook himself he his relt, fease oble to give make a one Minute's hisponitif Morning, and there gain as voir of Constart as if he dreamed a thousand Impossibilities neither able by the Constant of Perfects nor otherwise to dentify a mean as Gazde for his Love was fear olem, that it could not be permitted in feature intendentiality to oversign, the same for Patient by Indirect Policy, same the minute constant that by Office recourfe unto her, he won her to the in minute constant, that the rafted wholly at his Disposition, here we make a before the old Lady first taking him for Mondion, never making to be her that the total all her were into him, this make the world define the perfect here formed; and all that the perfect here to would define the perfect here formed; and all that the perfect here to keep her other to recover his Bislovake, non-making her to keep her Okanber for same Dome, to be a making her less fire a second Dome, to be a making her less find a close was Dislocated to the property of the second and the perfect here to be property to be a property to be property to be a property to be property to be property to be a property to be property to be a property to be a property to be a property to be property to be property to be a property to be property to be property to be a property to be property to be property to be a property to be property to the property to be pr

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Room: the began to sex left, while the property of the series of the him, appointing him the new that the one while he had been desired as the series of the feethealty with the Emperoir was fine to one to one as a feether pointed her to be her Keeper and none to one as a feether of the Sufferance. Which preside the former to one as a feether hig come. Palest went to American the former will assume the declaring all that had keeperated appointing him that Might exceed hit come hither. Lemma we have a would not wike know his coming to her that Night because the floud not break her fleet

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the bender of a mount Bendloer, the Frent was in the land as a last much ado to a plant in from tone chang that because. He is also from long being translet with fome frances in year on me a waked, and of young no force her bed, the water day to give a Shriek. But make her bed, the water day to give a Shriek. But make her bed, the water day to give a Shriek. But make her bed, the water day to give a Shriek. But make her bed, the water day to give a Shriek. But make her bed, the day to give a Shriek water day to give day to gi

and of the second countries, meant know your but I must select the second countries of the second coun

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ie diferented what Modelly will not premit, acing doice by you, pray pardon it.

The light, quoth be, can procure no Offence, forit hurt eth not; therefore feeing I committed no Injury; but where there is mutual Love, and Confent in Love, there nothing can breed Offence but Dilloyalty, which is as far from me as impossibilities, then I can no way offend, but in that, and in that I will need ver Offend

All this may be granted (quoth the) in you, but not in me ; for I count it agreat Offence to be immodelt, and nothing more contrary to perfect Vertice.

You cannot offend (quoth be) in that to me, for having giving your left mine, why flould I not both see touch and enjoy you? The first being granted, the last cannot be denied! It is not the outward a tion that unites the Heart, but the inward Confest. Confent.

I deny you not, (faid the) all that I have is yours, by my own Confert and free Gift, yet you must forbear Polishion until the Burgain be confirmed before Witnelles; otherwise your Title is not good. not good.

Yes, (faid he) my Title we better by your Gin, than by a thou-fand Witnesses; for if you dely, they cannot avail me, there-fore fance you cannot deny my Interest, yield me Possession. on.

These Words were intermingled with many Kisses and Imbra-ces able to fair Alfestions to tracheight; so that knowing his Meaning by his Words, he and, Dear Knight, I understand your staning, which will not, not compose grant, he in any thing cite you that command me, only idelite and am adotived to preferve my Virguitty without Blemish; therefore, note Knight, request it not, having to much as you cannot delive more; my Life, my Company, my Love; and all is an your Disposition;

nig bas Alamin being

Requests, intermingled with such Oaths and Protestions, being such as no reasonable Man would have debanded and framing in himself such a kind of desperate Behavour, that she could not tell how to deny him, and at last calling Lawre unto her, she whispered a few words in her East, whereupon drawing the Curtains, he departed the Chamber.

Police leeing that, put of his Apparel, and last himself down by her, solding her delicate Body in his Arms, with sweet Embraces expressing both their Loves; but she kept her Word, for notwithshanding he did what he elie desired, yet she reserved her Virginity inviolable, adjusting him by so many Entreaties for to leave that unattempted, often intermingling her. Words with such effusion of Tarrs, that the hardest Figure would have yielded unto her, promising, that if she aid not compass her derriage the next. Night, that he should affirmly attain his Desire, though she hazarded her Life to accomplish it.

In these and such-like Speches, the Night was unawares to them overpass, and the accessive or the Time sorced his Departure, that taking his leave of her with many ceremonious Farewels, he apparelled himself, and less her to maintain on that which had pass between them.

How Montellon a formet Palian's Ocean, and how he was, in fone fort, revenged, hafting Particles to Depart.

orning that Marchin was early up, and being coubled Head, and a love-fick Hears, walking one come eparted - Who letting one com-collowing mm till he came to his

alian himself that he had in fimiled himfelf, and

the Garden; and as he walked by the Door, with purpose to take up his standing in the Arbor; Lamila was come down by the way to bring a Fryar in, who should secretly knit up the Marriage, and ellpying one go by, she thought it was him that was appointed to come, and called, saying, Who is there, Montel on 2. He hearing that, said, it is I. You come to soon (quoth she) the Fryar that shall marry you to Praxenia is not yet come, for whom I am now going. He was half amazed, but thinking to find out the Truth, said, What shall I do then? (Quoth she) Return and change your Apparel, for if you come in this, she will be offended, for many troubled Thoughts have possessed her Mind this Day: she fell out with me wonderfully for bringing you in the last Night, when she was in Bed; and when she bad me draw the Curtains and be gone, I thought you would have pleased her, e'er you parted: But saith tell me, was she not kind; had you not what you would have? Montelions blushing to hear her immodest Questions, made no Answer, soothing her until her stattering Tongue had bewrayed all the Mischeif herself was guilty of Well (quoth she) stay here till I am returned, and then you shall go with me, for I dare not set you in before.

Montelion wondring at this Accident by the Circumstances that he had heard, assured himself that some Man in his Name had attained her Love, which fretted his Heart with such Vexation, that he was ready to run mad with Grief: but calling himself to remembrance, he said. You may save the labour, I have dealt with one to that Effect, who promised me to meet me within this Hour; return therefore, and my self will stay his coming. Landla thought nothing but went in, telling the Princess why she returned so soon. Momelion covering his Face as privily as he could from being discovered, walked up and down by the Door, and in short space he espect Palian coming, and asked who was there, Are you Montelion? I am, said Palian: I am the Fryar, quoth he, that am appointed to marry you to Praxentia. With that he embraced him, desiring him to make no Question, but with all speed to dispatch the thing he had undertaken. I will do it, said he, out of hand. Being both together come to the Door, and by Landla brought into the Chamber, Praxentia embraced Palan. Gring, Welcome, my dear Ringht, Momelion, this jorket Hoor shall make its both happy, which I have with

I cannot, quoth he, yield you more than hearty Thanks, and vow by Heaven and Earth never to deal disloyal with you in Thought, Word, or Deed; therefore according to your Pleafure let it be done. Montelion, so well as he could, counterfeited the Fryar, and desired a Light: My Friend, said Palian, it may discover us. Shall I then wed, quoth he, I know not

whom?

Nay, faid Lanula, never fear to be discovered, for on my life here is none that suspecteth. With that the lighted a Candle. fetting it far off on the Table: and presently he said to Praxentia, This is not Montelion, but some Villian that hath betrayed you; and discovering his Face they both knew him. Her Heart with sudden Grief was ready to burst, and he with a sad Conntenance frood like one transformed; and Lanula with abundance of Tears stood wringing her Hands; and Palian with very Shame. flood as one bereft of Sence, whilst Montelion faid, What disloval and most dishonourable Dealing is this in a Prince, whose Mind should harbour nothing but Vertue? Can Diffimulation take such deep root in a Royal Breast? Then well may base-born Peafants be excused for barbarous and faithless Dealing; unworthy to be fo worthy of that Name. Was there none to exercise your detested Practice upon, but the Daughter of a King, and in the Name of a strange Knight, that by his Deeds seeketh Honour? What Impiety can be compared to this? Indeed such an Act defireth Obscurity, therefore you did well to deny Light, for were it Day, the Sun would blush, or withdraw his Splendor amongst the mifty Clouds to behold it. Well, may he live, but for ever will he be hated, that feeketh to fulfil his Content by fuch difloyal Dealings.

Base Fellow, quoth Palian, prelument then upon my Lenity to abuse me? I count at no Dishonour to win the Love of so beautiful a Lady by any Hazard: yet it grieveth me that I was com-

pelled to name myfelf after him I account my Inferiour.

Ay, faid she, you are Superiour in Birth, but not in Vertue.

By Heaven, quoth Montelian, thou hast so much dishonoured this Lady, and injured me, that thou art not worthy to live, and were it not to offend her facred Eyes with flaughter, she should behold thy Massacre: with that he drew his Sword.

Now, good Friend, quoth she, stay thy Hand, indeed it will offend me, therefore let him go and live to my Dishonour and his Shame; for I will not be guilty of his Death, And I beleech

thee, as thou favourest Vertue, not to disclose it to any, least hearing it spoken by others, it procure my Death; as for him, I think Shame will with-hold him from blazing his own and my Reproach: for Lanula, she hath done me Wrong against her Will.

For my part, dear Lad, quoth Montelion, it shall never pass my Lips, while Life doth last, for I so much abhor the Fact, that I hate to hear of it.

Palian seeing his Policy disclosed, thought it was now no time to recant, for he well perceived she mortally hated him; he was so overcome, that he stood like a living Greature transformed to a senseless Picture. She pulled from her Neck a rich Jewel, and gave to Montelion in consideration of his Pains, withdrawing her from their Company. Palian, what with Shame and Grief, went from thence in a Rage ready to run mad, spending his time in such Anguish, Studies, Plots and Devices, which way to win her Love, that within short space he became so sick that all Men expected his Death.

Montelion calting off the Affection he had entertained, with a Conceit that Palian had dishonoured her, as he might well suppose by Langua's Speeches, hasted Perfules in Search of Constantia, not once discovering the reason why he had altered his Mind, resolving never to set his Fancy upon Lady's Beauty again, which did but disquiet the Mind, and make it unapt to practice Vertue, promising never to leave searching until he had found his Parents, and Aid him in search of Constantia.

The prefixed Day being come, they armed themselves, none knowing the Intent of their Departure but Piera. Taking their leave of the Emperour and Empress with great Solemnity, the hearty Love of thousands of Persans wishing them good Success, many seeming dead with Grief for their Departure, who with their Tilts, and Tourneys, and Triumphs, had delighted the Eyes of all the Beholders. Persicles was armed in black Armour, with all his Furniture correspondent, and Montelion in Armour of Silver without any Device at all therein, with his Horse and Furniture as white as Snow, that by their Difference they might castly be known by all Men.

Of certain strange Adventures that held Persiches and Montelion, by which they were parted. The Conference that Perfices had with De-latus, which contained the History of Delatus's Adisfortunes. How Perficles, by Delatus's Counsel, returned into Affyria,

D Eing without the City, and parted from all Company, they D travelled towards Arabia, spending many Days without aay Adventure, and over-passing the tedioninels of that Travel. in conference of fundry Matters, but especially Perficles deciphered the Favour, Proportion, Beauty and Countenance of Confiantia, that Montelion might the better know her. With tedious Travel, they arrived in a pleasant Valley, through the midst whereof ran a most pleasant River, whose Crystal Streams ran with great swiftness, washing the pebble Stones in the bottom so clear, that they might easily be discerned. Riding along by the River-side, they beheld a far off, two Damfels all in White on Horse-back, crossing the Meadow with such swiftness, that they were foon out of light: Montelion defiring to know what they were defired Perficles to return : with that, he spurred his Horle, who ran to fwifely, that the Earth feemed to shake under him, riding a Mile before he could overtake them, but fo foon as they cipyed him, they turned back, and one of them faid :

As thou art a Knight, and favourest the Diffress of wronged Ladies, pity us, and youchfafe your Aid to redeem our Miffress. who was even now taken from us by three monfrons Gvants

Fair Vingras, (quoth he) I profess Arms, and to my attermost wall affift you, elle were I not worthy the Name of a Knight :

therefore let me know her Name.

She is (faid they) Daughter to Amphiador, Duke of Ila, her name is Philothers; for Beauty, Vertue, Modesty, Shape, Gonr-tene, Humility, Temperance, Chastity, and Wisdom, not to be equalled, cherefore the more to be putied, and succoured in Diffres; we are passing back to bring this heavy News unto the Court, and while we stay here, she runs in further Danger.

Which way went they? (faid he.) Directly by the way we came, (quoth they) whom we should have followed further, but that we durft not venture over the River after them. With

that Montelion returned back, declaring to Perficles what he had heard

If Report lie not (faid Perficus) the Damfels have not flatteringly praised her. I have before this heard of her. Then both of them hasted to follow her, passed that River with much danger of drowning. When they had rode two Hours they met with a Country Swain running forward so fearfully, as if he had

been pursued : Fellow, (faid Perficles) what ailest thou?

O Sir, (quoth he) I met with three of the hugest Men that ever I beheld in my Life, carrying a Lady that made great Lamentation. Hearing this, they posted down the Way that was beaten plain, at last the same parted in two Ways, and being doubtful which of them to take, they concluded to part, embracing each other as if they should never meet again, Persiels on the right Hand, and Montehon on the Left. On whose several

Adventures strange Accidents befel.

Perficient rode on with great swiftness, not once setting Eye on them, for that Way they went not: therefore he spent much labour in vain, until it grew to Night, and then he thought it is vain to seek them, and wandred about to seek some convenient. Place to rest in, but he could not, for those Desarts were not inhabited. At last drawing nigh to a rocky Hill, he might espy a glimering Light to shine through the hollow Glests thereof: and thitherwards he went, perceiving it to be some poor Habitation, he alighted, tying his Horse to a Bosh, and knocking at the Door, it opened of it self, and he espyed an aged Man sitting over a sittle Fire very buse turning of Roots, which he roaked; and casting up his Eyes, and espying Perseler, said unto him, Come in, good Knight, Distress I know hath brought you hither, else you would not walk that Desarts so late.

Pardon me, good Father, (quoth he) for this bold latrulion. You guels arright of my Estate, for I have wandred out of my Way, and fought long for some Habitation, but was frustrated.

until I was brought bither by the Light of your Candle.

Sir, (faid the old Man,) you are welcome; and I wish I were able to comfort you in some good fort; but such as my poor Harbitation yieldeth, if you please to stay this Night, shall be at your command: Neither are you the finit Man that hath been entertained by me; therefore distain me not for my good Will.

Father, (faid its) I greatly accept your Proffers and thank you

for this Kindness which exceeds my Desert, or Means to requite it, and the rather I desire your Company and Conference, by reason I am a Stranger in this Country, and would gladly hear something thereof by your Report.

Sir, (faid the Hermit) first fit down and take such spare Diet as my House affords, and then I will tell you what I can to satisfie

you. Whereupon he thus began:

Sir, I shall shift discover what I am, and the Cause of my living in this obscure Place, and withal discover those things that you think are beyond my knowledge: For no want of Missortune, or Fear of being discovered, but made me chuse this solitary Life, but my own voluntary Fancy, which perswades me I can no way live with my unfortunate Disposition: neither would I have you think I intend to fill your Ears with idle Prattle, or Repetition of Toys, but as I intend to ease your Heart of some other Care it possesses, but as I intend to ease your Heart of some other Care it possesses, but as I intend to ease your Heart of some other Care it possesses, but as I intend to ease your Heart of some other Care it possesses, but as I intend to ease your Heart of some other Care it possesses, but as I intend to ease your Heart of some other Care it possesses, but as I intend to ease your Heart of some other Care it possesses, but as I intend to ease your Heart of some other Care it possesses, but as I intend to ease your Heart of some other Care it possesses, but as I intend to ease your Heart of some other Care it possesses, but as I intend to ease your Heart of some other Care it possesses, but as I intend to ease your Heart of some other Care it possesses, which I declare you by hearing my Missortune, and your Name, Country, Cause of Travel, Means of Remedy, and your Success hereafter, which I will declare unto you, when you have heard out my Tragick Story, which I cannot but utter first.

Perficles wondred to hear his Speech, little thinking he could perform what he promised; but yet determining to try him, and desirous of Comfort, he entreated him to proceed, for he was

defirous to hear his Discourse.

Sir, faid the Hermet, my Name in my flourishing Estate was called Delatus; my Dignity is the Dukedom of Ha, which I enjoyed many Years in quiet, being both inriched in the Gifts of Fortune and Nature; for in my Youth I chanced to fet my Affection on the Beauty of Alfala, being Daughter to a Gentleman of Antiochia, not for her Pollessions, but for her Beauty, which surpassed all the Ladies of the South Part of this Continent; I fued long, and at last obtianed her Consent, married her, and brought her into Ila, where I lived with her a Year in great Content, being in that space inriched with a Daughter, naming her Philotheta, in her Infancy shewing what more Years would perform in her more exquisite Beauty, which is the Virgin you now Travel in fearch of. Living in this blifsful Content, there chanced a Knight. named Amphiador, to take a View of my fair Alfala's Beauty. which at the first light peirced to deep, that he was intangled therewith, and laboured by all means to grow into Familiar

thereby to enjoy more fully her Sight and Company; Fortune and my felf fo favoured him, that I esteemed so well of his Company, that I did think my felf not well when he was from me : he on the other fide feeming fo much to effect me, that I admired his Kindnels. All this time he infiunated himself into Allala's Company, the alfo effeeming to honourably of him, that by reafon of the Love between him and me, and her little Sufpect of his difloyal Dealing, the always admitted him into her Company, and used him so familiarly, that she made him privy to all her Counfels. Notwithstanding all this, he durst not shew Love to her, seeing indeed her Vertue to be such, that he did think it impossible to attain it; thinking it better to live in Silence, and enjoy her Company, than by uttering his Affection to be deprived of all Comfort. Upon a time, as he did, there arrived at my Castle another Knight, named Pallesus, who in the same manner as he had done, furfeited on Alfala's Beauty, and was admitted to mine and Amphiador's Company, both esteeming well of him for many honourable Qualities that he was endued withal; as little suspecting Amphiador's Love as he did his, nor I, nor Alfala once thinking any fuch matter, for that our Kindness bred to us such Familiarity, as many passionate and amorous Actions might be acted, and yet no way suspected.

Thus did I live in great Content some two Years, spending my time in Hawking, Hunting, and other Pastimes, as void of Disquiet as Heart could wish, thinking my felf happy in their Kindness, but most in Alfala's Beauty; they with coloured Courtefie feeming to live by enjoying my Company and Familiarity. and the as much as I effecting them for their Love : But at last. this pleafant Summer began to turn to Winter, and our sweet Content to Discontent; for Pallefus's Love burst into a Flame which he was unable to restrain, so that in secret he gave Alfala knowledge thereof, which was as horrid to her hearing, as for one to hear that he hath drunk Poison : but notwithstanding, her Mind being endued with Vertue and Courtefie, in kind fort reproved him, withing him not to profecute any fuch matter, for the would never yield thereto; not with francing her courteous Denial, bred in him no Remorfe, but rather hope of Comfort, that continually he followed his Suit, which bred much trouble in her Mind, that whereas the was before delightful and pleafant, fine became to melancholy and fad, that I admired at it but I could not learn the Caple thereof, thinking it had been fome Sickness, rather than Trouble of Mind. Being long thus troubled with his Love, the began to devise how to be rid of it, so that it might not come to my knowledge; for her verticous Love made her loth to disquest me, relying upon Ampbiador's Vertues, the thought by his Allistance to rid herself of Pallesus; therefore on a time being with him in secret, the told all the Circumstance to him, desiring his Counsel, and to disswade Pallesus from doing me such Disnonour: Ampbiador's Heart was suddenly possest with a jealous Conceit against the said Pallesus; but he meant by that Means to attain his Desire, and coming to Pallesus he told him what Allasa had made him privy unto, not disswading him, but counselling him to persist therein, promising he would by all means he could to further the same. Pallesus was somewhat comforted therewith, and she was note chearful, hoping by Amphi-

ador's Means to be rid of his Love.

Amphiador one Day being alone with me in my Forrest, first ning many Entreaties to me to be fectet, and binding me by many Oaths not to declare it to any, he told me, That Pallejus did make Love to Affala, and that it was likely the would yield thereto, giving me notice that they oftentimes met in fecret; and withal, giving me counsel to note their Glances and Behaviours. and I should find that to be true, which I least thought of ; protelling, that meer Love to me, in regard of my Honour, and his own Duty, bound him to discover it, which otherwise he would never have revealed. With this my Mind was much disquieted. but I would not too rashly give Credit to his Speeches, before I had observed their Behaviour some time, which I found to be fomewhat familiar, of deep Affection on his part, but on hers forcewhat familiar, of deep Affection on his part, but on hers with a contrary intent, left her Countenance should bewray his love to her, which she knew would breed my Disquiet. By reason of Amphiador's Perswasion, who continually augmented my Suspicion, I then began to suspect them, and grew to extream leasons, affering my fell they dealt Disloyally with me, purposing to work Revenge against them, but then he began to perswade me not to Condemn them without manifest Proof, as much perswading me not to think so, as before he had done to perswade me thereto: Nothing then could after my stind, my vehicient Disquiet would not sufficient no to tell, not to sad his Deceit. One say being alone, complimed against all stird Forting and her near me, after some conference I desired him to counsel me the best way to salve these Evils, to be assured of the Truth, and to do it without my Reproach or Scandal, for I am loth to accuse

her without just Proof.

If (faid he) I may then counsel you, thus would I advise you to do: The King is now fick, and bath fent for many of his Nobles to come to him; say you also that you have received Letters from him, and that you must three Days hence depart to the Court; by this you hall find out the truth thereof, and at the time of your departure, defire Pellelin to bear you company. which if he refuse, you may then judge of him accordingly: my felf will then accompany you to my Caftle, wherein you shall remain in secret a while, and, I in a Disguise, unknown to any will return, and will carefully note their Behaviour at all times to find the truth thereof. I liked well of his Counsel, and followed the same, making my departure known to Alfala, who with a heavy Heart lamented to hear of my Absence; which then (by reason of my Suspect) I esteemed to be Dissimulation: Amphiador in the mean time went to Pallesus, and told him by reafon of some Conceit or Suspicion I had lately conceived. I would carry him with me to the Court, and therefore willed him to be absent at that instant. The time of departure being come. I thought to find him, but he was gone, which augmented my Suspicion to a Resolution; but intending to try the utmost of all. and trusting to Amphiador's Faithfulness, I went with him unto his Castle, staying there three Days: in the mean time, (I thinking he had been returned to my Castle) he went to an Enchanter named Penthrasu, promiting him if he would but work means to rid me away, fo that I might never return, when she came to Years, to produce her to confent to his Love. Penthrasus at the first sight liked the Proffer, and promised to undertake the fame, taking a folemn Oath never to discover it. Now fearing lest some other should prevent him, and to avoid his Wive's Suspicion, who had great knowledge in Necromancy, and often by her Skill croffed his Practifes, and withal unwilling to be guilty of my Blood; after I was delivered to him, he brought me to this place, casting Charms upon me, that I should never be released; and when he had done, he told of Amphiador's Practice against me. I then entreated him to release me, promifing to fulfil whatfoever Amphiador had promifed him; but nothing could prevail, for he told me he had by a folmen Oath bound

be und him to perform, which he could not break, for if he did, by that he should lose the Vertue of his Art. Then did I lament my Missortunes with bitter Exclaims, but he told me it was in vain, and so departed; here did I live many Years past kope of all Comfort, thinking to end my Days in this place without ever hearing of them again; but at last Penthrasus came to me again.

rehearing the Sequel of this Hiftory following:

Amphiador being fure enough of me, returned to my Castle, and coming to Alfala, told her, That the Day after I went from thence, Pallesse had set upon me with an Ambush of Men, and so slain me; telling the same with sech Protestations, and Probality of Truth, that she could not chuse but believe him, counselling her in secret to apprehend him, and cast him in Prison. Alfala hearing this, had much ado to keep Life within her, having scarce breath enough to command her Servants to appprehend him, whilst Amphiador laboured, with such as were about her, to keep Life in her.

The Remonr of my Death was foon spread abroad, and my Servants believing the fame, some posted to the Court, some fearthing for my Body, none finding me alive or dead, for which Amphiador had still an Answer ready to satisfie any Doubt. Pallefus hearing that it was Amphiador accused him, and for no less matter than my Death, (as he might well) denied the same, and often intreated Alfala to let him be brought to his Tryal. But being oversway'd by Amphiador's Perswasions, and being before troubled with his Love, whereby he fought to Dishonour me that was his Friend, which bred a Perswasion in her that to attain that, he fought my Life, and would give no Credit to him, but he should dye; and within few Days after! she apparelled her felf, her Servants, and all her Atttendants in mourning Weeds, and departing to the Court, craved Justice of the King against Pallefur for murdering me. The King told her she should have Inflice: whereupon Pallefu was brought before the King, and there accused by Amphiador; he alledging all the faile Accusations he could, and the other still pleading his innocency, that in the end Ampbilitor defired the King to grant him a Combat a-gainst Pallefus, which should end the Countrof all the Controverhe; fo the King granted it, and appointed a Day for the Fryal; in which violent Combat, cruel Fortune to ordered the lifue. that Pallefm was flain, and all Men accounted him guil-ty, and me dead, yielding much Honour to Ameliador; and

the King in Recompence of his supposed Loyalty to me, and for that I dyed without an Heir, created him Duke of Ila, yet referving the Living to Alfala during her Life: This done, Alfala returned towards Ila, and Amphiador with her, very sore wounded; of whom she had a special Care, tendring him as her self for the love he had shewed her in becoming her Champion in Revenge of my Death. After he had recovered his Wounds, he continued many Days with her, not once mentioning any Love to her, seeming with her to lament my loss; but all things in time wear out of mind, so did her Sorrow for me, and she began to conceive well of him, which he perceiving, did prosecute his Love with success, that in the end he married her; which when Penthrasus declared to me, it struck my Heart with deadly Grief; then I desired him to release me from this Miserry.

Neither (said Penthrasus) do I intend to claim the Performanice of Amphiador's Promise, for Philorheta is Fair, Chast, and Vertuous, neither will I reveal this Secret to any but your felf, nor shall you depart from hence till the time of the Enchanted Tower be ended, built by Helion, in which he hath thut Constantia, Daughter to the Emperour of Persia, and betrothed Wife to Perfictes, King of Affyria, who shall be the first Knight that shall arrive in this Place; neither shall the Enchantment be ended by any but the Son of Perfictes, begotten of Constantia; For, (quoth he) the Date of my Life is at an end, and at fuch time as Perlicles arriveth here, will him to return into Afficia to establish his Kingdom in Peace; for it will be in vain for him to spend his Days in Travel to redeem her, the finishing whereof must be by his own Son. When he had spoken these Words he vanished, appointing me to a certain Bound which I cannot pass, nor any yet come into but only your felf, which affureth me that you are Perficles, and travel in fearch of Constantia.

You have (faid Perficles) filled my Heart with Fear, Hope, and Comfort; the one striving to overmaster the other; Fear that the Enchanter dissembled, for that I have as yet no Son, nor never shall have by Constantia; for she being still enchanted, how shall I attain her company; Yet again, I am somewhat comforted that he could as well tell who would finish the Enchantment he had made, as my coming to this Place, for I am the most forlorn King of Afficia, that shall never enjoy Comfort till she be released, which Doubt perswadeth me will never be; for if I must now return into Afficia, how shall I hope to find Comfort? O 2 Yet

Yet be of good Comfort (quoth the Hermet) for Hope hath preferved my Life many Years, affuring my felf, that Penthrafus told me nothing but truth: Why should you dispair more than I, since both our Comforts rest on her Release? But according to his Counsel travel no further, for it were in vain to do that

which can yield no hope of Comfort.

In doing fo (faid he) I shall dishonour my self, and leave my Friend unkindly, whose Deserts hath bound my Life, to requite his Love, who hath only for my sake undertaken to Travel in search of Constantia, the cause of whose Departure from me, was in seach of your Daughter Philosheta, that is reputed to be Daughter to Amphiador, who was this Day stolen from Ila, by three Gyants: Then he declared how they came to the knowledge thereof.

It did him good to bear that she was living, so that he rejoyced greatly thereat; withal, enquiring of him what Knight that

was who was gone in her Rescue.

Perficies then faid, It were too tedious to make recital of him, for then I faould rehearfe the Discourse of my Missortunes. Were it not troublesome (quoth the Duke) I would desire to hear them. To requite your Kindness, (said he) I will rehearse the same, which yet I have kept from all Men but Montelion: With that, he declared all from the beginning of his sirst Love to that Hour, which when he heard, he wondred who that Knight Montelion should be.

The Night being spent in this Discourse, and bright Phabus shining on the Desart, he knew not what was best, either to depart or stay; but at last being perswaded by Desam, he took his leave of him with many courteous Farewels, and mounting himself on Horseback, he departed directly towards the King-

dom of Allyria.

## CHAP. XXIII.

Of the Combat Montelion fought against three Gyants: and how he rescued Philotehta; and what besel them in the Hermet's Cell.

Montelion being parted from Perficles, hafted with more than ordinary pace after Philotheta, and overtook them about the setting of the Evening, running at the hindmost with so fierce a Carreer, that he everturned him with his Heels upwards, and was charging fo violently against the second, that had he not avoided the point of his Launce, he had seconded his Fellow. Then he that was overthrown, went towards Montelion, offering such a forcible blow at him, that if he had not spurred his Steed to avoid him he had either flain him or his Horse: But Montelion knowing it better to fight on Foot than on Horfe-back alighted; whilst the Gyant came towards him again, thinking at one blow to beat him in pieces, the other two feeing him on Foot, went away laughing; but the Gyant missing his aim by reason of Montelion's Nimbleness, was ready to turn about with the force of his blow; in which time Montelion leaped within him and thrust his Sword fo far in his Body that he fell down dead. The other feeing that, one of them came running back to rescue him, whom Momelion foon espyed, being ready to receive him. The Gyant feeing his Fellow dead, thought at one blow to end Montelion's Life, that he struck at him with all his force, but he avoided his blow, not yet daring to come within him until he was somewhat out of Breath, being furious for Revenge, but more mad to mils fo many blows, he struck so full and violently at Montolion, that his maffy Club stuck in the Earth, and whilst he labouted to pull it out, Montelion struck him so full a blow on the Arm, that he cut the same quite off, whereat he gave such a groan that all the place rung with the noise thereof, running away as fast as he could towards Montelien's Horse, whom he affrighted so much with his grilly and bluftering approach, that he brake in funder the reins of his Bridle and ran away with great swiftness: Montelion was exceedingly vexed for lack of his Horfe, not knowing for want of him what to do, and by reason of the Night's approach, he still pursued the Gyant, keeping him in light as long as he could, whom at last he lost. Seeing himfelf so disappointed and unhoried, he began to fludy what to do, at last being past hope of finding them or his Steed, by reason of the darkness of the Night,

Night, he went wandring up and down to feek a place of rest, lest some wild Beast might devour him; coming to a Wood with a purpose to pass through the same, he heard the found of a big Voice, which made him stand still and listen, and with softly steps, drawing thitherwards, he perceived it was the Gyants.

who did curse and dama him for crossing their Journey.

What shall we do (quoth one of them) shall we stay here or no? We shall wander I know not whither; A plangue on that white Devil that haunted us; I am fure he is no Man, for we are Men: and one Man should be as good in fight as another: But you like cowardly Slaves have suffered such a Wretch to have the advantage of you. Hold thy pratting, faid the other, thou couldest have done no more than we: Thou needest not vex me. I am vexed enough with the loss of my Arm; let us rest here till Day, and then we will be gone, for he hath work enough to find his Horse. Philosbera was fo affrighted with Fear, that she lay like one in a Trance, to whom one of them faid, Sweet Philotheta. be not offended with me, for I have loved thee long, and long expected this happy Hour to enjoy thee; be content to lodge on the cold Earth one Night for my fake, who have lost many a Nights sleep for thine; neither shalt thou lye on the Earth, for my Body shall be thy Bed, whilst my Arms embrace thee: then did he take her in his Arms, bestowing many a loathsome Kiss upon her; but the for fear, durst not cry out. Montelion stood and heard all their unreverent Ulage, withing it were Day, that he might revenge their Disloyalty. They had not lain long, but one and then the other fell fait affeep, which he knew by their fnorting, thinking it no Discredit to flaughter such Miscreants that delighted in no Knightly Action but in Wrong and Oppression; and drawing near unto them, Philotheta espied him, and by reason of his white Armour knew him, desirous she was to speak to him, but being fearful to awake her Keeper, which held her, and yet the knew the care of her Affright hindred him from Revenge, at last so boldly as the durst, the lifted her Hand and beckoned Montelion to her, and pointing to the Gyant, he understanding her meaning, thrust his Sword into him, that had her folded in his Anna, who striving with the Pangs, the had the liberty to leap from him, rearing forth such a Groan as all the Wood founded therewith; and his Fellow being half amazed flarted up ready to run away, but Monthin's Sword overtook his hindemost lieg, at one blow he cot in funder the sinews.

and he fell down, holding up his Hands for Mercy; but with the next blow he pierced his Brains, fo that he dyed a most miserable Death.

The other had received no mortal Wound, for the point of his Sword lighting upon one of his Ribs, was stayed from ending his Life, who, whilst Montelion was slaughtering the other, had recovered his Staff, bending a full blow at Montelion, who by good Fortune, and Philothera's Shriek, turned about, and e-spying the same coming, broke half the force, and running is withal, ran his Sword quite up his Body, but with the Bruise he received, fell down himself into a Trance.

Philothera thinking he had been dead, run to him with speed, striving with her tender Hand to unbuckle his Beaver, and unlace his Hemlet to give him Breath; which though long, yet at last she attained, but seeing him berest of his Senses, her Lamentations were such as would have turned Revenge into Remorse, and those senses she leaving her Moan, left off their sweet Notes to listen to her mournful Plaint.

which the began after this manner :

Ah me! what will now become of me? How shall I escape further Misery? here am I lest alone ready to be devoured of wild Beasts; yet what need I fear any Mischief, when so great a Misery hath befallen me, as greater cannot be? Her Landents conducted the steps of an aged Hermit that dwelt in those Woods, to the place where she lay weeping over Montelión, and being half affrighted, said, if thou art a Man, pity me, and help me, to revive this Knight? If thou beest a Ghost, think not to affright me, for I am already sull of Fear; and if thou beest nei-

ther, then tell me what thou art?

Damfel, (faid he) fear not, for I am a living Creature as thou art; I pity thy Distres, and will do my best to help you. And kneeling down by Montelion, rubbing his Cheeks, and laying his Hand upon his Breast, felt some sign of Life in him, seeking for an Herb, which presently he found, he brussed the same, letting the Juice fall into his Nostrils, with the Vertue whereof his Vital Senses returned to their somer Operations, and his Eyes received their sight. With that, raising himself upon his Arm, he said: I perceive I have troubled you, and (as it were half ashamed of himself) he desired her not to be disquieted at his distortunes. Philosber's Heart rejoyced to see him revived, not so well knowing what to say he was revived, as when

he was in his Trance, but her Vertue and his Defert constrain-

ing her; the could do no less than utter these Speeches;

Sir Knight, your Courtesse being so far beyond my Desert, bindeth me to yield you Thanks, and Thanks is an unsufficient Requital for your Pains; although I know you not, nor never saw you until this Day, yet your Valour and Courtesse in delivering me from Captivity, hath bound me to become Grateful, and deserveth more Recompence than I am able to yield.

Lady, faid Montelion, the Heavens have affifted you, not my Valour, which I have attempted without Expectation of Recompence: If you think well of my Pains, it is all the Reward I

crave.

The old Hermet perceiving some strange Accident had brought them thither, desired them, (Montesion being very fore bruised, and she much affrighted and disquieted) to accept of his Cell to repose in, until they could take better order for their Sasety. Montesion thanked him, saying, He was pleased, so it liked the Lady. With that they began to go; but Montesion by reason of his fore Bruise, with much ado could stand. The Hermet taking him by the Arm, supported him, whilst he, with Grief that his Missortunes had brought him to such a low Estate, said, It ill beseemeth Youth to be supported by Age; but no Man can prevent Destiny. Philosbeta offered to lend him an Arm, but he de-

fired her not to trouble herfelf.

Sir, (faid the Hermet) refuse not her Courtese, for in time of need it is not good to be too curious. With that the lent him her Arm, but he took her Hand, and that he thought as much Boldness as it was a Trouble, striving against the Weakness he hed received by his Bruife, to go upright; the likewife wondred that Nature had wrought in her fuch a familiar Regard towards him the knew not; often accusing herfelf of Lightness, and blushed when he grasped her tender Hand, that with exceeding Fear, and Fancy's striving, moistned her Palm; thinking with herself, now is my Estate altered, that to Day was free from Care, now, fuddenly brought to Bondage, and from Bondage to this Disquiet, and all in a moment; I am now like one that am content with Mifery, and yet discontented with that Content: I could with my felf from hence, and yet were I gone, I should wish my felf here again, because I defire the Knight's Welfare; and yet methinks I should not be too familiar, and vet I know he hath deferved more Courtefie than I can proffer. Mano fact thoughts to left her eater, that and other things for her part, (hor eater the way to the Cell, where being arrived the Hermet are at an open a Portion of commixed Drugs, which comforted him greatly, and Philothera's Cap of Greekith Wine, which revived and quickned her affrighted Heart. There was no Light in the Room, therefore as yet mather of them had feen eath other; Mourellow wither the Day might appear that he might behold her Busines and he, that the might behold whether his Perform was agreeable to his Proweis, and the Hermet debroos to fee what Guells he had entertained. Seeing them both filent, the one abilianted for Grief, the other for Modelty, after he had feated them on fort Rulius, he faid.

As it feems to me, you are strangers one to mother, which makes me debroos to know what Accident hath infulies you: Father, faid he, indeed we are fo, for as yet a never faw this Lady's Beauty; yet I know her Name is Philotens, Daughter to the Duke of his; which knowledge I got by this means: As I and another Knight were travelling in fearer of a Lady who hath been a long time missing, we chanced to clay two Damiels clad in White, passing us with great foed, with whom I had conference, and they told me that this Lady was taken away from them by three Gyants: I returned to my Friend with this News, and nat and od

by three Gyants; I returned to my Friend with this News, and we both posted after them, until at a Cross-way we parted, that if they went either way we should avertake them; but it was my good Fortune to light on them, and by their Deaths to free the Ledy, thinking my valous well bestowed, to redeem her from their Treachery.

Philoshus retrained to freak, and only thanked him, fearing fise should from more courteous than Modesty would permit, or more coy than Vertue required

Sir, (laid the Hermet) I know these Gyants, and the manner

of their Lives to be most inhumane and wicked whose Habitation is not far off in the Desart of Arabia, by whose Desath the Country is freed from much Outrage, which they daily committed.

Sir, (faid Montelian) I pray what Country is this? It is Arabia, (quoth he.) Doth not Italian reign as King here? Sir, (replyed he) he did reign as King; but whither he is now living or no. It is doubted: tome tay he is Enchanted in a Power he built him felt, attende not far off; from whence he cannot be released and the Enchanted because of the build many Knight of france Con-the Enchanted by the cancer and miths the Cause of builds

thereof, no Man as yet can rely thereof, and wearied with that Day's Tra Communication, Tell alleep; which Mon Conference till Morning, being unwilling Noife. The first that was been was the Hi ther certain her by Jeanna, their both the o wake her with their net, who went to gaing who both at one his Valour to his Yo her Eyes never behel with each oth each other. It

ing able to with hold their Eyes from others Benaviour, until Momento and he had breaking filence; faid, and had being benefit the milty Clouds of ten any Minap, for your Enemies them living of fo ishimmane a Diffolion for my felf, my Lite and all that teing deid. — this juston: as would in have reflects as Sir Knight, (fa

you for your Kindness past; and from that I was in, and out of

guinR any wicked Before any furt t which he stamped in his Hand the Her and strained, giving Fire, making their the Hermot laid, beliket on the sey had talked if of fulficient for you may ealeth this Lady, will fend

if it please her to accept

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cether is bancellawhole are seek filled with a furfating Surtice of each others Forfedices, but Beauty being lush as might
hat be smalled to any and his proportion, beings his Youth's
beauty, and other spondings are fath form as would pleafy any
high high common them, conducted an indiangle of Love acco
case others resistantly each least in that verticus Harbour with
fuch Confidency, that all was impediable to be removed, acribes
the indiantly distribute as to agree in fuch a sympathy of
one, he tranking he hould not Love, and the parlyasing acr
is that he had lettled his Love upon that Lady he went in
tearchers, he not knowing which way to frame his Suit On fomalace maintainer, more lie how to face their Favour, without

destricts between glience, with a newy Sign bred from the destricts be believed by by Lady, that Sigh be rayeth to be dispute of bling has medically on the Occaron phereof strictual. Access thice and Alexandrian feels to be lo
hold hindsoft premed diluting feels was inspected with the lower, as to impact your Secretations. (A said prove a saidful and deligent to passe you, that you want not consume at
this passe, as not say A said; (3), my heart wheels my
forthat they allocate, but to that, my bearing another had,
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Siv. (taid he) Shook! I create was Words lockings: my Screets to you, it might be counted too much Cachility was the out blame. I might be counted too much Cachility was the counted too much Cachility was the counted too much Cachility was the Rose it were st you ley that Love began in a Moment, being the Rose is the Sabkanee, and therefore parameter, we low health you think of me life of five land Probability I happen think was for your Good will, and accept thereof, not menticing me by your fell it you are conflant, but menticing me by Unconflancy, you would palge me but Light, as I may judge your Words of course would palge me but Light, as I may judge your Words of course yet to much Good will as may grow upon fo mail. Account takes I beer you menticing the fame by yourseway. For if you had counted to Love me, I have more easie to thankly our to you have the fame by received good by your but neither effects me light for thought be coy. You would counte to he was because I am courteents for flood I be coy. You would counte to have mention to be done to be affect as I have been by you.

Lady! (deets Momellow Poolatil Light for a light of that might

Lad V. (dept. According 1800th I hastened a straight that might imposed the feath triffic of son translated vertical I were don't have to be here? For a solw ingressment than, and deedeth no to him bottom evence with you more translage refer to the bits of the exercises. Solve the translage refer to the bits of the exercises, which the rest vertice will perform the bits of the exercises, solve the translage refer to the bits of the exercises. Solve the exercise will perform the bits of the feather was solved the exercises, which did a single. For I find its my lost an analysis of Architecture, which did the grantom in your light. Value both in me deforme to Architecture for Architecture for this family Accountables, though their Solve I between his Hockto Perfey and Could set the exercise for the exercise of the exercise for the exercise of the exercise for the exercise of the exer

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Concerled: my Name; of you ever mare of it, is A4.
Caute of my commentation this Country, was with Port
of Africa, in fearch of Confearca, Daughter to the
of terfic, his betrothed Wife, by Misfortune loff manee: All that I know of my felf, I have told you and would I had never known in felf unless you favour no flatence remains red that Applicate, in reciting the Wars be tween regions, and the King of Armenia, had made ample Report of his Valour, to much the more effecting him; yet he conceand the lame, thinking though he were never to Valiant yet he might be Unconstant, making him this Answer yet he might be Unconstant, make

yet he might be Uncoultant, making mittalls Analysis Sir, Because you shall not accase me of Discourtesie. I will not dany your Suit, nor in any respect grant it, till more time to make Tryal thereof. Neither shall you make your felf my Sorvant, for you have descreed to be better rewarded, which hereafter more shall find.

after you that find.

Lady, (quoth he) Only one Faron abfolirely granted, would now more comfort my Heart, than many in sufpence; not that I missoubt your Performance, but the long lingring Pain, in the grean time will pinon my Heart, therefore without missoubt of Truth, Gratitude, and Constancy, enrish me but with one.

though the least comfortable Antwer.

Sir. (quoth the) What in Vertue I can grant, I will yield you though you may account mealready product in Favour, and gentle in Reply ser should be linguateful, you may blame me or too prolling our may be a been seen and but assumed Good-will as in to short a time may be a been seen and you shall find me perform for my Heart would never infer till this, to conceive to well a any as bedeen doubt lacorging one feather, you will make me millead your Coulderstion of my like Misfortune, rather will ling me to regard my Rethrunta my Farentsin But your map fee how my Vertues have overmalisted in this task. Opinion of you has made me trust my felf in you

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to the (o chief he Commeny end to him to force, Love, and Cayes and ine Knowledge of the satisfied of their freshold along his feed as mours, and when his speaking doroth, and hender, her sollowed to drew his Support, her sollowed to with many

drew as Swott and ollowed withpost speaking, which at him Compare. At last the Green King the spate recovery. With that them quite out of fights, maryellar very her thence, if mon with him her amongst the Herbertan Nymposities, that Mangalar and his Comparator is especially and his comparator is a superior in the comparator is a superior in the comparator in the comparator is a superior in the comparator in the comparator is a superior in the comparator in the comparator in the comparator is a superior in the comparator in the comp

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er, (quoth he) thou map feek

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dones one but he found impound amongs are solders then, which vessel him to much, that he drew his Sword again, and fee apon them, wounding tame, and killing others, that therewith Administrate deep his Sword again. By Heaven, (quoth Monelion) stake me the third time, and thou dyeft. Notwithstanding his Words, Amotador, vert for the Death of Servants, struck him again; whereupon Montelion not only defended himself, but offended him to much that he fore wounded him and had not his Servants with some of their Lives, born of some Blows, he had ended his Life; but notwithstanding all their Endeavours, he left him in such a miscraple Condition, that his Servants had much ado to keep laste in him watel they brought him home.

## CHAP. XXV.

How Montelion in his Travel arrived as the Bower of the Hesperian Nymphi: how every one of them gave him a several Gift, and how they named him Knight of the Oracle.

L'Aving treed the Hermet and vielded him many Thanks La for his Kindnels, he departed with so neavy a Heart, that he could hardly speak for Griet; travelling he knew not whither, having so many occasions of Care, he knew not what to do, nor which way to direct his steps. All the red of that Day he rode forth in this disconsulate fort, until speew to be Night neither caring for Mestar Lodging, but then his Horse socie to seed, he land himself down under an Oak, whose spreading Branches were as a large Canpy over as Head, cloged with shimany cares, that his meant, was milled with their Continon, and his senses so over grown with Concett that they socked him into a deep sliced by a Demiel that appeared upon him, who finding before him, said, bit knight, Artile and sollowing he he many elling what the flouid be, arose and followed age the leading aim the way (as he thought) through many hy-paths, and Grossways. Hills Deales and Woods justif the Sun arose; the a vanishing of the his light, he let blin in the mail of a mean press we have beautified with all forts of fresh blown sowers, means we have beautified with all forts of fresh blown sowers, means a chighted here by a man tweet Smell af-

and the conduction of the control of

fame, and the Floor strewed with colles, and all forth or; he Bood a while in Admiration, and cuting his by he epplor a Table with these Verses written thereon.

What e've thou are that hale behold the Abfrair bon coming into the fuered Place, A Company of smally Namphs here fie, That rule the Hoferian Oracle of Grace: Be not too bold, less than septent too late Thy righ Antempt, and hard Divining Face.

Which when had read, he flood in a deep findy, arguing their Ambiguity, then fuddenly he heard the found of most sweet Musick, drawing near him, and turning about, he espeed a Troop of Damiels attired in molt rich Ornaments, with Garlands of Roles, mixed with divers coloured Flowers upon their Heads. fome playing upon Inframents, others having in their Hands a Bow, and at their Back a Sheaf of Arrows: amongst them there was three tailer more beautiful, and richly adorned than the test wearing Crowns of Palm; amongst whom he elpyed the Damfel that brought him thither, which made him with more boldhels flay their coming.

They passed by him, continuing their Melody, until they came within their payition: then two of them came forth, saluting him with converons and gentle Behaviour, leading him to the Pavilion until he came to the place where they were all seated, and the three Chief in the midd. Montain disarming his Head, did them Reverence on his knee, and their presently he heard a Voice uttering these speeches:

Most noble Kaight. The Myniphs of the Hespersen Oracle.

them: A fiftences unto which place never any Mar

in Love, true to thy Friends, patient in Milery, and lowly in Prospecity. Farewel, and he both Happy and Fortunate.

The Voice ceaning, the Nymphs came round about him, one ungirding his Sword, another unlacing his Helmet, and the third unbuckling his Armour, others unlacing of his Gantlets. and every one buffe to diffarm him; this done one of the chiefest of them prefented him with a most curious rich Armour, wrought of the best and purest Lydian Steel, enamelled all over with Green, and beset with Diamonds, Saphires, Jaspers, and Rubies, the like for Strength and Richness never Knight possessed; then the second gave him a Shield agreeable thereto, with this Device thereon, A Knight Kneeling, encompassed with Nymphs Crowning him with a Wreath of Roses; and underneath these Words written in Letters of Gold, The Knight of the Oracle. The third presented him with a rich Sword, which he girded on his side; another a Pair of Gantlets; another a Plume, another a Spear, another a Pair of Spurrs, and every one fomething to express their Kindness. When he was thus adorned, which made him most beautiful to behold, every one gave him a courteous Farewel, and departed again the fame way they came from the Grove.

Then the Damfel that brought him thither, came to him, and faid: Sir Knight, the Ladies of this Oracle, pitying the hard Adventures you are to undertake, have bellowed these Arms on you, which shall oftentimes preserve your Life; and honoured you so much as to chuse you for their Knight; they have also appointed me to bring you to the placewhere I found you; therefore let us depart, my self will give you a Horse, whose Equal for Goodness cannot be had: which said, the led the way, and he followed after, until they came to the Castle, into which the Damsel entred, willing him to stay while the returned; leading in her Hand a Horse Black of Colour, but of such a goodly Propertion, that his Eyes never beheld the like before; and mounting himself, the Damsel said unto him: Knight of the Oracle, satewel, prosper, and be fortunate: which she had no sooner spoken, but presently she vanished from his sight, before he could have respite to give her Thanks for her Courtese.

Being parted from her, he entred into these Meditations, which

There has the noble Knight Perfete, who by this time accule the me of Discourtelle for not hading him out; How can I do that,

when I have lost my felf and Philo beta, and in her my Essence, Being, and Substance? Which of these are dearest to me, I know not; my felf I love by Nature, him for his Honour, and her by Assection; Which then should I go in search of, since they are both so dear unto me, as that I think my self bereft of Comfort by milling them? My Estate is also uncertain, and the place where to find them so doubtful, that I cannot assure my self of considere in either, but must take my Fortune as it salleth, and arm my self with Patience to endure the hardest Tryal of Extreams.

Then he began to fludy which way to Travel, being as ignorant of the place where Philosbera was, as unacquainted in these Ways. Riding along in these solitary Dumps, he at last lighted in a plain fair beaten Path, in the Furrows of whose Dust he might perceive the sooting of Horses that had newly gone that way, which put him in comfort, that it would not be long before

he should find some Company.

He had not rode an Hour, but he chanced to enter a Way that ascended a high Mountain, whose lofty Top discovered to his Eye the fair Turrets of the Enchanted Tower, which glistered as if they had been framed of mally Gold, which drave him into Admiration: and viewing well the Situation thereof, he discerned the Valley round about over-spread with Tents, as if it had been encompassed with an Host of Enemies; and forsaking the gallant Prospect, he intended to Travel thither, to know the Cause of that Assembly, making the more haste, for that it grew towards Night: e're he could attain thither it waxed dark, therefore for that Night he took his Lodging under the covert of a Tust of Trees, pleasantly seated in the midst of a green Meadow.

#### CHAP. XXVI.

Of the Conference between Philotheta and Conftantia, in Penthrafus's Palace.

The History hath long discontinued to speak of Constanta that remained enchanted, and Helion that lay there enthraled in great Milery, rightly rewarded for his treacherous Dealing. Her Eyes continually shed Tears for the Absence of Perficient on whom she continually meditated, resolving that nothing but Death should abolish his Remember of that had not the Enchantage.

tres comforted her with Promites of her Release, the Extremity of her Sorrow had ended her Life; withal, thinking that Perfeles and her young Son might be both in Safety, and she by no means hear thereof, which added some Comfort to her heavy Henry.

The Enchantress would often intreat her to behold the valiant Adventures of noble Knights that hazarded their own Persons in great Peril to attain her Love, and in private Combats amongst themselves, with whom they were deeply affected, only with the Sight of her Picture; but she still refused it, accounting it no Pleasure to her to see their Missortanes, who spent their Labour in vain; for in the continuance of so many Years as she had been there enclosed, the Fame of her Beauty was spread into most part of those Countries thereabouts, and many thousand worthy Knights bad been there to try their Fortunes, but all failed: the recital whereof would be too tedious, but many of them lay there imprisoned by the Enchantress, who being now in Despair of her own Sasety, thought to bring all to Misery as well as herfels.

At the same time that Philoshera was carried from Momelion in the Hermet's Cell, Constantia remained in such Extremity of Sorrow, that had not Ila wrought that Device to bring Philoshera thicker to accompany her, it would have been impossible her Senses could have overcome the Extremity of the Passion that tormented her; but sitting alone in a dark corner, she uttered such Lamentations as would have turned the hardest Heart of a cruel Tyrant into Remorse: But when she espyed Ila entred, and with her so beautiful a Damsel, with Cheeks bedewed with Crystal Tears that in abundance trickled down from her Eyes, with that Object left her own Laments to pity hers; and seeing them drawnigh her, the role after a sad sort saluting their Approach.

Ila without speaking a word to either, left them together, and although they were Women, yet they greatly admired each others Beauty; the one thinking the other to excel all; and yet had they but beheld their own Perfections, they would have found them such, that they might inwardly have conceited as

well of themselves, as they did of the ontward Object.

Configures being more familiar with Sorrow than Philothers, first broke Silence, laying, Lady, I perceive by your Tears, that Confirmint, not Consent, did bring you to this Place, beautiful to the Eye, but filled with Chrontents, which long Exeperience

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hath taught me: Therefore if you want a Companion in Care, accept of my Company: but if you feek for Comfort, abandon me, for mychiefest Solace is Sorrow, and my Thoughts and Medi-

I have not, (faid Philorbera) been long subject to this Misfortune; but being now plunged therein, I know not how to release my felf, or how to shun the same. Neither knowing who is the Cause thereof, where I am, or when I shall be released, my sorrow being such, may well entertain a sorrowful Companion, accepting your proffered Kindness with hearty Thanks.

Lady, (said Constantia,) As you vouchsate me your Company, so let me know what Missortune hath brought you hither? which will shorten some of the tedious Time we are like to over-pass in this Place. Which done, you shall know to whom you have imparted your Secrets, which Recital will be tedious.

Philorbeta sitting down by her, uttered these Speeches: My Name is Philorbeta, Daughter-in-law to Amphiasior; and as I was walking in my Father's Garden, upon what Pretence I know not, three Gyants surprized me, by sorre carrying me thence, none to

walking in my Father's Garden, upon what Pretence I know not, three Gyants fur prized me, by force carrying me thence, none to my knowledge feeing their Gruelty. When they had travelled with me till it was late, a Knight arrived all in White, gallantly mounted, came to my Refcue, and entred Combat with one of them, his valiant Heart not refuing to cope with them all three; but one of them (thinking himfelt too ftrong for him) ftayed behind and fought him, the other two haftning meaway; but in fhort space one of them ran back to rescue his fellow, but he suddenly returned with the loss of his Arm: then they haled me force and with a violent force, until they came to the midb of a dealy returned with the lots of his Arm: then they haled me forward with a violent Force, until they came to the midth of a Wood, where they meant to fray all that Night: this Knight, directed by Fortune, alighted on the place where they lay, and by his Valour and Policy flew them both, yet was fo fore hurt himself, that he lay breathless on the Earth, which afflicted my Heart with Sorrow, fearing his Death, for I could not recover him with my Lamentations, therefore accounted it more Mistortune to be the Camle of to worthy a Knight's Death, than if I had fill been Prifoner to those Monsters. The Heavens favouring my Sorrows, and his Milhap, directed an old Hermet to the place, who with the Juyce of certain Herbs recovered him, and with my week Affiltance brought him up to his Cell, within thort space carring him: in which time I noted every part of his refections, and found them such, as I was akin to Deaphus, done

paring there to his Behaviour, which bred a Perswasion in me, that as he was Valiant, so he was Vertuous; and as he excelled all that ever I beheld in Person, so he did in Courtese: Much Conference pall between us, which I omit, the Subject whereof was Love, which he vowed to be as constant in him, though now begun, as it was in any by long Continuance: Amongst the rest of his Speeches, he told me he knew not his Parents : his Name was Montelion : the Caufe of his Travel was in fearch of a Lady named Conflaming, betrothed Wife to Perfieles, King of Affria, who parted from him that Day he referred me in Arabia.

Constantin hearing such good News of the Safety of Perficles, could not contain herfelf from bewraying what the was; but taking Philochera by the Hand, faid, Dear Lady, this News addeth much Comfort to my diffrairing Heart : I am that unfortunate Confrantia, that till this Hour have dispaired of ever seeing that noble Knight again; accounting my felf lo much bound to you for being the Reporter of this welcome News, that I protest my self your everlasting Friend; assuring you, that if the worthy Knight that rescued you was Companion with Perficles, he is endued with all Heroick Qualities ! But pray tell me out the reft.

The Worthy Knight's Speeches (faid she) wrought so effectually with me, that I could have been content to have lived there for ever with him : In the end, the Hermet brought in the News that Amphiador was hard by in my Search; at which News I was very glad, yet also displeased, well knowing that his rude Behaviour would not fuffer him to use him kindly. Whilft I was in this thought, three Knights in Green Armour entred the Cell, two of them, without speaking a Word, by force carrying me away, whilft the third stayed the Knight in Combate, who followed haftily to refene me : but on a fudden, before I could bethink me what they should be, I was within this Carden, where I met her that brought me unto you, who bid me fear nothing, for here I should abide in Safety.

With that a flood of Tears gulled from her Eyes, that it flop-

ped the Pallage of her Speech, turning the fame into filence.

Lady (quoth Confinms) to add more Care to your Heart will overwhelm it with Grief; therefore I will omit the Relation of my Tragedy till another time; neither feeling nor fearing Care, now I hear of my Lurid's Safety, who will fet me at Liberty from the Thraidom I have endured atmost ewenty Years.

The coming to them, brake off-meir Conference; and after Sup-

Supper, conveyed them into a Chamber, where they both lay, continuing fome Days in Conference of their Estate.

CHAP. XXVII.

How Montelion, Knight of the Oracle, arrived at the Enchanted Tower, called, Penthrafus's Palace, and of the Controver fier that fell berween him and the Knights that came to try the Adventure,

L'Arly the next Morning the Kniels of the Oracle (having lodged all Night in the Wood) mounted his Steed with a Defire to know whose Tents those were, and what Tower they had encompassed : he had not rode half an Hour but he approached near unto them, palling amongst them without stay : Because he met none to confer withal, he drew towards the Entrance of the Bridge, where Confrantia's Picture hung; which when he beheld, he judged by the outward Show, what Perfections were adherent to the Lady who was Owner thereof, thereby calling to remembrance Philothera's Perfections, which in his Conceit far furpassed that; but yet the Spell that Ila had cast thereon did work to with him, that had not the Vertne of his Armour, and other Gifts the Nymphs had bestowed on him (which had Power against all Enchantments) prevailed, he had surely doted thereon: When he had read the Verfes, an earnest Delire pos-Seffed his Heart to redeem the Lady; but neither regarding Danger, nor omitting Opportunity, he took the florn and winded the same; the Sound whereof made many Knights to start from their Tents, being but even then up and newly armed.

The first that was mounted and came to the Bridge, was a noble Knight of Carthia, named Monon, who calling to the Knight of the Oracle, faid, Sir Knight, enter no further, before thou

knowest whom thou hast offended by thy bold Intrusion.

He hearing his Words, turned his Steed, faying, If I have offended, it is more than I know; yet I am resolved to try the Adventure whosever says no.

Thy Strangeness (faid Mener) doth privilege thee, because ou knowed not what is concluded amongst the Knights here thou kno

noth he) what foever agreeth to the Laws of Arms, I and what foever Courteir bindeth me to, I will per-

one of them named Links of Arabia, who thought himself too Good for all, and had vanquished many that had combated with him, said, Before thou pass further, thou must Combate with us; for the Meanest that are here assembled, thinks himself able to perform as much as thee.

The Knight of the Oracle wondring at their Rudeness, and moved with his discourteous Words, said, I am not to be controuted by any, but stand free in my own Choice to do what I think good; if thou, or any here, be offended with what I have said

or done, challenge me.

I do challenge thee, (faid Linfem.) And I, (quoth Menon;) and after him many others, every one defirous to deal with him first.

Then stepped forth the Prince of Parthia, named Nessus, saying, Fellow-Knights, we being all Professors of Arms, and every one a Partner in this Quarrel, let us cast Lots, and to whose Share the Lot falls first, let him begin, and the rest follow, to

which they agreed.

The Knight of the Oracle thought he should not be idle, rejoycing that he had so good an Occasion, to make Tryal of his Valour: the Lot fell to Armon of Persia to begin; the place a goodly Plain, in the full view of the Tower, and the time was within an Hour.

This being agreed upon. The Knight of the Oracle in the interimation the Tower, to behold the Beauty and Situation thereof; and casting up his Eyes, he cipyed on the Battlements afar off three Ladies walking together, whom he could scarcely discern, much less known, if he had been acquainted with. These Ladies were Constants, Philotheta and Ila, whom came to behold the Tilts and Tourneys that were daily acted between divers Knights before the Tower.

Conflamia heaving of Perficients Safety in that Country, hoping in time to be released, delived to see the Combats which before

the refused to do.

The Knight of the Oracle little thinking Philoshus had been often in of the three, after he had a while stood to behold them, he returned to the appointed place of Combat, where Arain was then been with great Pride, and the found of Trumpets, and a great number of Followers, whom The Knight of the Oracle of vertices at the first Encounter, to Access Amazinean, and his

The next that encountred him was Lisfens, who held out two Courses, but at the third, both he and his Horse lay on the Ground; the Knights that beheld this, commended his Valour.

vet envied his Fortune.

After he had encountred three front Knights of Leype, then came Nellus, Prince of Plathia, thinking to recover what his Predecellors had loft, but his Fortune proved to had, that he loft both his Stirrups, and had he not hung on the Saddle-bow, he had fallen to the Earth. The Day by this time drew to an end, which caused them to remit any further Tryal till next Morning.

Constantia and Philosbers beholding the Valour of this Knight, one judged it was Persieles, and the other to be Montelion; desiring Ils to lend a Messenger to know his Name: Who returning, told them he was called, The Knight of the Oracle. Then it is not Persieles (said Constantia.) No, nor Montelion, (quoth Philosbera.) Their Heartsnow fainting with Care, that before were revived

with Hope.

The Knight of the Oracle that Night lodged in the Tent of a Perfian Knight, named Thymus, who kindly invited him thereto. Early the next Morning he entred the Field, being ready for him that should next encounter him, who came gallantly mounted, having travelled many Miles to try the Adventures but before he came to try himself therein, he received so great a Charge by encountring the Knight of the Oracle, that in a desperate Mood, and assumed of the Foil, he departed the Field.

The Rough of the Oracle being endined with an excellent Wit, as receiving the Effence thereof from two goodly Princes that he was forung off, began in his Mind to condemn the Fordness of these Raights, that coming to make tryal of the Adventure, spent their time in private Quarrels, shill omitting that they principally sought: His Mind being troubled with the Loss of Philaders and Perfects, desired not to stay there, but to hasten in their Search; therefore going towards the Kuights, who were affembled on a Heap, studying which way to work his Difference, he said:

SWorthy English, My coming to this Place was not to the my fortune against you, but in the Adventure, and your permits envy bath hundred me, not regarding into what private that you deter, and contribily from the me that have not offenced you therefore because making more amortises.

wer your they, doth urge my Departure, I wish you not to fear my Ability to answer you, but to remit this private Contention till another time. And if any of you enviously condemn me, or repine at my good Fortune, I will be ready to answer your several Quartels in Persia, at the time that is appointed for the Meeting of the Kings of Myris and Armenis; for the cause of your Approach being to release the Ladies Imprisonment, weak-

en not your Force by private Contention; for in the Tryal of it, you will find occasion enough to Exercise your Arms.

Hearing his Words, they agreed thereto, but yet contended who should try the Adventure sirst; In the end they agreed to cast Lots, and the last fell to the Knight of the Oracle; every one having a Day's Respite for the sinishing thereof.

Thus did they make Tryal of themselves, some with much Labour attaining the Bridge, but then forced by the Vertue of Enchantment to yield, and so were imprisoned in lamentable fort by Ila, who defired the Enchantment might never end, and o-

thers with Fear run away.

Many Days it was before it came to the Knight of the Oracle's turn; in the end, all being fled or imprisoned, he alone was left to try his Fortune, neither having Friend to fuccour him, Foe to envy him, or any to behold him; for the Enchantrels had made, fuch Desolation amongst the Tents, by casting Fire amongst them, that all the Servants of those Knights fled as amazed, reporting from place to place their Masters Misery: Yet all this did not discourage the Knight of the Oracle, but he rested as resolute to go forwards, as if there had been no Danger in the Attempt.

Confirmin seeing how many Knights were at that Instant imprisoned, all their Tents destroyed, and no Man as she thought left, began to discomsit herself, utterly despairing of Releasement; desiring Ils to let her view the Knights that were impri-foned, fearing Persieles's being there; but her Requests were in vain, for Ils, fretted with extream fear of the End of her Enchantment, in a mad Rage flung from them, fludying which way to lengthen the Date thereof; which tormented both Confiamia

and Philoshera, with great Grief of farther Calamity.

#### CHAP. XXVIII.

How the Knight of the Oracle finished the Enchantment; and how I-la departed with Philotheta.

DEfore bright Phabus that Morning could thew her Iplendant Beams, the Knight of the Oracle was up, viewing the Situation of the Bridge, to see which way he might advantage himself or disadvantage his Foe; and winding the Horn, there was an exceeding Earthquake within the Tower, that the Foundation thereof shook; and one of the Gyants came running forth, without speaking a word, striking at him, but he defended himfelf a great while on Horfe-back, until the Gyant pressed so hard upon him, that he was forced to dismount; and thereupon again affailed him, giving him many a deep Cut, and receiving many a fore Bruffe, that had not his Armour preferred him, he had dyed; but in the end, he prevailed to much by the Death of the first Gyant, that he attained the first and second Fortification of the Bridge; and at the third, he was to violently fet upon by the other Gyant, that he was only compelled to ward his Blows. but effying a broken place in his Armour, he thrust his Sword quite through his Body, by which means, he entred the first large Court, where he beheld the Armour of such Knights, as had failed in the Adventure.

Ila knowing that the Date of the Enchantment would now end, in furious fort came running to the place where Confiantia and Philotheta were, taking Philotheta with violence out of the Arybour, and by force of her Enchantment compelled her to follow her until the came to the Court, where the Knight of the Oracle was: He suddenly beholding Philotheta, at the first sight knew her, and seeing them pass by, towards the Entrace, he stept after them to speak to her, but suddenly rushed upon him a number of armed Men, that laid upon him with such swiftness, that he had no power to stir from the place where he stood; then suddenly vanishing, he stood amazed at the sight, and perplexed with such doubt, that he could not tell what to do; sometimes thinking to follow Philotheta, then perswading himself it was but an Illusion, and thinking to cast off that Doubt, and go forwards, his Mind was posselled with such Desire to see her again, that he stood like a Man without Sence; and suddenly such a Mist darkned the Place, that he could scarce see his series.

continuing for the space of an Hour: Whilst he remained in these Contractors, sometimes of Perswasion it was she, which troubled his Heart to think what should become of her, that he seemed to have lost his senses; remaining in many Meditations, the Mist vanished, and the Sun shining, disclosed the Beauty of that most hardly Palace. When he saw no surther Expectation of Danger appear, he entred further, towards the three Gates of Brais, beholding the curious Works thereof, through which he entred into the Court, which drew his Mind in great Admiration thereof; and entring the Hall, beheld the two Lyons, that kept the Passage; which with a fair Prospect discovered the Beauty of the Garden.

The Lyons no fooner cipyed him, but they presently kept such appearing Norse that all the Palace rung thereof; and Confiancia hearing the same, cryed out as exceedingly affrighted. The Knight of the Oracle attempted to pass by them, expecting no other but cruel Resistance, but contrary to him thought, they laid themselves down at his feet, as it were reverencing him: which he beholding, of his own inclination loosed both their Chains, which when he had done, they ran out of the Palace with great

swiftness of

Passing through the Hall, he entred the Garden, looking round about him to behold the Beauty thereof, and suddenly he began to wonder that he had not beheld either Man, Woman or Child, since he entred, which caused exceeding Admiration in him, marvelling greatly, that he could not behold the Lady whose Picture he beheld at the Entrance; so finding himself over-wearied with Labour, purposing to rest his Body, entred into the Hall, and seated himself in a rich and costly Chair.

Confidence being in an Arbour, beheld him enter the Garden, and when he went back, marvelling what he flould be, and lably thinking the Enchantment was ended, not daring to go out of the Arbour, her Heart was so oppress with Amazement, that he delived one of the Damsels to see who he was, and learn the Cause of that

Upfoar they heard in the Palace.

One of the Danfels being incredince than the other, laid, that for the Love file bare her the would adventure. Though the lost her life. Palling on towards the Palate with hally free, as if forms not had purfued her, and going forwards as if an Evil had been before her, that the could not tell whither, wherefore, nor why had no married on a fudden the mounted the pallings into the Hall,

and

and was right before the Knight of the Oracle whom when the law, the flood looking upon him with great Amazement, whilst he faid unto ber

Damiel, Fear not, I will defend you from Danger, here is none

intends you harm.

The Damiel hearing his Voice, was nevived, faying Sir Knight, I wonder what Accident bath brought you hither, where no Knight hath been these twenty Years?

Lady, faid he, fortune, and my good Deltiny, that have been

employed to fet you at Liberty.

Sir, quoth the It is not I, but my Miftreis you mean; by whose Command I have adventured to fee what hath happened; to

whom if you will vouchfafe to go, I will conduct you.

He then remembred it was not her Picture that he had feen, and blushed to be fordeceived; but he told her, his coming was

to do her Lady Service.

With that they entred the Garden, and Confiances foon effect him, and seeing the Knight come in such peaceable fort with the Damsel, the went forth to meet him. He likewise seeing her sheathed his Swood, his Heart trembling at the first light of her, by a natural Instinct bearing such a reverend Regard to her Majestical Person, that when he came near her, he bowed his Knee, and faid, Most noble Lady, Be not disquisted with Fear of sefrained Liberty, for the Date of the Enchantment of this Callie

Caphania Rep'd to him, and took him by the Hand, defiring him not to kneel to her who had more Caufe to kneel to him.
Honoured Lady, faid he, I have all the Reward I expect; yet

grant me one Favour, which is to tell me your Name.

Conftantia's Heart leaped within her which caused an exceeding Birth to possess her Gheeks, saying, Noble Knight, I were to plame to deny you so small a Request; my Name is Contamia.

5. Then both Heaven, quoth he, made me happy in finding you whom my Heave ever honoured.

Constants marvelling who he should be, affuring herself it was

not Perficles Sorrow roubled in Cou denly know her; he was ber with these Speeches: La ther to rid you out of Amb Orack, which I have but lat

called Montelion, being bred up in Affyria; but whether I was born there, or who my Parents were, I cannot tell; the Caufe of my Travel into this Country was in your Search, in the company of Perficles, who for your Absence liveth in perpetual Grief; therefore chear up your Heart, and put your Coundence in my Fidelity, who will not leave you till I have brought you to his Presence.

Configurie's Heart was so filled with Joy to hear his Words, and withal remembring what Philothera had told of Montelion, she fail, Most honoured Knight, I have heard before of your Loyal Friendship, shown to my dear Lord. Perseles, which makes me put my whole Confidence in you, which came to my hearing by the Report of a Lady that you lately succoured in that Country, named

Philathera.

He hearing that, fetched a deep Sigh, faving, Indeed I once enjoyed her Prefence, but whether I shall ever see her again or where she is, I know not; yet if I were not deluded, I beheld her passing

out of this Callle.

It may be so, said Confiancia, for the was with me this Day, and hath been here many Days; but the Euchantress in great hast, and by violence took her from me, carrying her I know not whither; by whose report of your Vertues, I conceive such Comfort in their Assurance, that I intreat your Promise of Assistance, and then shall my Heart rest your of Fear, as if I were in my Father's Court.

My Heart (said he) rejoyceth to hear your kind Speeches, vowing my self to be at your Command. Then they departed into the Palace, with purpose not to tarry there, but instantly to leave the same: but coming into the Outward-court, he remembred he heard the Voices of Men that lay in Bondage; being willing to release them out of Bondage, which he could soon do, when there was none to resist him, and in small fearch he found the Keys that opened the Entrance into the Prison; leaving Constants in Security, for he would not offend her Senses with the Smell thereof and being entred, he found a great number there enclosed many of them in such poor and destressed Estate that his Heart lameated to behold them: At last he espeed Helion (though to him unknown) whose Flesh seemed to be incorporate with the Earth whereon he lay, from whence he could not tile without help, and known as the Each antiment to be finished, repented himself of

The ne but for men at liberty, the the were come into the

clear light, with one Affort all yielded him Thanks: Conftantia likewife feeing them, wept for Grief, that to many should be endangered to fet ber at liberty. They all proffered their Service unto her; but the deliting not to be known of any, in courteop fort refused the same reposing her whole Confidence in the of the Oracle, who presently, according to her Deire, left lace, and without the Bridge he found his Horse grazing at others that had loft their Riders; amongst them he chose out three,on which he mounted Conftantia and her two Damfels, halfing to Travel fo far as the Day's length would permit from the Palace, lodging that Night in a small Village. The Knights that had liberty, seeing them departed, betook themselves to Travel, except Hehan, who was to weak he could not Travel.

CHAP XXIX.

How the Knight of the Oracle depended mush Constantia; bow they arrived as Delatur a Caffe : How, the knew bins to be her San,

Conflantia found such courteous Behaviour, and kind Allistance in the Knight, that the remained in great quiet; but noting his Countenance, the perceived it to be darkned with some misty Clouds of Discontent, which the supposed to be for the Lois of Philothera, but yet she concealed her Opinion from him, wherein she jump'd right on his Infirmity, for his Heart was placed with Care for her Loss and Safety, that he could endure no quiet. the Morning when they should depart, they disputed whether they should prepare to travel, or flay to hear of Persicles there, or go directly into Affria: amongst many Doubts, they agreed to travel into Affria, where he told Constantia they should assuredly find him; for the time of the appointed Meeting of him and the King of Armenia drew nigh. After many Days Travel, they came to the place where he remembred he first faw Philotheta, and parted from terficles; which he revealed not to Conframia, as unwilling to make her privy to his Love: yet he purposed in his Journey to visit Anaphiadar, hoping to find her there; and coming to the Ca-file, he was welcomed thither by Delatus, who was again restored to his Dukedom. Sir, (quoth the Knight of the Oracle) I thought this had been Amphinder's Caffic?

this had been Amphendo's Caffic ?

[Ampheados did poffet, it (faid he) but indeed the Rimine; and though I have no acquamence with you.

er, yet for this Night, that I may know whom I have lodged, and you have force knowledge of my Affection unto you. They both noting with what hearty Words he spake, being weary with Travel, alighted to rest themselves, being kindly welcomed by him and Allaha. After Supper, Delatus began these Speeches:

Worthy Knight, mould I rehearfe the whole Circumstance of my Misfortune and Amshiador's Wickedness, I should both trouble you with the Tedionineis, and renew my own Sorrows : only this, he wrought means to deprive me of this my Dakedom, and caused Pembrasus to Enchant me in the Desirt, with purpose I should never return; yet he favouring me, bound me there no longer than Conftantia should remain Enchanted in the Tower built by King Helion, revealing many Secrets to me, that I will disclose hereafter. Not many Days fince, I found my felf at liberty, whereby I knew the Enchantment was ended. The fame Day Ila favouring Amphiador, seeing her Power at an end, came to this Castle, bringing Philothera with her, not his, but my Daughter, declaring my Releasement, with whom he fled, but whither I know not, which I fear will turn to her great sorrow! for his Mind is foapt to Cruelty, that he feareth not to act any Villany to fatisfie his own Mind. I tell this unto you, though I know it concerns you not, yet to let you understand that by finishing the Enchantment, I was released. which the knowing, gave him knowledge of, which is the Caufe of his Flight. I defire you (faid he) to grant me one favour, which is to let me know if your Name be not Confrantial? 17 100111/ (IT !!

I am (quoth she) that most unfortunate Creature, and by this Knight's Valour was I set at Liberty, to whom I am much bound. My Heart rejoyceth (said Delatus) that ever I had cause to do you any Courtesse, and that it was my good Fortune to see you in this Place, having long wished for your Release; not body for my own Good, but for that noble King Persieles's sake, who was with me in the Desart when I lived Enthrased, and with earnest Resolution determined to spend the Date of his Life in your Search; from which I dissipated him, and by my Direction he returned into Assirtance in the Sequel of your Releasement was revealed to me by Penthrasis himself, which none could Atchieve but your own Sun, which is this noble Knight. Nay (said he) doubt not of this for what he revealed and I have published is true, though it rest.

oth not in my knowledge to dilate the Circumstances of it.

They both wondred as his speeches, and the Ringht of the Oracle

Middle Lan I be more fortnessed or hear better News, or received

any Comfort more than this? O Heavens, grant that my tesful Hope may not be fruftrated, but that I may be affured I am deficended of fuch noble Parents: Which may be true; for Carbines often told me, that he found me on the Top of a Mountain lying in Swadling-cloaths, and not far off the Body of a Woman torn and diffmembred by wild Beafts, and many Jewels about me, lone of which I have ever fince worn about my Neck!

Confluence feeing it knew the same embracing him in her Arms, and killing him, whill he with humble Duty did her Reverence. I should be too tedious to recite their Joys, and how much Delatus and Alfala made of them, who would not so leave them, but promised to travel with them into Africa, where they were assured to meet Perficles, but in such fort that none might know them, for as yet Constants seared her Father's Displeasure. They stayed there but that Night, and early the next Morning they betook themselves to travel.

Notwithstanding this Joy, the Knight of the Oracle felt some Sparks of Discontent which troubled his Senses, and turned his Queit into Disquiet, which was with the Remembrance of Philotheta, whose Mishap pinched him to the Heart: she was also troubled with the same Disquiet, fearing never to see him again, little thinking it had been he that sinished the Enchantment; besides, she was much troubled with Ha's Dealing, who having brought her to Amphiador, sted and was never seen of her again.

Amphiador being alone with Philothera, thought it not good for him to discover himself, lest he thereby should hazard his Life: but disguising himself and her, lest Arabia, and travelled unto Persia, thinking to live there till Death, undiscried; and finding out a Habitation sit for that purpose, he told her what he intended, perswading her to stay with him. This troubled her very Heart, searing some greater Mischeis would follow, which according to her Missoubt sell out: for when he saw no means to recover his Dignity, nor to attain any other Felicity but to live in Obscurity, his Mind being addicted to a licentious Desire, began to dote on Philothera's Beauty, which burst out into a Flame, revealing the same in this sort:

Philaters, (quoth he) if you knew what I would fay, or if you could conceive my Meaning without Words, I would refrain to there is no hope for metodive without attaining my Defire. I will utter to you the depth of my Good will; and the thing I defire to much you mould know, which is, That I love you; this I hope cannot be grieved usen you?

Should Inot (faid the) love you, I were to be accounted very unwateful and unworthy, having found you so kind, which bindeth me to yield you Thanks.

Then (faid he) let me enjoy that Love, for your Beauty hath enfrared my Heart, and nothing but the Sweet thereof can eafe my Torment: Here we may live together void of Disquiet, enjoying each others Love with Content, which exceedeth the Plea-

fure that more dignified Honour vieldeth.

Philotheta at the first understood his Meaning, replying with Mildness, but her Heart so much disdained to yield to that he defired, that he could not contain herfelf, but made him this Anfwer: Amphiador, dost thou think thy Wickedness can over-mafter my Vertue? Or doft thou think I can like to hear thy odious Speeches that bewrayeth the inward Rancor of thy Heart? Or dost thou behold such Looseness in me, that should animate thee to this dishonourable Attempt? Or dost thou think that I will yield to thy Luft? No, now I fo much abhor thee, that I shall count my felf the worse because I know thee, and curse my cruel Destinies that have made me to see thee, and will rather end my Life desparately, than suffer my self to conceive one good Thought of thee: therefore leave off where thou haft begun, for I will fooner Massacre my felf, than yield to the least part of thy Defire.

### CHAP. XXX.

How Amphiador, Philotheta, and Praxentia met : how they prevented his Lust, and departed towards Assyria.

T chanced, that not long after, as Amphiador was walking alone in a folitary Place, he heard the Lamantation of a diftreffed Lady, who uttered thefe Words: What Mifery am I brought into by my own doting Folly on that unknown Knight which never regarded me? Fond Woman that I am, thus to abandon my Father's Court, where I was renowned for Vertue: for who heard the Name of Praxentia that did not adore the fame? And who was more reverenced than my felf, who now have brought my Honour into Diffrice, and for the Love of Stranger have refused to match with so mighty a Prince as Ra-lian? O Perfeles! thee may I curie, for by the means he wildle, or left where he will never return. Applied of the first of the formand and the first of the first

Pracentia, which Names he knew, admired who it should be but seeing her filent, he drew near her, faying, Lady, hearing your Laments, I could not chuse but pity you, which makes me thus bold to approach into your Company, proffering my Assistance to Aid you in what I can.

My Friend, (faid Pracentia) against my will you are privy to my Estate; which if you pity, succour me, for I am brought low

by too much Grief, and weak for want of Suffenance !!

Lady, (quoth he) my Habitation is not favor, whither if you will go, you shall have what you define. Being come thither, they found Philotheta drowned in Tears, the Cause whereof he well knew: but Praxentia wondred at it, containing another inward Sorrow to see so sweet a Greature in such Sadness. Philotheta marvelled what she was, hoping by hen company to receive some Comfort.

Amphiador leaving them both together, went out to meditate on what he had done, deviling by what means to enjoy both their Loves; which he was fully resolved to do, though the Deed was

never so wicked.

Pranentia having well tefreshed herself with such good Food as:

the had received, demanded Philotheia's Caule of Sorrow.

Ah me! (faid she) none so miserable as I; this Tyrant that brought you hither is my Father-in-law, whole Mind is so wicked, that he strives to win me to his Lust; which addeth much Sorrow to my Heart; so that I am weary of my Life. My Name is Philothera, Daugther to the Duke of Ma, whom all Menthought had been dead: but he being informed of the contrary by the Enchantress, sted, bringing me hither by force, where he intends to keep me as his Bond-slave; but the Heavens, I hope, will ordain some Succour to my Dibress. Your help I cannot desire, because you are in distress too; to remedy which Evil, you are fallen into a place that yieldeth no Comfort.

Before Pracemist could reply. Amphiador came in and entertained her with many counterfeit Courteles, and comforted her with many fair Speeches, protelling so many Services, that none but one of so impudents Dispositions could have found on such a fedden to profest the Barposit whereof Pracental (being before wanted) swilflundershood fearing some fareher Mischell would follow the edge. That Day they could have no further Conference together, for he kept himself always in their company. When it was Mighes they thought to have looged together but

he ordered the contrary 11 by which means, for three Days after they could not atter their Minds to one another. In the mean time Amphiador was never out of their companies, perswading Philothera to yield her Liking to what he had proffered; and ming fuch Speeches to Preventia as might draw her to a good Opinion of him.

One Night Amphiador being very delirous to possess Praxentia's Love, with foftly fteps he stole into her Chamber, creeping along the Floor, until he attained to the Bed-fide; and perceiving her fleen foundly, without fpeaking, he crept into the Bed to her. She feeling one in the Bed, was so amazed and affrighted, that before he could embrace her as he intended, the leaped out on the other fide, and ran to the Door; to whom he called, faying, I befeech you fay. I mean you no harm, by Heaven, I will not offer you In-What Villian art thou, (laid the) that feekest my Dishonour? Or what wicked Pretence drives the hither at this unfeafonable time, and in fuch audacious fort to affright me?

Neither intending your Dishonour, nor under other Pretence than Vertuous came your poor Servant Amphiador into your Prefence, only with Thankfulness to manifest my Heart's true Devotion: I befeech you hun me not, nor suspect me, for my Heart will fooner fee it felf torn in pieces, than think a Thought to

wrong your Worthiness.

Should I be fo mad as to trust thee, thou mightest well repute me for immodelt, and well might I blame my felf if I fustained Wrong; therefore for this time I will leave you. With that, she made fast the Door, and hastned unto Philotheta's Chamber, calling out aloud. Philotheta, Philotheta, let me in. She being afleep, was half amazed with the Noise, not during at the first or second Call to open the Door: but when she heard it was a Woman's Voice. the opened the fame; which the had no fooner done, but Praxentia stept in, desiring her to make it fast again; standing with Fear fo mute, that until the had reassumed her memorial Senses to their proper use. The could not speak a Word; whilst Philotheta bewailed her Sorrow, often demanding the Cause thereof. At last the declared the how Amphiador had used her.

O base Villian (said Philothera) will the Fates suffer him to proceed thus and not cut him off? Or can we devise no means to avoid his Intent? Lady, (quoth Pravenia) do but joyn with me, and you shall foon for that between as we will quickly be rid of

py Woman living, and for ever honour you, if by your Counsel and Help I attain this Felicity. Then, quoth she, by some means or other convey his Sword into my Chamber, and there hide your self till I come: in the mean time I will so deal wish him, that he shall come again to my Chamber, without suspect of our Intent, with meer Hopes to attain my Love; and when he is come, I will so work with him, that either we will by Cunning out-reach him, or sheath the same in his Bowels. All this, said Philosheta, will I constantly perform.

Early the next Morning Philotheta fetcht Praxentia's Apparel, and putting it on, she went down where Amphiador was: who espying her, came to her, desiring that she would pardon his last Night's Boldness: Sir, said she, I was disquieted therewith, more than I needed, considering you meant me no Violence as you protest; but it was great Folly in you to come at so unseasonable a time, and not make the Party acquainted. Pardon me, I humbly desire you.

and withal pity me, that am enfoared with your Beauty.

Many fuch Speeches be used, and she counterseited many seigned Denials, which was intermingled with such Hope, that he perceived she would yield, and therefore the more he entreated, vowed, and protested to win her Consent: which at last, according to her Appointment, she granted; but with such Conditions as furthered the Purpose of their intended Revenge. He being joyful thereof, left her; and she went to Philothera, declaring how she had dealt with him.

When Night approached, he walked abroad to meditate on his enfuing Pleasure; thinking by that time he returned they would be parted to their Lodgings. In the mean time Philospeta conveyed inno the Chamber two Swords, being the Weapons that were in the House, and hid herself from being seen. When he thought it time, he returned, and coming to the Chamber-door, he found Praxentia ready to let him in, whose Heart trembled at the first sight of him, but yet she shook it off, with as much Courage as might be in a Woman. When he was entred, and the Door made saft, having embraced her with a lassivious Riss, the which she patiently endured by reason of her Promise, he went to bed, whilst she stood trifling to undress herself. When she saw him laid, she came to the Bed-side, giving him a betraying Kiss, saying, Amphiador, how much do I now differ from Chastity, that must yield to violate the same, without the Holy Rites of Marriage, wherein I shall call away my self, and make my Name oblique throughout the mole

World, if you forfake me, of whose Faith I have no Assurance? Tufh, quoth he, fear not, but come to Bed : I will then make thee a faithful Promise that thou shalt rest contented. That were (faid the) to yield Pollession before, and afterwards repent. By my Soul (faith he) I will not touch you before I am licensed by your free Confent. Then (faid she) let me bind your Hands, and I will without delay come to you. He accounted that Request to proceed from balliful Fear, not from Policy; thinking though his Hands were bound he should be good enough for her with his Legs granted it. Then the took a Scarf which the had brought on purpole, and therewith bound his Hands fo fast, that it was impossible for him to undo them; which done, Philothera step'd forth, delivering one of the Swords to Praxentia, and holding the other Hand against his Breast said, Now, Amphiador, what hath thy Lewdness brought the unto, but Milery? Thinkest thou, that hadst no Mercy in feeking our Dishonour, to find Remorfe in us to work Revenge? Nay, Villanous Traytor (faid Praxentia) should we suffer so vile a Miscreant to live, we should do a wicked Deed : for a Man of thy impious Life, will infect the whole World. Art thou so treacherous that thou carest not what Laws thou violatest. and yet so simple as to be overcome by a Woman? yet know whom thou half offended, and to whom thou wouldest have done Violence: know, I fay, Traytor, that my Name is Praxemia, Daughter to the King of Macedonia, that will work Revenge upon thee. worthy thy hanious Act. Amphiador marvelling when heard her Name, and he lay confounded with Shame, his Heart fainting with fuch Fear, that with little Violence it would have been overcome. To make him more fure, one of them bound his Feet, whilst the other stood ready to stab him if he stirred. This done, they withdrew themselves, consulting which way to be rid of him.

Most noble Lady (quoth Philothera) your Prudence hath set us at liberty from this Tyrant, whom if you please, we will leave in this place, and not stain our innocent Hands with his impure Blood. But (said Praxemia) how shall we escape from hence? Eassily, replyed the, for leaving him sast bound, there is none to pursue us. Then Praxemia went unto him, and said, Amphiador, we cannot as yet resolve how to work sufficient Revenge upon thee; therefore make no Acclamation, but with patience abide our Will, which will be too favourable: for if we hear thee but once open thy Mouth such shall be thy Usage, that thou shalt wish then had staken our Directions: Upon which they locked the Door, and

left him. Then they began to consult what to do; Praxenta faying, Lady, it may be you will travel into Arabia, which will occasion our Separation; for I resolve to go to Assia, which will occasion that concerns no less than my Life, which I will impart unto you upon promise of Secretic. I were not worthy to live, (replyed she) if I revealed your Counsel. Then did she unfold her Love to Montelion, and how Patian crost the same. Philosheta's Heart melted within her to hear her Speech, fearing to be disappointed of her Intent, being troubled with so great Anguish, that so great a Princes should be her Rival, sometimes thinking that he did not esteem her according to his Speech, but that he proffered his Love to her of common Courteste to try her Assection. Many other Cogitations occurred in her Brain; but seeing that she expected a Reply, she made this Answer: Most Noble Princes, if you will accept of my Company, I will in regard of your Courtesse, undeservedly shewed to me, venture my self with you, and do my best to further you in attaining your Desire. Praxentia was glad thereof; and with this Resolution, in the Morning they left the Place, travelling towards Association, changing their Upper-garments into Palmer's Gray.

# CHAP. XXXI.

How the Knight of the Oracle, Constantia, and the rest hearing a lamentable Cry, found Amphiador starved to Death.

Amphiador lay all that Day upon the Bed fast bound, perswading himself they meant him no Evil; but when it drew to Night, he marvelled that they came not again. Then he began to suspect the Truth, that they were departed; which vexed him so much, that he would have destroyed himself if he could have found means, continuing the length of that discomfortable Night in eursing his own Fortune and Folly, that had brought him to that Misery; thinking either to starve there for want of Food, or to preserve his Life, by eating his own of Flesh, and so to dye a linguing Death. Four Days after, Fortune brought things to pass, that the Knight of the Oracle, Delana, Constants and Allala, with many others in their Company, having lost their way, alighted on the place where Amphiador lay, making such Lamentation for want of Food, that it pierced the Ears of the Knight, who first hearing the lame, set Spurs to his Horse, and entring the House, the Door whereast he found open, and drawing his Sword, he found the Chamber, to the conditional open, and drawing his Sword, he found the Chamber,

the

whence the pitcous Cry proceeded, fail lockt, which he brake depen, and found Amphiador in such a lamentable plight, that the Water stood in his Eyes: Amphiador seeing him, cryed out for Meat. What art thou? (quoth he.) My Name (said he) is Amphiador, wicked Amphiador, that for my Sins endure this Punishment. The Knight of the Oracle presently unbound him, and went with him to seek for Victuals; which he soon found. By this time Delatus and the rest were entred, and Amphiador espying Alfala, fell down dead. Farewel (said the Knight of the Oracle) hadst thou dyed sooner, then should not some have cause to complain of thy Tyranny. They made short tarriance in that place, for that it yielded little Comfort; but again travelled towards Asyria.

#### CHAP. XXXII.

How the Emperour of Persia, and the King of Macedonia met to conclude the Peace between Persicles and the King of Armenia. How Persicles erected a Pavillion to entertain all Strangers: how the Knight of the Oracle and Constantia arrived there; how Persieles discovered them, and of the Joy that was made for their Sufety: how Persieles knew the Knight of the Oracle to be his Son, and was afterwards married to Constantia.

He Emperour of Persia and the King of Macedonia according to the Peace ratified between Perfectes and the King of Armenia, met at the City of Pifos, and were there received by Perficles in fuch honograble fort, as is not to be described. This City of Pilos bordereth on the utmost Confines of Affyria, not above a Furlong diftant from Armenia on the Edge whereof flood the City of Lifar. rich and populous, where the King of Armenia then lay, Between thefe two Cities was fo large a Valley of Plains, that the fair Profrect of both the Cities lay open to each others View. In the midst of this Valley were the Royal Tents of Perfia and Macedonia pitcht. and about them a number of Tents of gallant Knights, that came to hear them company; and both the Cities were fortified with Garrisons of Soldiers, to prevent Injury that might be offered to en ther Party, in The King of Macedonia, likewife brought with him his three Sons, Menirus, Daurus, Therus, his Queen and his fair Daughter Sabina, in whose company were the chiefest Ladies of Macadonia, and such Troops of valunt Knights, that all the Valley filled with their Tents and Pavillions. Perficles trufting to the affirence Delatus had given him of Constantia's Release, caused all the beautiful Damiels in Affrica to be brought before him; electing out of them one hundred, whom he caused to be cloathed all in White. He also caused a stately Pavillion to be creded in the View of all the rest, of such costly and curious Work, that all that beheld it, admired the same; over the Door of the Pavillion were these Verses:

Honour, Valour, and Vertile guard this Place,
Where Honour is for all that these imbrace:
An absent Knight, of honour'd Gists and Fame,
Shall be their Host, Montel 100 n is his Name,
Here boldly enter; repose and feed;
For Love to him, made Pesicles dothis Deed.
Whoe're can tell where he remains,
Shall have a Royal Gist to quit his Pains.

Perficler's Intent in doing this, was, that all Strangers that had no Possession of their own, should there find Entertainment in Honour of Montelion, in whose Memorial he had built the same as a Remembrance of his Love and Favour; his Intent being to draw all Strangers thither, by whose Report he hoped to hear some

News of his beloved Friend.

Within few Days the Knight of the Oracle and his Company, arrived in Affyria; and meeting with an Affyrian, he demanded of him whose Tents those were: he declared unto him all that he knew: Where may we have Lodging? (faid he.) Not in the City (answered the Affyrian,) for thither are none permitted to come without Examination; but in the midst of these Tents is a Pavillion in Remembrance of the noble Knight Montelion, who freed our Country from the Armenians; in which, all Strangers have Entertainment in his Remembrance. Wilt thou direct us thither? (said he) and I will reward thes. I will, replyed the Affyrian. When they came thither, according to his Report, they were entertained, and lodged in such fortas they desired; and being late, every one departed to their place of Rest, omitting surther Conference until next Day.

Early the next Morning the Knight of the Oracle arming himfelf, mounted his Steed, and rode up and down till Noon, to behold the Tents and beautiful Situation of those two Cities, and to see the Tilts and Turneys that were performed by many Knights returning again to confer with his Mother about discovering

themselves.

on deligning that many Strangers were in Montelion's Pavilli-on, dilguised humistics, the Habit of one of his own Men, only to view them, and see if his Servants used them so honourably as he intended: ; and coming into the Room where Confiamia, the Knight of the Oracle, Delaw and Alfala were, at the first fight knew Delaws and Alfala were, at the first fight knew Delaws and Alfala were, at the first fight knew Delaws and Alfala were, at the first fight knew here. Then did no presently believe that the English of the Oracle had released her. All these loys concurring, filled up his Senies with such Delight, that he was forced to withdraw himfelf from being discovered, which at that time he would not be. Altering his Disguise again, he went to the Emperour of Perfa's Tent; and finding him in a conveni-

Most Renowned Emperour, The Friendship and Help I have received by your Favour, without any Merit of my own, hath made me most infinitely bound unto your Excellency; yet nevertheless I defire one Favour more at your Hands, which you may with more Safety grant than deny, and thereby make me and yourfelf both Happy. My loving Friend, (faid he) whatever it be, I will not deny you. I make the more Doubt, (replyed he) because I have heard you Vow to the contrary; and yet should you perform that Vow, it would procure much Discontent. A rash Vow (faid the Emperour) may be broken; therefore let me know your Request, and it may be I will dispence therewith. My Defire is, (laid he), that you would pardon your Daughter Constantia, and remit the Offence committed by her and him, that caused her to leave the Persian Court ... Why, my Lord, (said the Emperour) do you know where theis? First befeech you, (quoth he) grant my Request, and I will tell you all I know. For your sake (faid he | will freely accept her into my Favour. I humbly thank you (replyed he) both for her and my felf : It was my unhappy felf that was the Caufe of her Departure; but fince that time. I have not feen her till this Day, for going to the Pavillion, which is named by Montelion, I faw her there in company with him, who is called the Knibb of the Oracle. The Emperous rejoyced greatly to hear these Tydings, which so well pleased him, that he could not chuse but reveal it to the Empress, who was ready to run forth of her Tent to see her. The Emperour and Empress, with goodly I vain accompanied by Perficles, who had fent for three and so Damiels, and most of the Peers of Affrica, to welcome with great low went to the Payallon, the Emperor

and Empress going before, and he coming after, the Greetings were past, he might have the more liberty har. Then entring the Room where Combinitioned Me And Empreis going before, and the commander, that when their directings were paft, he might have the more Horry to embrace her. Then entring the froom where Configurate before a them, while they knew her, and the them, falling products before a them, while they welcomed her with great Kindnells. Then welcoming the Kingho of the Oratle, Perfuler embraced Configurate, each weeping for Joy. O Heavens (fidd he) never was a bleft till this happy Hour's after to much Sorrow, to enjoy finch Pheddre. Mondolor's Approach brake off their-speech, who kneeds before him. Nay, dear resid (laid he) kneel not, for I am not worthy to be to benoured. My Lord (quark Delatus) well may he do at, for he as your own Son. More Honour, loy, Gomfort and Contest, (laid Perfulu) sould never have happened to any mortal Man, than doth this Day knew not either Father. Wife, or Son: one fo Honourable and Magnificent, the other to Vertuous, Bountiful and Loving; the laif is Valinit, Vertuous, Magnanimous and Princent that all the World's Wealth cannot-counterful my Riches. Then turning to the Emperour, Incedeng down with them, the fidd. Renowned Emperour, Defeach you accept in three as your Children, remitting all Displeafure conceived against us.

Then did the Emperour and Empreis. Detormal and Defense welcomed by the Citizens and Marchants with great joy, while the Emperour uttered these Speeches:

See here, in Friends of Affirm, your livege, Lord and Soveraging, the Son of Palales and Configures. How may you applied the Bounty of Heaven providing for you such a noble Frince? Then turing Confirmin by the east freely as the Heavens gave her my Daughter; a give her the sound of Mananchy is given to be be palaled; have my Daughter; a laye her the east freely as the Heavens gave her my English of the Citizens and Confirmins. How may you applied the Bounty of Heaven providing for you such a noble Frince? Then taking Confirmins by the stand, he faid: Here Perfuse, the mental search in the World's Measuchy is faying. Montinistry Engerious the my Jo

How the two Ladies breated at the Pavillon, bon Philotheta disquered in Montelion Francials Love, to make Tryal of him whom the himst dearly bright.

Ow greet Juy was made by the Allyvians for these Accidents. That Evening had brought the two Ladies Philabera and Praxemia to the City-walls, where they beheld the Turnaments, and saw the Knight of the Oracle bear away the Prize, whom they were informed to be Monellin, and Son of Persicles and Confluence. This News rejoyced them both; Praxemia hoping to enjoy his Love, and Philabera purposing to live no longer than to live in Hope to do the like; taking the Entertainment of the Knight of the Oracle's Pavillion, which yielded them fuch Security Knight of the Oracle's Pavillion, which yielded them fach Security as they defired. Praxentis bethinking herfelf of a way to effect her Defire, thus brake her Mind to Philothets: Lady, faid file, I am more beholding unto you for undertaking this Travel for my fake, than I shall ever five to requite; not with francing for that my Passions crave Pity, and your good Flesp. I before hyou to Aid me in this Extremity: I have made my Name and Fortune known to you, and now it would be in vain for me to stay; for should I manifest my Love, it would turn to my everlasting Shame; I will therefore make my Bring known here to none, but the Knight of the Oracle, which shall be done by this means, if you will undertake it: I'm this Habit you may fately go without being known, as if you had never been iden; and shaling him out, give him knowledge of my being here, and the Milery I have endured for his lake; uttering the same in such form of Words as shall best like you; this will be a means to bring me Comfort, if you will perfeat the same the same: Philothetes promited her that she would do it the sum the fame. Philoseis promited her that the would do it the

Early the next Morning, Philothers diffusited hericit, for the ra-line, to feek Opportunity to deliver her Mellage, and coming to a Gity-gates with a pretended Earlie (if the were examined) nating Refillance : but coming to the Palace the entred into earliet Hall, where the flaved to fee the Royalty of the Court, the beheld the Kuight of the Oracle, only attended by his Page, at the the Girden, and then the follower him, the he looking et and efficient a the chindren stayed, courteoutly demandby the next Morning, Philothers difguiled herfelf, left the Pater

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ter of fecrefie to deliver to you. The most vertuous, be and constant Lady Prazenta, whom you well know, having ever since the first saw you, loved you, though without Comfort, and endured much Sorrow for your Absence, regarding her Love to you more than her Life, Parents, and Country, bath for your sake left her Pomp and Dignity, to live in Sorrow and Mifery to find you dut, who remaineth how in the Pavillion, where for your take all Strangers are entertained, in fuch sorrow and Anguith, as did you behold the fame, your vertuous Mind could not choose but pity her. This I am bold to utter to you, not fent hither, but in pity of her, and to do you Good, the being Daughter to the mighty King of Macedonia. Palmer, faidhe, I commend thy good Meaning, and with I could follow thy Countel, which bringeth much Disquiet to my Heart; I pity her more than she doth herself, and with not to have been born, rather than the should do berielf Wrong for my fake . She is worthy to be beloved, but I cannot alter my Affections that are already fetled, where yet I read no Hope of Comfort, and an kept from they many Difficulties, which makes me equal to her in Sorrow. I speak not this with intent that you thould tell it her, for that would make her more desperate ; but I fear that you are sent by her : which if it be so, you will do me Wrong, and her no Good; therefored pray you diffwade her if you can; for a Stranger's Counfel in fuch matters

prevails much; and if you can bring much presents the both re-volted from this Love, Athan count my fell and the population.

Sir, faid the Palmer, I would remain to voltage and if I know conveniently how to come to speak with you. I will be preplyed he, to Morrow within the City about this times hoping to hear batter News from her by they Per I wallons, will how giving the Pall-mer alrich Jewel for his Pains, they counted a Bioblaw out of the Palace, and he into the Garden, meditating on Whathe had heard. Philothera returning to the Pavillion, uttered the whole Sum of the Conference the had with the Knieko of the Onacle, tinto Pracence, which when the heard, to to grieved her, that Philorheid expected when the would have yielded in the Chofe 4 which to prevent the laid, Be not so imparient, has have ento my Chinfelou Phave appointed to come to him to Morrow 5 at which this I will deal to effectually with him, that he shall come and speak with you, and when he fees your Laments, there is no doubt hit he will conferent. This somewhat fetished her, wet her Mind was so full of Grief and Vexation, that her Eves count take more of the prevention of the conference of the co carnell Delire he had to hear the next News. Philotheta was not void of Care, as the had good Caule, undertaking a Matter against herself; yet to make assured Tryal of his Constancy, she did it. Being alone the meditated on the doubtful Issue of this Attempt, which would either procure her much Joy or Sorrow, sometimes perswading herself it was she he loved, that he was constant, that no Perswadions could alter him, yet she thought Pracentia's Birth, Beanty and Lament might overcome him, and the rather, for that he had no Assurance of her Love, or ever to see her again. Thus this fair Lady tormented herself with contraviety of Doubts, longing as much or more than Praxentia, for the next Morning's approach.

#### CHAP XXXIV.

Of the Treasons Practifed against the Knight of the Oracle.

THe King of Armenialeging such a League concluded by means of this Marriage, between the Emperour of Respa and Per-ficles, envying his Good, thought that he was likely to prevail nothing against him by that means; and calling unto him a Knight. whom he most favoured, and was always counselled by, named Cifor, to him he uttered his Discontent, who presently counselled him to break the Peace and suddenly surprize the City. The King liked not that Counsel, but rather desired by some sectet means either to Poyson Persicles and his Son, or set some Discord between them and the King of Macedonia, that so the Peace might be broken. Cifor promised to perform fomething to that Effect; and finding out Palian, he faid : Noble Prince, I marvel you fuffer your Glory thus to be darked by this Upitart Knight; that nameth himlest of the Oracle. Gan to hought able a Mind as yours brook inch ladignifies? Is not Allyria yours by Right? are not you more Noble by Birth, and Worthy to be as Famous as he is? Why do you fuffer him and his father to carry away all the Prize of Honour's Are all the Kanglits in drmenia too weak to copy with him? Doth The state of the s of the Min now come out of Maredoreferve my Lovaity!

Thou renewelt my Grief affelt, for I have drank formuch Sorrow in that kind of Difcontent, that my Heart is overcome therewith, and tain would work my Releafement, if you would be feerer and fivest to Alist me, I would tell my whole Heart anto you. The on his Protestations, he revealed his Love to Practice, and low he was croit by Manslion, with all that had passed fine, and of her Escape out of Paris, which was bely for his Love that regarded her not, and how he refered Revenge, his Mind string apt to entertain any Complete a Clar them faid, Confer with the King's Sons, and discover to m with what Barnestness she has sough his Love; and receiving scorn for her a section, and Distain for her Good-will, hath in a desperate fort (ashamed to be rejected) sholen from the Court of the Emperour of Passe, either to destroy herself, or wishally to live in perpetual Exile: When they hear this, their Hearts will be callly won to Revenge her Wrong; which done, let them alone to meditate thereon. Ciso having thus whetted him on, left him: which so prevailed, that he put the same in Practice with the King's Sons, that they began mortally to live Monslow, agreeing to Arm themselves in such Armour, that none but Cisor hould know them, and for some Days to lodge in the Pavillion, and there to deals which way to work him some Difgrace. Ilpoh this Conclusion they parted, and provided Armour for that purpose.

### CHAP. XXXV.

How the Knight of the Oracle arrived at the Pavillon diffuifed to fatrifle Proventia; how he was differented by Palian; how he and the Knig of Massionia; him would have marrhered him; how he waste Jew out if them, and may accepted by the Princips of a Rage, which the constituted Lance.

A William time was once. Philades not falling met the Roych William (or do her Medige. How now Palatar, hid her doft thousaring me News that Palatar hating it movers has Love to falling has. (clime that Palatar he will give over he would not have to fall has.) (the set of fact to repeat of the will do nertical force Violence, taken you have her.) I admost do that (fait he) though it pincient meta meat of her Sorrow; what can have now to what would not be the property of what would not be the provided of t

urable, Venturus, and Dublice.
Lind le may be the Lady whom you have to not combet the lady of their gards and in Love, which may be to any of their Gifts; two, not in Love, which may parable to her in any of their Gifts: No, nor in Love, which may peradventure love another; and then you will wrong your felf, and injure her. Peace, Paimer, quoth he, if my Fortune prove to bad, the greater will be my Minery; Tolk me therefore what thou woulded have use do. My Lord, faid the, had I not promised her to bring you to fleak with her, the would have deflroyed herfelf c're this; therefore vouchfafe me fuch Favour that I may perform my Word, which may be a means to end her Malady. Did it thou know, quoth he, how inwilling I am to do it. I think then would cli not request it: but to diffishe her of that which peradventure the will not credit by thy Report, and at thy Request. I will come to her this Evening. Philosoma being parted from him, by the way uttered these Speechess. O that Fortune would favour me to much, and bless ne with that Felicity to be the Party this worthy Knight loveth to constantly. By this time the was come to the Pavillion, where even there entired from Knights in black A those gallantly mounted, by their notward Habit pretending some erise. I Tragedy; their Knights were Paims and the King of Midelso. el Tragedy; their Knights were Palian and the King of Malettania's three Sons, who had vowed either fecretly or openly to com-

The Day being palt, the Knight of the Oracle apparelled binifelf in the Habit of one of the King's Servants, and only girding his Sword to his fide, he went to the Pavillion, concealing himself to closely as he could. But the Heavens had ordained him to endure fome Milery, for Palan elpyed his coming thither. Heing entred the Pavillion. Philbibera met him, who with Carefulnels expected his coming, conducting him unto the place where Pracental was which went to love against her Heart to do, that with very Grief the was ready to die; whither Palisn's wicked Eyes watched him. The Princess espains him, blushed exceptions has a smallest

plot the Death of Montelion, taking up their Longing to hatch

their Treason.

totaling her of immodesty to reveal that which she would have conceased. He saluting her, uttered these specimes:

Most noble Princest. To furst your Desire and Researcy Grantsude to you for your Friending bestooked on him that is not control thereof. I am come to you, desiring you not to miscon-

you, defiring you to command my Lite, if you pleate, forethat that he at your Disposition, otherwise I cannot employ my fell to would liking. I have long-since known of your Good-will to me, which Palian by his Subtilty increased, of whose Love and Proceedings. I know so much, that to fulfil your Request. I should wrong firm. I was the Man that should have joyned your Bands, when he rook my Name and Habit upon him 1, which I presume here to better that you may romember my lanocency in that Complet, and Now

constantly I have vowed my felf to another,

Reactive with Anger, Shame, and Grief, stood like one mute, vexed that he knew of Relian's AC, ashamed to make Love contrary to the Property of her Kind, and grieved to be disappointed, all which together, suffered her not to speak, till at last her Passions and burning Lult, to overcame her, that kneeding down the said: Good Knight, hlame me not, nor condemn me of immodelty, but grant Pity to my Torment. He taking her up, de-fired her not to kneel to him, that was not worthy thereof, nor able to deserve it. She taking him by the Hand, desired him to it down by her upon the Bed, making figns for Philothera to de-

part the Room.

To Repeat what matter of Behaviour this Woman used, and the Words the speak, would make any modest Ear blush; but seeing that nothing would prevail, Rage and Luft fo overcame her. that in bitter Exclaims the cryed out, Inhumane, Dilloyal and bale Knight, dost thou requite my Love with this Disdain? or thinkeft thou I will live to hear the Blot of thy Refusal? At the conclusion of which Words, Theins entred the Room, and with his Sword drawn, ran at him, who by good Fortune feeing him, ftarted afide, otherwise he had been flain, yet he was fore wounded; whereupon drawing his Sword, he ftruck at Theres, at every blow wounding him. Philorhera hearing the Noile, came in, and feeling Mometion wounded, with Fear, Grief and Amazment, cryed out aloud, Help, help, the King's Son will be murdered. The Eccho of her farill Voice founded throughout the whole Pavillion. and both the Servants and other Knights came running thither and before they came, he had gotten Ebess and overcome frim and thrult his Sword into his Body. By this time Palsan and her other two Brethsen came in, who leeing Them liam, cryed out Stay the Traytor, he hath murthered Their. San to the King of

me began to lay hands on the Knight of the Oracle; but his Po there Servants knowing him, stood in his Defence: then there began a hot Combat on both parts, and many were slain. Praxentia being now discovered, was known to Palian, and her two Brethren, to whom the cryed, Revenge my Shame, and my Brother's Death on this wicked Knight, who feeketh by Violence to Dishonour me, and hath slain my Brother.
What Grief this was to Philathers you may judge; and how it

vexed him to be thus betrayed, cannot be uttered : flanding in his own Defence against such as would have apprehended him that did not know him, till he was grievoully wounded, and many of them flain. By this time, the News thereof came to Perfectes, the Emperour of Perfis, and the King of Macedonia, who came thither with all fpeed; and the Allyrians hearing of the Knight of the Oracle's Diffress, broke the Conditions of the concluded Peace, and

by Multitudes ran forth of the City to preserve him.

Perficles first entred the Tent, next him the Emperour, then the King of Macedonia, commanding, upon Pain of Death, that no Man should strike a Blow; yet notwithstanding rashness and heavy Force fo overcame them, that it was long before they were appeafed; and the Emperour feeing Praxentia there in fuch fort disfigured, asked if any could tell the Canfe of that Mifchief : First Praxentia fpake, being most guilty, yet thought to excuse herself: Noble Emperour, my Brother you fee is flain in rescuing me from that Knight's Violence. The Knight of the Oracle kneeling down before the Emperour, faid, My Noble Grand-father, I flew him in my own Defence : neither did I know what he was, being my felf trained hither, to my Death; more he would have faid, but the Soldiers having entred the Pavillian, refled not till they had gotten to him; and he to fatisfie them, and avoid further Milchief. departed with them to the City. Then-did the Emperour and Perficles comfort the King of Macedonis : but he being vexed with his Son's Death, and his Daughter's Difgrace, and orged by his other two Sons, that stood by, he said, Emperour of Persis, I am much wronged and abused by thee and thy Progeny, by whose Falshood I see my Children lie dead before my Face, how should I then be contented? I swear by Heaven and Earth, I will severely revenge this Villany.

King of Macdonia, (faid Perficles, I defie thee for accusing me mine of any Difference; and then shalt see and find, this Ac-ferior is saile; why else are thy Sons here disguised with my

Enemy? by whose Plot this Mischief was int Son, though it lighted upon themselves.

CHAP XXXVI

Of the Grief Philotheta endered for this Misfortune : how the was taken and carried to the Armedian Host; of Ratea's Misfortune, and the

P Hilotheta seeing how unfortunately all things fell out, withdrew herfelf out of fight, and in bitter Exclaims lamented her hard Fortune, but most of all, that she was the Cause of Montelon's coming thither, which had so nearly endangered his Life: therefore she shrouded herself till it was Night, which being come, the traveled further into the Country, and changing a Jewel, she altered her old Habit into her right Form. She staid some Days in a Village of the country of the country of the country of the country of the country. lage not far from the City of Pilos, in the Honle of an ancient Lady, named Rales, to whom the related her Mistortunes procured by Amphiador, but concealed her Love to Montelion, fearing to com-Amphiador, but contealed her Love to Monesion, learing to commit that to her Secrefie. Rakes being a Woman of great Wisdom, used Philosheta very kindly, promiting in Words, and her Deeds shewing it, that if she would stay with her, she would as dearly tender her as her own Daughter, whom she caused to keep her company. Rejoycing much at this good Fortune, being alone,

Prazentia, thee only may I accole for this Musery; for whom It undertook a Task which my Heart even then abhorred, and now repent, not fo much intending to produce thee that thou defireds, as to satisfie my own disquiet Senses, by the same means having drawn the Loyal Knight into Danger of his Life, whose Blood thou didst seek to spill, else wouldst thou not so dishonourably and fally have accorded him. The Consideration of which Strategems drew spile speak of the same seek that the could not from their have accused him. The Consideration of which Strategems drew fuch a flood of Tears from her Eyes, that the could not frop their Passage; which Ralea espying, demanded the Cause thereof; but feeing Philosbera made no Reply, the said, Philosbeta, I pity your Estate, and would gladly know the Gause, that I might endeavour to comfort you. Philosbera trusted to her Verme, disclosed to her the Love she bare to Montelon, and all that passed between the Praxentia, as is before rehearted. Ralea thereby noting her Beauty, would quiet herself some sew Days; the would use at means possible for to comfort her.

Montelon living recovered his wound, gathered together a mighty Hoft, and brought them to the City of Pilos, where were atlembled the choicest Soldiers, Noblemen, Knights and Gentlemen of Persia to fight in their Emperour's behalf, who intrenched themselves without the City. The Kings of Macedonia and Armenia likewise had gathered together so mighty an Army as might have been thought able to make a Conquest of the World, who pitched their Tents about the City in Armenia, where their Kings lay Montilion's Heart was fixed with Defire to drive back thole Focs, not staying to give them leave to make the first Challenge: But humbling himself upon his Knees before the Emperour, and his Father, uttered these Speeches: Most mighty Emperour, and my noble Father, I have already, I hope statisfied you of my Innocency, being train'd thither to my intended Death by Praxentia and her Brethren; but for that my Honour is blemished by that infamous Accusation, the common People rest unsatisfied, and my Wrongs unrevenged I humbly crave your License that I may send Defiance to my false Accorders, and by Challenge acquit my felf: which I am confirmined thus halfily to defire, for that my Heart will abide extream Torments until it be finisht. The Emperour rejoycing at his Forwardness, and seeing Perficles willing to have it so, gave his Consent. Which done, Monetion left them, and arming himself in white Armour, which he had caused to be made of purpose, that no Man should know him, rode into the Field between both Camps, and by an Herald sent this Defiance into the Armenians Camp: King of Armenia, There is a Knight whom you behold in the Field, that hath fent Dehance to all the Knights in this Army, especially to thy Son, whom he acculeth to be a dishonourable Knight, and not worthy the Name of a Prince, that he treacherously betrayed Monrelon's Life , and he offers by Combat to prove against all Knights, that Montelion is a Knight both Honourable and Vertaous; and that Praximia's Accuration is untime. The Mellage was no looser delivered, but thoulands of Knights made fuit to Combat him; but Palian to whom it principally belonged to defend his bat him; but Pallan to whom it principally belonged to defend his own Honour defired his Father's Confent he obtained it; and arming himfelt, being gallantly mounted, rode into the field to him.

Morelim being defirens of Revenge, and his Heart inwardly tormented with Grief, met limbar with a furious Encounter, he answering him with the like, breaking their Lances with great Confinels; they drawing their Swords, they began their Combat, which was limited defined, for within few blows Montelion's Sword broke, for that

that he was conftrain'd to close with Palien, wringing his Sword from him with such force, that the Pummet thereof struck him for eithert a blow on the Field, that he bruffed it, and overthree him, every one thinking he had been dead: which done, Menjus, eldelt Son to the King of Macedonia being ready armed, greeted Monte-tion with these Words: Knight, thou hast undertaken a tedious Task to combat all the Knights in this Camp; yet I hope then hever do that, for my felf will abate thy Courage. If these were as many more (quoth Montelion) I fear not all: if they comeft to combat with me, hold thy Tongue, and bestir thy Hands, for I will have a Bont with thee. With that they gave each other many ornel Blows, and received some Wounds, till Morrelius again overcharged his Sword with nameasurable Strength, broke the same; which so vexed him, that he rushed upon Min-fur to have closed, but he knowing his intent, avoided him; and before he could turn about, gave him so violent a Blow, that it before be could turn about, gave him to violent a fllow, that it piemed his Armour, Momelion having the Hill of his broken Sword fill in his Hand, flung the fame with fuch Violence, that lighting on Menfin's Horfe Head, flruck him down, he having much ado to get from him without harm. Whill Menfin was mounting him-felf on a fresh Steed, Montelion's Esquire brought him the Sword which was given him by the Hefterian Nymphs, which when he grasped, he faid, Had I armed my felf with thee, my Foes had telt forme Smart, and my felf less Difgrace, meeting again with fight that the many less their Armon, and the Blood guiltfuch Bory, that they mangled their Armour, and the Blood gulhed forth in many places. But the Knight of the Grade charged his Adverfary fofull, that in a flort space he got advantage, wounding Menfiu to fore, that had he not been rescued, he had either dyed, or been forced to yield; so that Mantelon returned with Victory, to the great Joy of the Affyrians, but especially to the Emperour and his Father,

Anira that Day left her House according to her Promise to Philo-

Aska that Day left her House according to her Promise to Philothese, to try whither Montelson did affect her or no a coming to the
Court at such time as Montelson was newly arrived, and had his few
Wounds dreft, a Mossenger gave him knowledge of her coming.
Being come to him, and all avoided the Chamber, he faid: Noble Prince, ham come to tell you, that not many Days save, there
happened to come a Lady to my House in the Disguise of a Palmer, desiring that I would for certain Days entertain her till the
Wars were ended, for that the had a mellage to deliver auto you
from a Lady in Arabia, named Philosope, whice he thought good

to conceal a time, till you had better feifure to hear it, and to perform that the requested: Notwithstanding, because I honour you above all Men, and would firew my Duty to you in any respect. I have adventured to give you Notice hereof without her

knowledge.

The Knight of the Oracle was to ravished with Joy, to hear Phiforless named, much more that the should fend to him, and most of all what the Mellage should be, and how she could tell where he was, or how she should remember him who had never but once feen him, that he fat in a deep and ident Meditation; but before he could make Answer, a Servant of Rales come into the Room in great hafte, uttering these Speeches: Madam, lince you departed, much Sorrow hath befallen us; for certain Companies of the Armenian Holt have ransacked your Hoose, stolen your Cattel, carried away the Lady, and consumed all your Goods with Fire. Rales with Grief then said: My Noble Lord, (said she) that Lady is the most beautiful Philospeta, that hath long honoured you with a conftant Love, it was the that in the Difguise of a Palmer came as a Mellenger to you from Praxemia, who was guilty of that intended Practice, her Modelly witholding her to atter what the was and undertaking that for Praxentia to make Tryal of your Vertue, and which way your Affections were bent : Redeem hermy Lord, if it be possible, for she is the most vertious Lady living. These Words ended, she dved, which were sufficient to fet Montelion's Heart on fire, being ready to arm himfelf; but Relea's Servant leeing it, told him is was too late to purfee them. for by that time they were in the Hoft.

#### CHAP. XXXVII.

How the King of Armenia fent Philotheta's Pitture to Delfolno. Emperour of Almaign, who promifed to aid him against his Foes; of the divers Combats be maintain'd in defence of her Beauty.

Thilosheta being now in the Armenian Host, by reason of her exceeding Beauty, was presently carried to the Tent of the King of Macedonia, who no sooner saw her, but he presently thought hera Gift ht for the greatest Potentate in the World, and withal, searing his Forces were too weak for the pullant Army of licir Foes, consulted with the King of Armenia about it, and at last concluded to send Ambassadors into Aimsign to Delfarmo, who even these searly succeeded in Father in the Empire, being a Prince.

Prince of great Valour, which was committed to two Noblemen, the one of Armenia, the other of Marcionia, the Contents where of was to entreat his Aid; and withat to proffer him that Lady, whose Picture they had with them, being drawn by an exceeding cunning Workman. The Embassiadors departed, and being arrived, were to be admitted to the Emperour's Presence; and handless these Chief. hambling themselves, one of them delivered the Message in these Words

Repowned Emperour, the Kings of Armenia and Macedonia fend friendly greeting to your Highness, desiring your Aid against the King of Affre, and the Emperour of Persia, who are joyned together with oppression and unjust War to offer them injury, the Son of Persicles having in a most dishonourable fort deslowered Praxentia, and sain Them her Brother in her Rescue; and our Lords having nothing of more value than a most beautiful and ver-tuous Lady, who exceeds all the Ladies that ever Eye beheld, do present her to you, whose counterfeit imperfectly drawn, we here present to your Highness, desiring your assistance to the aid of Vertue, and suppression of Wrong, which agrees with your Mag-

Delfurno hearing these Speeches, and viewing the Picture well, for a while stood mute; at last he made them this Answer: I know not apon what ground I should War against Affria, and Perfor that never did me wrong; yet I would willingly affift your Lords, not drawn thereunto by this Present, that I esteem not, but the love I bear them, and to punish such distinguing as their Foe hath done; therefore return your Lords this Answer: That within three Months I will be in dements, and bring with me such a Power as shall vanquish their Enemies, and put them in peaceable Possessing of their Rights. After the Embassadors were homographic activities. nourably entertained, and sumptuously feasted, they departed with this joyful News, which added both comfort and resolution to the Armenian store.

The Emperour being alone, commanded the Picture to be brought into his Chamber, which he viewed and re-viewed, be-holding the lame with facts a furfeiting Eye, that he began to affect the ablent Lady by having her prefent Picture, and calling before him the antientest Captains and Commanders that were employed in his Father's Wars he commanded them to make upon Arm of Forty thousand ftrong with all speed to conduct them in

coming, nor expeding other command from him, for he would be there before them. This done, he caused a most costly Ar-mour to be wrought of exceeding strength, wherewith he armed himself, causing his Esquire that attended on him, to cover the Picture with a rich Veil. He departed unknown of any, with this Intent, by Combat to make all he met confess, that this Lady's Beauty surpassed all others, until he came into Armenia, where he determined to challenge all Knights whatfoever in her behalf: where being unknown, and carrying the Picture covered, he arrived, fending his Efource with this Message to the General: Noble General, My Master being a Knight of a strange Country, having travelled many Miles in search of Adventures, happing to arrive near the Hoft, being neither Friend nor Foe to this Country: defired that with your Favour he may make Tryal of his Valour against the Knights of this Camp, which he will undertake in defence of this Lady's Beauty, Vertue and Worthiness, whom he will maintain against all comers, to exceed all others. The Mes-senger received this Answer: Tell thy Master he is welcome, and shall have our free consent to what he requires ; but let him take this friendly warning from me, that he beware what he undertake, least the Valour of these Knights turn him to repentance.

The Esquire having this Answer, returned to his Master, who presently hung the Picture upon the body of a fair spreading Oak, himself standing thereby as Guardian, and ready to Combat him

that came next.

The Knights of Armenia and Macedonia hearing of this strange Knight's brave challenge, prepared to Just with him: the first was a young Knight of Armenia, named Tellurus, who leved Briss, Daughter to the Duke of Linsus, but at the second encounter was overthrown: the next that Justed was Armon of Macedonia, who maintained three courses against him with great against him, but he fourth he was unhorsed. Divers others Justed against him, but he won the Prize from them all.

#### CHAP XXXVIII

How the Knight of the Gracle leaving his Parents in difquife, was enrectained by the King of Armenia.

Monetion having heated of the Damfels caveying away from Rate's Haufe by the Fnemy Jattle thinking it had been Philothea, Studied

fludied how to redeam her; first he thought in attempt it by force of War, but that course seemed too tedious; then he bethought himself of some speedier means, for that long delay would pinch his Heart. When he had long studied, and could yet resolve on nothing, he mounted his Horfe, and in an Armour unknown girding the good Sword he loved fo well to his fide, he rode forth at a Poftern Gate, so fecretly as he could, not as yet resolved what to do, riding towards the Armenian Hoft, but a contrary way as if he had not come from the Asiyrian Camp. Being come to the Watch, they apprehended him, and he yielded, defiring to be carried to the General; where being come, the General demanded of whence he was, I am (quoth he) of Arabia, having travelled many Years in Strange Adventures. What is your Name? (faid the General) Sir (quoth he) My Name is Honorius Will you (faid the General) ferve me against my Foe the Assyrian ? [ will (faid he) if your Quarrel be just, ferve you faithfully, and spend my Life to punish disloyalty. Then the General repeated the History between him and Perficles, thewing the claim he had to the Affyrian Crown, and amongst many other falshoods according Montelion of Praxentia's Rape, and Thetm's Death. This vexed Montelion exceedingly, hoping to work sufficient revenge for all: using such Behaviour and Speech, as was fit at such a time, so that he was well entertained of the General, and grant-ed such priviledges as the rest of the Knights had, being neither known nor once suspected to be the Man he was,

# CHAP. XXXIX. How Delfurno arrived as the Armenian Host.

The next Day the Almaign Porces arrived in Armenia, and the King affiring himself that Designed would not be long behind them, cansed Philosbera to be adorned with most costly and rich Robes, to be well attended by a gallant Train of fair Damfels, which he did to please and delight him with her Beauty, Philosbera supposed his doing her so much horror, had been, that either he pretended Love to her himself, or else did it in the behalf of Palian, which besides the abundant Cares that possess their her Heart, bred a fresh Disquiet in her, resolving not to love any but Advantion. The same Day also Delignon seeing no more would combat with him, came to the Caret, discovering shales to the Rings of Massdonia and Armenia, yet he defined them not to con-

ceal the fame, who with great Honour and Courtefie entertained him, and the more to please him, conducted him to the Palace, where the two Queens of Macedonia and Armenia were, accompanied by the Princels Praxentia, but all in Mourning except Philothera, who dazled the Beholders Eves. When Delfurno beheld her, at the first view his Heart was attainted with loving Admiration, even then vowing his Heart her Thrall, fuddenly becoming fo fervile a Subject of Love, that his Heart, Hands, Eyes, and every Member were devoted to her Service. After fhort Salutations to all the rest, forgetting longer to conceal himself, he came to Philotheta, faluting her with these Speeches: Lady, Blame me not for undertaking to be the Champion of your Beauty: I am the Man that have these many days held Combat against all Knights in your behalf, not having discovered to any your Name, fearing to offend you the Original of my Attempt being the earnest Zeal and Love I bear you. Sir, reply'd the, your Labour was greater than your Reward and more than you have needed to have undertaken. and it little pleaseth me; therefore I pray leave off to do fo, and then I shall think my self more beholding to you: the Subject not answering the Expediation.

Delfurno was nipt with this Reply, but fo much ravished to hear her heavenly Voice, that he was to feek a reply, standing so long in a deep study, that she returned from him, and he started as ashamed of that Over-fight: and coming to the Kings of Macedonia and Armenia, he faid: This Lady's beauty furpasseth all that ever I beheld; I pray tell me of whence the is? Her Name is Philothers (quoth they) the Daughter of a Duke in Arabia, whom if it please your Highness to accept of, she, I know, will yield to any Request. I like her well indeed, (quoth Delfurno) and do me that favour I may enjoy her, and I will bind my felf your everlasting Friend. Many other Speeches past betwixt them, both of them promising to effeet his defire with speed, especially the King of Armenia, who prefently left him, and finding her out, he uttered their Speeches: Fair Lady, such Happiness may befal you at this instant, which if you now refuse, and live many thousand years after, you will never light on the like again; for the mightiest Emperour in the World feeketh your Love with honourable Resolution to make you his Wife, and Crown you with the Title of Empress; this Knight that even now offered his Service to you, is the Emperor of Almaign, named Delfarno; who hearing of your Beauty, came aurposely into this Country to behold you, and do you Service.

Philosbets hearing so old a Man become so earnest a Solicitor, being neither pleased with his Company nor Counsel, gave him this Answer: Your proffers are as great as liberal, yet neither pleasing nor acceptable to me; for I live here by contraint, nor by confent, whereby my mind cannot be at quiet till I am released from hence, desiring to live in another place.

How the Knight of the Oracle knew Philotheta, and how the was by the King of Armenia committed to his Charge.

LI this while he stayed below among the other Knights in the Hall, till Philotheta came to go into the Garden with a gallant Train of Damiels attending on her, Montelion noting her well, suddenly remembring he had feen her, felt such a Paffion onpress his Heart, that it seemed to melt within him : when she was past, he demanded what Lady that was? Her Name, faid one, is Philotheta, Daughter to a Duke in Arabia, being lately furprized in Affria, and brought hither with intent to be married to Delfurno. The Knight of the Oracle hearing this, shrowded himself in a folitary place, where he attered these Meditations: Can it be that Philothera was in Affyria in her own Person, and in another's Name to bring a Mellage to me? that I need not doubt of for Ralea's Speeches confirmed it: but may it not be, that the fent some other? that cannot be, for Ralea told me, the came in the diffuife of a Palmer, which Palmer was even the very fame that trained me to Praxentia's Presence, whom I now remember had the very same Countenance of Philotheta, which made me to affect him so much. These remembrances may be affurances that she rather hateth than loveth me, othewife I cannot be perswaded, and then the Task I have undertaken will be over-tedious, for it will be in vain to feek her love that regards me not : befides, did fhe love me, yet having thrust my felf amongst such a company of my Enemies, that if they knew me would foon end my Life, it is impossible for me to make my Love known to her, or so much as to speak to her; I see there is no Hope for me, but to despair, or return to my Parents, and feek to win her by force.

Continuing in these Meditations, he espeed the King of Armenia coming towards him, to whom he used great Reverence. The King suddenly seeing him, soon remembred that he told him he was an Arabian; which made him say thus unto him. Well met.

think thou toldit me thou wert of Arabia, and therefore it cometh in my Mind that thou art the only Man that mavelt pleasure me, if thou wilt undertake a Matter of small Labour. but great importance: if thou wilt undertake it, and with fecrefie conceal it thy Reward fall be as much as thy Heart can with, My Lord, faid he, whatfoever it be, I will undertake it, and do my utmost endeavour therein, with such secretie and diligence as you shall like of. I both trust and believe thee, (faid he) for in thy Face I fee the Sparks of Honour; therefore thus it is: There is in my Court a Lady of thy Country, named Philotheta, whom I thought to have matched to Delfurno, but now my Mind is changed, and I purpose to enjoy her my felf: and because thou art her Country man, I think thoe mayelt prevail with her more than any other, therefore I have chosen thee as my Friend, yea, my dear Friend, to folicite my Suit to her; but it must not be known. but that thou speakest for the Emperour, for to I will tell him : this is that I would have you perform: Tell me, art thou resolved to do it? Were the Task (faid he) far greater, I would undertake it, but in this I think my felf much bonoured by your Majesty, hoping to prevail fo, that you shall attain your Desire. Then come along with me (quoth he) and fo bringing him to her Lodging, he uttereth these Speeches :

Lady, Because you are a Stranger, and unacquainted with the Armenian Gnise, I have brought you this Knight, not to be your Guardian, (for I make you no Prisoner,) but to bear you company, and to defend you if any should offer you Wrong, whom I hope you will accept of. Philosbera liked his Prosser well, hoping that he would prove a Means for her Escape, and accepted the

fame with hearty Thanks.

#### CHAP. XLI.

Of the first Conference between Philotheta and the Knight of the Oracle.

When the Knight of the Oracle had the Lady in cultody that he loved to dearly, he thought himself most happy, and doing her humble reverence, the demanded his Name; My Name (quoth he) is Hotorius. Then she asked him whose Son he was, for which he had no ready Answer, but stood silent, not caring to be taken in a Lye. She seeing that, said, I perceive I shall have but small comfort of thee, for I see thou art not of my Country.

X 2

Lady, (faid he) whatever I am, I rest only at your command. Then, quoth the, you will not please him that brought you to me, for my Mind and his are quite contrary. Suppose I did, quoth he, yet having no intent to do it, but thereby to enjoy your Presence, you have no cause to suspect me : yet you are deceived in his intent, for none but my felf knoweth it, which I will reveal to you, if you will conceal it from him, for I came hither to do you Service, and not to further him. Tell it me, faid the, and indeed I will conceal it. Thus it is, replyed he, whereas he with great earnest ness hath fued in the behalf of the Emperour, he hath now appointed me to be a more earnest Solicitor in his own behalf, for that he is deeply in Love with you, but he intendeth that Delfurno shall think I am only employed to pleasure him which he imparting to me, I willingly undertook, not to do it, but to do you all the humble Service and Duty that lyes in a Man to do. being neither of this Court, nor of Arabia, but a Knight of Affyria, that vowed never to leave fearching till I found you out, the occasion whereof was this:

It chanced one day to be my Fortune, that as I was walking in a Grove adjacent to the Palace-garden, I heard a Knight whom afterwards I well knew, making such lamentation for your absence, that nothing but News of your safety could ease his Heart: whereupon I disclosed my self-unto him, and for the love I have him, wowed to travel in your search; first arriving in this Court, where, to my exceeding Joy, I have found you, with all humility proffering you my service, being ready to undertake any peril to do you service.

I know not how to trust thee (said she) considering that thou regardest not to break thy Word with the King of Armenia, therefore I fear thou wilt do the like to me, yet if fair words deceive me, I shall be deceived in time: I would trust thee, but I dare not, and blame me not; for having found Untruth in many, I know not how to trust thee: my Fortune was ever yet adverse, and therefore I am without hope of better, then leave me for this time, and if you can find in your heart to be true help to me, I may hereafter be better advised to employ you. These words being ended, he departed.

(44) An as, b. shoul thank, not cring the seinstant, but, I perceive I hall have not let les don't not of my Country.

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#### CHAP. XLIL.

Of the Sorrow that was made in the Affyrian Camp for the Knight of the Oracle's Absence.

Let us now return to speak of Perficles, who missing his Son, went to seek him at his Chamber, and from thence, from place to place, till at last he heard by a Servant, there was a Knight departed that day at the Postern-gate, armed at every point. Perficles hearing that, returned to the Emperour, and certified him and Constantia of his departure, both of them being struck with exceeding Grief. News was likewise brought, the Emperour of Almaign was arrived with forty thousand Soldiers, to Aid the Kings of Macedonia and Armenia.

The Emperour of Persia, and Persials hearing this assembled all the Nobility together, to determine what to do: at last they all concluded with a general Confest, within two Days to bid them Battle; but the Soldiers hearing of the Knight of the Oracle's Absence, seemed like Men that had lost their former Courage.

#### CHAP. XLIII.

Of the secret Practices of the Kings of Macedonia and Armenia to deceive each other of Philotheta's Love, which they reveded to Honorius, Knight of the Oracle.

Montelion being also no less sad to have lest his Parents so careless, than they were for his Absence, spending the Night in
solitary Meditations, he arose early on purpose to reveal himself,
and his Love to Philotheta, whatsoever ensued thereon, yet fearing
to disquiet her, he walked down the Garden, where he had not stayed long, but he was saluted by Delfurno, who came purposely to
know if he had mentioned his Suit to Philotheta, who answered him,
that he had much Conference with her last Night about it, and that
she had deferred him for that Day's Answer. Thereupon he promised him a great Reward for his Fidelity, and so departed.

He was no fooner gone, but the King of Macedonia came to him, whose Heart was grounded upon a new Subject, which Montelion thought not of, for he determined that none should enjoy Philosheta, but himself, and therefore came to make Tryal whether his supposed Montelia would condessend to be ruled by him, which if he would do he hould secretly convey Philosheta into Macedonia; to

this effect he communed with Honorius, first binding him to be fecret, and then by Gifts enticing him; and lastly, using intreaty till he had uttered the depth of his Mind, which he promising to effect, used such words as pleased the King, wherewith he went away.

Whilst Montelion and the King of Macedonia were in this Conference, the King of Armenia entred the Garden, but seeing them in discourse together, withdrew handelf till he departed, and then

came in, demanding what good News he had for him.

My Lord, (quoth he) the last motion you made to her about her marriage to Delfurno, hath hindred your own, for I had much ado to perswade her, that you had any intent to love her, that were so earnest for another: yet nevertheless I hope soon to alter her, and bring her to a better liking of your Affection. The Emperour hath been with me already earaestly soliciting me to prosecute his Suit with efficacy. Likewise the King of Macedonia hath with marry Promises desired me to use what Perswasions I could in the Emperour's behalf: But being so honourably esteemed of by your Majesty, I will try the uttermost of my Skill to pleasure you. I thank thee, good Honorius, (quoth he) and I will for thy Kindness, yield thee as large a Recompence, as thy Heart can wish; which said, he departed.

What an Office have I undertaken, (faid Montelion) to fue for others, and dare not speak for my felf? and yet contrary to my liking am forced to it, only to rid my felf from Grief. Yet because time affordeth me not opportunity to work my own ends,

I'll try whether she will pity me or not.

#### C H A P. XLIV.

How the Knight of the Oracle discovered himself to Philotheta, and how by a Statagem he conveyed her thence in safety, and what rejoycing there was thereupon.

Armenia, went to Philothera's Lodging, whom he found very fad, but effying him come towards her, turned from him refusing to hear him speak (supposing his Speeches would have tended to perswade her to what he had the day before mentioned.) He seeing her Unwillingness to hear him, imagined the cause, but yet emboldening himself, he said: Vertuous Lady, Pardon my boldness, and withat vouchfase to hear me, who shall not offend you for I have yowed not to utter a syllable contrary to your liking. You will then (quoth she) prove persured: I know you Mention

well enough before you after it, and that it will displease me. No. dear Lady (faid he) I come not now to ask pity for another, but for my felf, that fometimes have been better known of you: I am the most unfortunate Montelion, that hath adventured thus far amongst my Foes to seek you out, my Heart having honoured you ever fince the first fight of you in the Hermet's Cell in Arabia, and now I defire you to pity me, for without your Favour I am not my felf, and in your Favour, I shall account my felf most fortunate. Philothera noting him well, perfectly remembred that it was he, which revived her Heart with great lov, faving, Noble Knight, I account my felf most happy, in that you have me in your Custody, for your vertuous Mind I know will shelter me from Dishonour : should I not yield you thanks for deeming so well of me that am not worthy, you might condemn me of rudeness, therefore I most humbly thank you, and delire you to pity my Estate, that is now racked upon the wheel of Despair. Dear Lady (said he) I am willing to do you any Service, defiring nothing more than to employ my felf to your Good, for my Life is yours, and all that I have shall lie proftrate at your feet, defiring to convey you hence into Affyria, where your Parents live in fafety, but forrowful for your absence,

Sir, replyed the, your vertuous Kindness hath deserved more at my hands than I can yield thanks for, then how shall I behave my felf to do the thing you defire which is already fixed in my Heart? I will rest so far to be directed by you, as that my Mind shall be agreeable to any request you shall make. Then, dear Lady, faid he. I will before to morrow this time fee you fafe in my Father's Court, for much Milchief is intended by the Kings of Macedonia and Armenia, both of them have been with me this day, and hired me to. motion their loves to you both of them feeking to enjoy you, but fo as the other fhould not know thereof, each striving to prevent the other, and both of them the Emperour, which they have revealed unto me; but may I have your License, I will deliver you from their Custody. I most humbly delire you to do it (quoth she) referring my felf to your good Directions, and committing all to your Wisdom's election : this said, the Knight of the Oracle inboldening himself gave and received so sweet a Kifs which seemed to enterchange each others Souls : he leaving her, to find out the King of Armenia, and the into her private Chamber.

Moniellon having found out the King of Armenia, told him how that the King of Macedonia went to convey Philothera from thence, relating all the Conference that had palled between them: Nay,

faid he, the Emperour was with me this day, promising me great Rewards if I would do the like for him: Now my Lord, my Love and Duty to you, bindeth me only to do you Service, and therefore I have yowed that my best endeavours shall be imployed on-

ly unto your good liking.

The King hearing how they went both about to deceive him raged exceedingly, but trusting to his Fidelity he was quieted, asking him what he would do to prevent them both. My Lord (quoth he) this Evening you may effect your Desire or never; at which time give me but Directions whither I may convey her to a place of Security, or where we may meet you, and I will adventure my Life, but I will do it; but you must deliver your Signet unto me, for our quiet Passage out of the City-gate: and then I will meet you where you shall appoint us. That shall be (said the King) at Fryer Bernard's Cell without the City, if you know it, and there is my Signet. Thither will I convey her (quoth he) as twelve a clock. Farewel, replyed the King, be faithful, and thou shalt find my Friendship such, as shall highly reward thee for thy Pains.

Montelion having effected this, presently went to the King of Macedonia, telling him that the Emperour's importunity was such, that it was high time to convey Philotheta from thence, whom he found willing to yield thereto: He hearing that, desired his Counfel, promising to reward him well, telling him that if he would do it for him, both he and his Kingdom should be at his command. Then (quoth Montelion) deliver me your Signet for my Pass, and appoint the time and place, and I will bring her thither. There is my Signet (quoth he) and bring her to Fryar Bernard's Cell at

one of the Clock.

Montelion then with all speed went to the Emperour, telling him that Philosbera did greatly affect him, and had sent him to make an humble Request unto him, which was, that she might be conveyed in fecresie from the Armenian Camp, for that many Dangers did environ her in that Place, and that of such importance as did concern his Life, whereon her Safety depended, which because they were of weight, she would reveal to none but himself, desiring him not to come to her, for it would endanger his Person.

to come to her, for it would endanger his Perfon.

Delfarm hearing this was much troubled in his Mind, yet being wery glad to hear that the fo much efteemed him, faid, Figurius, I would as willingly effect any thing to content her, as I would to fave my own Life, yet I do not know how, unless by thy Direction, therefore do but counsel me, and I will yield to that which

War-

thou halt advite me. My Lord, (faid he) the fafest way is, this night to convey her fecretly through the Gate where your Soldiers live, and I will bring her to Fryar Bernard's Cell about eleven a Clock, where you may be ready to receiveher, and with a strong Guard convey her into Almaign, or any Place of fecunty: Moreover, my Lord, she willed me to assure you, that both the Kings of Armenia and Maredonia, having disloyally forgetten their Promise to you, seek to win her Love to themselves, which Dishonour she cannot endure. Delfurno was much grieved to hear that, yet hoping to prevent them both, quieted himself, delivering his Signet unto him, with many thanks and much entreaty, desiring him to be careful, and that nothing might prevent his purpose.

Montelion being glad of this, thought not to end yet, but prefently went to the Queen of Macedonia, telling her the King's
Plot, to convey Philosbeta from thence, shewing her his Signet,
which when she beheld, exceeding grief possess her Heart, to think
of his Disloyalty. But, seeing her Sorrow, he said, Altho' he
hath attempted this, I know the Lady's Vertues to be such, as she
will sooner suffer the extreamest Miseries in the World, than yield
thereto; and for my self, tho' he hath promised me great Rewards,
I respect more my Honour, than to be Agent in so wicked an Act:
Therefore to assure you that I intend it not, I yield you his Signet,
whereby I should have passed the Camp, to meet at Bernard's Cell.
I thank thee, gentle Knight, quoth she, and for this Deed command any thing, and thou shalt have it: My self will meet him,
and by that means I hope to make him give over his Attempt.

The Knight of the Oracle being gone from her, went to the Armenian Queen, telling her the like, and indeed the truth of her Lord, both giving her his Signat and Directions how the should meet him, leaving her so mad with Rage and Jealousie, that she was ready to tear her Hair, yea, even with bitter Exclamations to reveal her Mind, but that she referred it until she might surprize him with a guilty Conscience at the Cell.

By this time it grew to be night; and after Supper was ended, Delfarno, the King of Armenia, and the King of Macedonia, making more than wonted haft to break Company, each being glad that the other was so willing to part, which the two Queens noted, being privy to their Drifts.

Then Moneton went to Philotheta, telling her that he had fo prevailed with the Emperor, that he had gotten his Signet as their

Warrant to pais through the Camp, deliring her to be in diness to go with him, increating her to fear no Danger, for his Life should shield her: whereupon she defired him to stay with her till the time appointed, which he did, passing away the same in

private Conference.

The time being come, and all things filent, Montelion armed himself, leading Philotheta out of the Court, passing all the Guards, Watches and Garrisons, by shewing the Emperor's Signet, and coming where the Soldiers lay, they likewife let him go: he having without Danger effected this, turned his Steps towards his own City, where being come to the Gates, the Watch demanded who they were; and he bad them come down and fee : but upon examination discovering himself, he commanded them to carsy him as Prisoner to Delaurs, where being come, he unveiled Phibibeta, and Affals presently knew her, and with tears of joy embrared her, whilst the old Duke melted with Passion to behold his Child, who, from her Infancy, he had not feen, embracing her in his Arms.

Thele joyful Expressions being over-past, the Knight of the Orathe faid : Lady, fince we are now in fafety with your Parents, my Promile is performed, deficing you to have regard to the Pallions I endure, which time will not now permit me to utter, but I leave it to your courteous Confideration, therefore I befeech you in my Absence let my Loyalty be regarded, and your gentle Heart willing to pity me: which faid, with a fecond Kils, he left her, to

Submit himself to his Parents.

## CHAP XLV.

Of the Discord that fell between the Emperous of Almaign, the King of Macedonia, and the King of Armenia, about Philotheta's Deparof the Armenian Hoff.

Delfurno the Emperour chaling to thim fome trulty Knights that he meant should convey Philosbeta into Almaign, secretly went to the Fryer's Cell, where he secretly shrowded himself under a Tust of Cyprestrees, staying the coming of Philosbeta, but it was an Hour before any came, and the first was the Queen of Masedonia, who, attended by one of her Gentlemen, came towards Bernard's Cell; which he beholding, Repr to her, faying dear Philothera, I am forry that

Pains at this unfeafonable Hour to be abroad, for which I yield you all the Thanks a confrant Heart can wish. She hearing that, thinking it had been her Lord, returned him the same; and purpoints to try the utmost before the revealed herself, said, Had I not need afforce of your Love, I would not have come hither; but being here, I rest at your disposition. Delfarmo then embraced her, oftentimes killing her Hand; and being of a quick Conceit, presently bethought himself, if she would condescend, to call up the Fryar and be married: Lady, (said he) since you have youthafed to grant me Love, yield me Possession, and let us be matried.

My Lord, (replyed the) I am content. Then Dellamo called up Father Bernard, who arising, the Emperour took him aside, and told him what he was; who hearing that, presently joyned their Hands. Delfamo then purposed not to convey her thence, but returned to the Camp: as soon as he was gone, the King of Macedonia came to the Cell, and presently after, the Queen of

Armenia, according to Montelion's Directions.

The King taking her for Philothers, at the first meeting, embraced her with a sweet Congee; uttering many loving Speeches, which she answered as kindly, and he desired present Possession on of her Love; but she denyed, telling him that his Queen would

foon feek her Death when the knew it.

Fear not that (quoth he) for e're long I mean to make her fure enough for ever troubling you; therefore deny me not, but grant me thy Love. I will not (faid the) without some farther Assume, for my Mind presageth some ill. Here is a Fryar (quoth he) not far off, will you condescend that he shall marry us? She agreeing, he called up the Fryar the second time, who marvelling thereat, demanded the Cause of his coming. My Friend, (quoth he) I would be marry'd to this Lady, therefore I pray thee do it with all speed. The Fryar thinking that some mad Spirits were abroad, or that some frantick Dream had overcame his Senses, without asking any more Questions, married them, and sent them away. The King of Macedonia carried her to his Tent in the Field, for he durst not go to the Palace, for sear of his Wise, where he stayed with her all Night.

Now the King of Armenia all this while was studying what eloqueue Speeches he should use to set forth his Love, resting himtermon a Bank hard by the Cell. Staying their coming an Hour; and when three Hours were come and past, be began to be impatient.

tient, fearing he should be disappointed : but when he saw they came not, he thought with himfelf that he had miffaken the time, and being much troubled in Mind, knocked at the Fryar's Cell. who started from his Bed as one affrighted, wondring what Accident had driven fo many thither that Night; and coming to the Door, the King of Armenia demanded if there had not been a Lady there that Night. Yes, (quoth he) here hath been two. but what fley were I know not : I think one Couple was Philothera and Delfurno, that I married; but what the other two were; I know not: He hearing that, in a mad Rage went to the King of Macedonia's Tent, desiring to speak with him; the Guard knowing him, let him in ; and he coming to the Bed-fide, faid : Brother of Macedon, the Lady that we intended to marry to Delfurno, is this night fled, so that we shall lose his Friendship for ever. The King of Macedonia heating him, lay like one bereft of Sense, not knowing what to say; and the Queen hearing her Husband there, whom the thought lay by her, trembled with Fear.

The King of Macedonia Seeing no Remedy, but that his Deed of necessity must be discovered, faid : King of Armenia, it is so; I have Philotheta in my Custody, and her I will enjoy, for she lies folded in my Arms. By Jupiter (quoth the King of Armenia) thy Life shall not fatisfie the Dishonour thou hast done us : with that he drew his Sword, and the King of Macedonia leaped out of the Bed to reach his to defend himfelf, in which time the King of Armenia catching hold on her as the lay, drew her forth upon the Floor, and beholding her well, he was so much enraged, that he was ready to kill her, but the King of Macedonia prevented him. whom when he beheld, he stood like one Metamorphosed, whilst the halted to apparel herfelf, and ran from thence unto the Pa-The King of Armenia vowing Revenge, went from the Macedonian Tent, and capfed his Drums to beat up Alarms, commanding his Soldiers to destroy the Macedonians, who according to Order inddenly let upon them, fo that there began a great Slaughter among them.

The Emperour hearing this News, supposing the Cause had been for the loss of Philotheta, commanded two of his Knights to go nato either of them, and desire them to be pacified, until they had discovered their Griefs to him, which he could easily remedy. The Messengers went, and found them both together in single Combat, delivering their Message unto them; but it was long before either of them would go to him; yet at less they both sent

together; to whom the Emperour faid, My Lords, I believe your Strife ariseth from the loss of Philotheta, if that be the cause, contend no more; for as you were both willing I should enjoy her,

so I have done this night.

The King of Armenia being enraged with Jealousie, drew the Curtains: and the Queen of Macedonia feeing her Honour fo betrayed was quite bereft of her Senfes; but coming to herfelf again, the cryed out for Pardon; but they were all enraged, that no time of Parley was admitted, and as well Delfurno as the reft, betook himself to Arms. But the Queen humbling herself at her Husband's feet, faid, Both you, my felf, and all of us, are deceived : Honorius told me last night, that you intended to marry Philoshera; and I requested his counsel how to prevent you: whereupon he told me that you had appointed to meet him and her at Bernard's Cell; and for his Pass he had received your Signet, which at my intreaty he delivered unto me: I thinking to prevent you, went thither, where the Emperour met me, whom I took to be your felf, and he took me to be the Lady Philosbera, I still concealing my felf, thinking I had not offended, but now I fee I am betrayed. Lady, (faid he) this Fault I pardon, having committed the fame with the Queen of Armenia.

The Emperour hearing this, sent a Messenger to see if Philoshera was in the Court, but he brought News, that neither she, nor the strange Knight were to be found. The Emperour then said, That Knight hath deceived us all, therefore let us be Friends. Content (quoth the King of Macedonia.) By Heaven (said the King of Armenia) I will not bear this Dishonour, but be revenged at full, and make thee repent that ever thou offered st such Dishonour to Armenia. The King of Macedonia could not brook his words, but in a rage made this reply: I know thou art a Tyrant, and regardest no Laws, Humane or Divine, as may be seen by the unjust Title thou layest to the Assyrian Crown, which is forged; and were it not to revenge my Danghter's Shame, and Son's Death, I would not draw a Sword against that worthy King Perseles; therefore since thou art so peremptory, do thy worst, I regarded thee not.

The King of Armenia went from thence, and fell upon the Macedonians; the King of Macedonia prefently left his Tent to defend himself, and the Emperour with all speed commanded his

Soldiers to march out of the City.

How Persieles and the Knight of the Oracle suddenly issuing out, defroyed the Armenian Host.

Montelion knowing that some Stratagem would follow his last Night's Policy, after he had submitted himself to the Emperour and his Parents, he armed himself in the Armour that was given him by the Nymphs, and mounting himself, conducted six thousand Soldiers into the City. Persicles hearing of this, sent for him to know the Canse. This night (quoth he) we shall surprize our Enemies, who are now together by the ears among themselves. Whereupon Persicles armed himself, Delorana, Pisor, Cochanes, and many other Knights of great Esteem marching thither, where they heard such cruel Alarms, that they thought the City had been utterly destroyed: being come thither, they beheld the Emperour in the Field, to whom Persicles sent an Herauld, certifying, That he was never Foe to the Almaigns, desiring therefore to know if Delsmon came against him: but he returned answer, That he was no Foe to him.

Monelion being entred the City, fet upon his Enemies with fuch fury, that many of them lost their lives; and seeing the Kings of Armenia and Macedonia together in single Combat, he stept between them, saying: Strive not to destroy one another, but defend yourselves.

They knowing him, were to amazed, as if they had been in a fudden trance, running several ways to call back their Soldiers, from destroying one another, to defend themselves, but before they could array themselevs in order, the Assyrians were so intermingled amongst them, that they were soon vanquished. Palian seeing this, perceived it was in vain to strive for Victory, and stole secretly forth of the City to the Emperour, entreating him not to leave them; but Dessey seeing that disadvantage had seized them, refused, letting him return without comfort, ready to yield to Montelian's Sword, at whom he can with such fury, that he wounded him on the thigh. Montelian seeing that, struck so forcible a blow at Palian, that he issoushed him, and withal overtook the King at the first blow, cutting assuder his wrist which had loss his Gaunt-let, and at the next, thrust his Sword quite through his Body.

Palian having recovered himlest, and looking about him benefit his Father's Tragedy, aiming his Sword applied at Montaline heart.

which he perceiving, welcomed him with fo cruel ablow, that his Armour flew in peices; and Palian's would have done the like had not his Armour been of invincible strength; but in the end he flew from him to save his life, finding himself too weak and feeble.

Perficles and Delorana all this while ranged up and down, defireying all they met, until they met the King of Maccaonia and his two Sons, accompanied with four other Knights of the fame Country, who had made much flaughter amongst their Soldiers.

Perficies run his Launce full couched at the King of Maccania, and overhow him; but his eldest Son stepping to his rescue, did wound him in the thigh: then began at unequal Fight, there hix set upon Perficies and Debrama, who continued Combat with them the space of an hour, till both sides were grievously wounded, especially they two, who were ready to faint with essential blood.

Montelion feeing his Father and Deloration in such danger, was so enraged, that he ran at one of them with such force, that he slew him, and the next he bereft of Sense, and charging another with such puissant blows, that he forced him to bid Pale to the Field: another seeing that, encountred him, but at the first charge received so fatal a blow, that he was not able to relist him. Perficies being sore wounded, yet behaved himself to valiantly that one of them lay dead at his seer, and the rest fled from Montelion. Phen began a desolation in the Host, the Armenians crying out. Fig., she was so hot, that the City channels ran with Blood, and none could pass for dead Bodies. Then began the Citizens to run on heaps, and the two Queens, with Praxenia, belook themselves to slight, but were all taken by Pilor.

Palian was taken Prifouer by Deloratio, and the King of Macedonia and his two Sons by Perficies and Moneison. The Soldiers that were fled out of the City, and hid themselves in the Fields, and so many Citizens as could escape the Sword, entreated Perfices on their knees to save their lives? who yielded upon this Condition, That they should pay to every common Soldier a hundred Crowns, and to every Leader five hundred; which they performed.

Perficies then founded a Retreat, and drew his Forces out of the City, appointing Garrifons for them. Delfurno at his return met him, and so they rode together to the City of Pisos, where they were received with great Honour and Joy; especially the Knight of the Oracle, to whom all Men attributed the Glory of that Victory.

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After the dead Bodies were buried, and manned Soldiers fent to Hospitals to be cured, and every one well gratified, within two days the Emporours of Almaign and Persia, Persicles, Debrama, Montelion, and all the Nobles there, except Prifoners, affembled to finish the Conclusion of this Controverse, for that the King of Macedonia hasted his Releasement, Being all set in a most Royal and Majestical fort, the places near to the Royal Assembly being gloriously furnished with the Beauties of shining Ladies, the Prifoners were brought before them in honourable fort; and after many. Allegation of Management Management and Assembly Services and Services many Allegations of Wrongs, they defired Montelion to appoint their Ranfoms: whereupon, with great Wisdom, and decent Behaviour, he yielded them thanks, as was feldom feen in any Knight fo young; first with great courteste embracing the King of Macodonia, reconciling him to his Queen, and the rest who had taken Offence by him; setting all free, but Palian and Praxenia, imposing this Task upon them, Palian to marry Praxenia, and she to quit him of the wrongful Accusation the laid upon him; which see quit him of the wrongful Acculation the laid upon him; which the

refeatly did, but refuled to marry Palian.

The two Emperours, and Perficts, desiring to Honour the Knight of the Oracle, stood up, requesting him to require any thing of them he desired, for above all Men they esteemed him, as he had best deserved. Montelies desiring nothing more than Philohad best deserved. Montelies desiring nothing more than Philohad best deserved, and taking her by the hand, he faid:

The Lady, Will you condesiend to what I demand, and I shall alternated the last the self-to honour shall be self-to honour shall alternated.

obtain? Sir, (faid she) I yield, above all the rest, to honour you, as one most unworthy, yet having received most. Then he leading her down with greater Royalty than ever Paris did Italia, desired to be married to her; which was applauded with so general a Confent, that all Persons rejoyced, some commending, some embracing, and every one desirous to shew their Love to him, so that the day of Marriage was appointed, and likewise performed with more Royalty, Joy and Pleasure, than can be expressed.

